**EMPOWERMENT. VALUE CREATION. PARTNERSHIP** 







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#### Vision

A leading world class company providing superior financial services to the delight of all stakeholders

#### Mission Statement

Transcending the expectations of our customers for the satisfaction of their wealth protection needs through the provision of qualitative insurance and risk management services thereby creating values for all stakeholders.

## **Guiding Principles**

To act with due care and diligence in the pursuit of excellence in an atmosphere of mutual respect and understanding.

### **Core Values**

Integrity
Responsiveness
Leadership
Knowledge
Continuous Improvement





#### Who We Are

Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc. (MUTUAL), has evolved into a conglomerate consisting of value-adding companies with interests in various sectors of the Nigerian economy through subsidiary relationships, investments, strategic alliances and partnerships. Today, MUTUAL is a leading brand in the Nigerian Insurance Industry with over 5000 staff and agents in its employment.

MUTUAL is strong, well capitalized with a team of highly trained professionals, a respectable Board and access to the International Insurance Market.

MUTUAL is the flagship of insurance in Liberia and also runs a full-fledged insurance operation in Republic of Niger, where we commenced business in January. 2014.

At MUTUAL, we pride ourselves in delivering excellent services to all our stakeholders.

### **Brief History**

MUTUAL BENEFITS ASSURANCE PLC. (RC 269837)

Incorporated as a private limited liability company on 18<sup>th</sup> April 1995

Granted Certificate of Registration as an Insurer by the National

Insurance Commission on 4<sup>th</sup> September 1995.

Commenced operation on 2<sup>nd</sup> October 1995

Became a public liability company on 24th May 2001

Listed on the Nigerian Stock Exchange on 28th May, 2002.

Transacts Life and General Insurance Businesses

Authorised Share Capital - N10,000, 000, 000

Paid-Up Share Capital N4, 000, 000, 000.



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Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc

Mutual
Benefits
Life
Assurance
Ltd.

Mutual Benefits Assurance Company, Liberia Mutual Benefits Group

Mutual
Benefits
Homes &
Properties
Ltd.

Mutual
Benefits
Microfinance
Bank
Ltd.

Mutual Benefits Assurance Niger S.A.

#### DR. AKIN OGUNBIYI (B.SC, MBA, FCII, FIoD) CHAIRMAN

An Economist, Consultant and Insurance Professional, Dr. Ogunbiyi is a graduate of Agricultural Economics from the University of Ife. He is also an alumnus of the famous International Graduate School of Management, University of Navarra (IESE) Barcelona, Spain where he took an Executive Masters in Business Administration. In addition, he is an alumnus of Lagos Business School and Said Business School of University of Oxford where he attended the Oxford Advanced Management & Leadership Programme.

An Associate of the Chartered Insurance Institute, London, he did not only complete his Associateship examination in record time, Dr. Ogunbiyi has the rare honour of securing the highest number of distinctions in the professional examination in two sittings. He had his insurance training in NICON from where he moved to start the Finance and Insurance Experts Limited - a multidisciplinary consultancy firm, as pioneer Associate Director/Ag. Chief Executive.

Dr. Ogunbiyi serves on the board of The Infrastructure Bank Plc and other companies.







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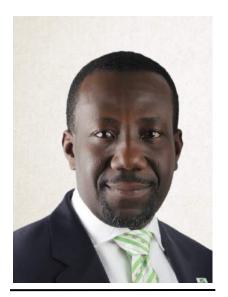
**BABATUNDE DABIRI** (B.SC, MBA) VICE CHAIRMAN

**Mr. Babatunde Dabiri** graduated from University of Ibadan with Honours degree in Economics and obtained his MBA at the Columbia University, New York, USA.

He started his career at the Nigerian Industrial Development Bank, Lagos. From there he proceeded to the School of Business, Columbia University, New York, USA and he graduated with an MBA in 1977. On his return to Nigeria, he joined Chase Merchant Bank (later Continental), then moved on to Prime Merchant Bank Ltd as Deputy Managing Director. As an astute banker, he set up Fountain Trust Merchant Bank Ltd and served as its GMD/CEO. He was also the GMD/CEO of Magnum Trust Bank Plc, in compliance with CBN regulation for consolidation, he led the effort to merge the bank and four others to form Sterling Bank Plc. He served as its GMD/CEO for a period of two years, from where he retired.

Mr. Dabiri is a member of different bodies such as the University of Ibadan Advancement Board, Corona Trust Council, Nigerian Indian Chamber of Commerce and Industry (NICCI), Lagos, e.t.c. He sits on the board of several companies including Coronation Merchant Bank Limited, Academy Press Plc and was the founding Chairman of Lagos State Pension Commission for 6 years until 2015.

Between 2003 and 2005, Mr Dabiri was the Alumni President of the Lagos Business School and National President of the Igbobi College Old Boys Association (ICOBA) from 2004 to 2007. Mr Dabiri is presently serving on the board of the University of Lagos Holding Company Ltd and on the Advancement Board of the University of Ibadan. He is also a board member of LEAP Africa, an organisation committed to developing dynamic innovative and principled youth leaders.



SEGUN OMOSEHIN (B.SC, MSC, FCII, FIoD) MANAGING DIRECTOR/CEO

Mr. Segun Omosehin is one of the very few multi-disciplinary professionals in the insurance industry. He holds a Bachelor of Science (Honours) degree in Political Science; a Master's degree in International Law and Diplomacy (MILD); and an M.Sc in Economics. An Associate of the Chartered Insurance Institute of Nigeria, Member of the Nigerian Institute of Management; the Nigerian Society of International Law, as well as the Institute of Directors (IoD). He is an alumnus of Said Business School of University of Oxford where he attended the Oxford Advanced Management & Leadership Programme.

Before joining the Mutual Benefits team, Mr. Omosehin was the Managing Director/CEO of AllCO General Insurance Company Limited. He was also the MD/CEO of Admiral Insurance Company Limited between 2003 and 2007.

He also worked for about 9 years in different capacities at Custodian and Allied Insurance Plc; where he resigned in 2003 as the Divisional Head Operation.

Mr. Omosehin is presently the Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc, a position he has held since 2010.



MR. BIYI ASHIRU-MOBOLAJI
(HND INS. MBA, ACII)
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, OPERATIONS

Mr. Ashiru-Mobolaji oversees the Technical and Marketing & Distribution Channels of the Company. He is an Insurance graduate of Ibadan Polytechnic with an MBA from Lagos State University. He is an Associate Member of the Chartered Insurance Institute of Nigeria as well as an Alumnus of the Lagos Business School.

Mr. Ashiru-Mobolaji started his Insurance career with a stint at Femi Johnson Insurance Brokers at the Executive Support Service Department. Thereafter, he proceeded to Great Nigeria Insurance Company Ltd. He also worked at Databoard Nigeria Limited, a company that pioneered On-line Insurance Service in Nigeria. An astute goal getter and a dynamic Insurance practitioner, Mr. Ashiru-Mobolaji joined Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc in 1998 and rose through the ranks.

In 2007, he became Senior Manager, Micro Insurance, after a comprehensive training with International Cooperative and Mutual Insurance Federation (ICMIF) in Manchester, UK. In 2009, he was

seconded to Cameroun as GM/CEO of the Cameroun subsidiary of MUTUAL; Assurances Generales du Cameroun.

On his return to Nigeria in 2012, Mr. Ashiru-Mobolaji became the Head, Technical Operations. In 2013 he became Deputy General Manager, Business Development. In 2016, Mr. Ashiru-Mobolaji was promoted General Manager; in charge of the Marketing and Distribution Directorate of the company.



FEMI ASENUGA (B.SC, M.SC, ACII) DIRECTOR

An Associate of the Chartered Insurance Institute, Nigeria. Femi Asenuga holds a Master's of Science Degree in Business Administration and a Bachelor's Degree in Insurance from the University of Lagos. Femi was the best graduating student in the department of Insurance for 1989/1990 session. He won the Femi Johnson & Co. prize as well as the Unity Life & Fire Insurance Company award.

Mr. Asenuga started his Insurance career with Metropolitan Trust Insurance Company in 1993. He moved to Custodian and Allied Insurance as a pioneer Manager in the Underwriting Department. Femi is an Alumnus of Lagos Business School and the Said Business School of University of Oxford where he attended the Oxford Advanced Management & Leadership Programme. He has also attended several courses both locally and abroad. He was General Manager, life operations before he was seconded to MUTUAL Life as pioneer MD/CEO of the company







ADMIRAL F.B.I PORBENI (RTD)
(MNI,CFR)
DIRECTOR

Admiral Festus B. I. Porbeni, a Professional Navigator and Underwater Diver, graduated from the Nigerian Defence Academy, Kaduna in 1967. At graduation, Admiral Porbeni was the best Cadet in service subject in the 3rd Regular Course. He was commissioned a Sub-Lieutenant in 1969. He served the Nation in various capacities including being the Pioneer Defence Adviser and later the Resident Ambassador to Equatorial Guinea from 1982-1988 with accreditation to Cameroun, Gabon and Sao Tome & Principe. As Ambassador, he worked assiduously to promote and sustain the relationship between Nigeria and Equatorial Guinea.

Admiral Porbeni was Commandant of the Nigerian Naval College, Onura, Director of Research & Analytical Studies (DARAS), Nigerian War College. He served in the provisional Ruling Council as the Flag Officer Command in Eastern Naval Command. He was the Commanding Officer NNS Argungu which he sailed from Bremen Germany to Lagos

Nigeria, Commanding Officer NNS Aradu the Nigerian Navy Flagship, He was the Minister of Transport between 1998 and 1999. Admiral Porbeni is vast in many languages and has received many military honours both locally and internationally. He is a Commander of the Federal Republic (CFR) and the current Romanian Consul General in the Niger Delta Region. Admiral Porbeni also serves on the board of many other companies.



ADESOYE OLATUNJI (B.ENG, MBA, FCA) DIRECTOR

Mr. Soye Olatunji, a Chartered Accountant with a bachelor's degree in Chemical Engineering and an MBA from University of Lagos. He has over 30 years of cumulative experience in audit and tax consultancy, accounting and general management.

He was erstwhile General Manager - Best Oils Limited Ibadan, Oyo State and Finance Director - Vitamalt Plc, Agbara Industrial Estate, Ogun State. He joined Ventures & Trust Limited (V&T) as Managing Associate and Chief Financial Officer in 2003.

He joined Mutual Benefits Group in 2007 as Executive Director Corporate Planning and Investment from where he left as Group Finance Director, to establish Mutual Exploration and Production Limited, in 2013. He is an alumnus of Said Business School of University of Oxford where he attended the Oxford Advanced Management & Leadership Programme.





PROFESSOR PAT UTOMI (B.A, MA, PHD) DIRECTOR

A fellow of the Institute of Management Consultants of Nigeria and founding Senior Faculty of the Lagos Business School- Pan African University, he was Director of the Centre for Applied Economics at the Lagos Business School. He has served in senior positions in government, as an adviser to the President of Nigeria, the private sector, as Chief Operating Officer for Volkswagen of Nigeria and in academia. He is the author of several Management and Public Policy books. His academic background covers a range from Policy Economics, Business, and Political Science to Mass communications. As an entrepreneur, he founded and cofounded companies that are active in fields including financial services, ICT, and media.

A Professor of the Social and Political Economic Environment of Business and Entrepreneurship. He has been a scholar-in-residence at the American University in Washington DC and the Havard Business School.

As leader of Civil Society, he is the founder of the Centre for Values in Leadership; and the Concerned Professionals, among other social sector enterprise initiatives.



DR. EZE C. EBUBE (B.A.) (AMERICAN)
(OD, EJD)
DIRECTOR

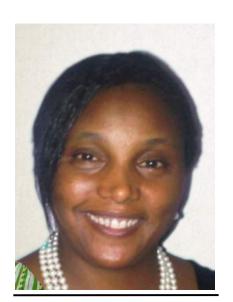
**Dr. Ebube** graduated with a B.A. (Microbiology) from Indiana University, Bloomington, Indiana, USA in 1982. In 1986, he obtained a Doctorate degree in Optometry from Inter American University, San Juan, Puerto Rico, U.S.A. and in 2007 he graduated from Concord University School of Law, Los Angeles, California, U.S.A. with the Executive Juris Doctor degree.

Dr Ebube is an Optometrist and an active member of the Puerto Rico Optometry Association where he served as the Chairperson of its Political Action Committee. He is cochair of FUTELIV KONSULT, President and CEO of Eye Express 20-20, San Juan, Puerto Rico, USA.

Dr. Ebube works with the Augustus Group, an Insurance Partnership based in Troy, Michigan, U.S.A. as Vice-President and he is presently the Managing Partner for Africa in Legacy Group, an international consulting and business development group in Virginia, U.S.A.







(B.A, M.A,) DIRECTOR

Ms. Ahmed holds a Bachelor's Degree in Communications from Bayero University, Kano and a Master's Degree in Television from Goldsmiths' College, University of London.

She is a seasoned professional media executive and strategic Communications consultant to NGOs, public and private sector boards

Ms. Ahmed was a Senior Producer, Journalist and Acting Editor with the British Broadcasting Corporation.

She was Co-founder and Media consultant for Blue communications EMEA, from 2003 to 2006. Between 2006 and 2008, Ms. Ahmed worked with Shoreline Energy International as Head, Corporate Communications and Resort Group Limited, as Group Head, Corporate Communications.

Ms. Ahmed was Editor, Timbuktu Media; Publishers of Next Newspaper; Nigeria's leading investigative Newspaper, for which she won many awards.

Between 2011 and 2016, Ms. Ahmed worked with Africa Practice R & B and Reinvent Media Ltd. as Associate Director and Partner respectively.

Ms. Ahmed is an articulate panel discussion moderator, television host and opinion contributor with a strong grasp of current affairs including local and international politics, the economy, the arts and entertainment.

She is also an influential member of the Nigerian Guild of Editors and also a British Council Chevening Scholar.

Since February of 2016, Ms. Ahmed has been a Partner with DM Nigeria Ltd. in charge of Media Content Training and Business Development. She was appointed a Non-Executive Director of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc. in October, 2016.



AKINBOYE TAIWO OYEWUMI (B.SC, MBA) DIRECTOR

**Mr. Oyewumi** is presently the Group Managing Director of Silverage Group. The Company is made up of a network of diverse businesses including Information Technology and Finance.

Mr. Oyewumi holds a BA in Business Administration from University of Maiduguri, Borno State, Nigeria, as well as an MBA in Business Administration from the Middlesex University, London, United Kingdom.

He was appointed a Non-Executive Director of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc in January 2016.





LAMIS SHEHU DIKKO (B.SC) DIRECTOR

**Mr. Dikko** holds a bachelor degree in Economics from Queen Mary College, University of London.

He started his career at the Kaduna State

Radio as Producer of News and Current Affairs, from where he moved to the Nigerian Standard Newspaper as Sub-Editor. He also lectured briefly at College of Advanced Studies, Zaria.

He started his finance career as a senior supervisor at Habib Bank Nigeria Limited, after which he joined Intercity Bank Plc in 1998 and later became the Managing Director in 2001, a position he held until 2005. He went on to serve as an Executive Director of Unity Bank Plc, a position he held from 2005 until 2010. He is presently the Chairman, Board of Directors of The Infrastructure Bank, Legacy Pension Managers Limited and Eterna Plc. He sits on the board of several public and private companies.

He was appointed a Non-Executive Director of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc in January 2016.





| SEGUN OMOSEHIN (B.SC, MSC, FCII, FloD) MANAGING DIRECTOR/CEO                             | FEMI FAPOHUNDA (Msc) CONTROLLER, ICT   |
|--|--|
| BIYI ASHIRU-MOBOLAJI (HND INS. MBA, ACII, MIoD) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, OPERATIONS           | BOYE FASASI (Msc, ACII)<br>CHIEF COMPLIANCE OFFICER, MUTUAL LIFE               |
| FEMI ASENUGA (B.SC, M.SC, ACII) MANAGING DIRECTOR, MUTUAL LIFE                           | FOLASADE OKE (HND, ACII) CONTROLLER, LAGOS BUSINESS DISTRICT                   |
| RANTIMI OGUNLEYE (B.Sc, MBA, ACIIN) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, MUTUAL LIFE                      | OSEAFIANA JUDE (HND, MCA, ACII) CONTROLLER, CORPORATE MARKETING                |
| DEMOLA FAGBAYI (B.Ed, ACII) GENERAL MANAGER, MUTUAL RETAIL                               | ADETUTU ARUSIUKA (FCII, MBA) CONTROLLER, RETAIL/CHANNELS                       |
| OYEWOLE OPAYELE (B.Ed, MNIM, ACII) GENERAL MANAGER, TECHNICAL (MUTUAL, LIBERIA)          | EMMANUEL ORMANE (MSC, ACA) CONTROLLER, ENTERPRISE RISK MANAGEMENT.             |
| BAYO AKINMOLADUN (MBA) DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER, BRANCH OPERATIONS                         | ELLEN OFFO (MBA, Dip. CIPR, rpa) SENIOR MANAGER, CORPORATE COMMUNICATION       |
| NOMWEN EMEGHALU (MBA, FCII) DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER, CORPORATE MARKETING                  | EDWIN ALOHAN (MBA, ACIPM, ANIM) SENIOR MANAGER, ADMIN                          |
| JIDE IBITAYO (BL LLM, ACIS, ACIT) DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER, LEGAL/CORPORATE SERVICES       | KOLAPO LAWRENCE OLLA (M.A. ACIIN, ACIB) SENIOR MANAGER, SPECIAL RISKS          |
| SOLA ADEKUNLE (BSC, ACII) DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER, CORPORATE MARKETING (MUTUAL LIFE)      | OLUYINKA AKINWALE (MBA, ACII) SENIOR MANAGER, TECHNICAL                        |
| ABAYOMI OGUNWO (BSC, MBA, FCA, ACTI) DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER, FINANCE & ACCOUNTS          | AJAYI IMOH (HND) SENIOR MANAGER, CORPORATE MARKETING (ABUJA)                   |
| JOSEPH OLADOKUN (MBA, AIIN, ANIMN) DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER, TECHNICAL                     | OLUFEMI AYODELE (MBA) SENIOR MANAGER, CORPORATE MARKETING                      |
| MUHAMMED B. T. IBRAHIM (LLB, MPA, MNIM, ACAN) ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER, NORTHERN REGION | OLUBUNMI ADIO (MBA, AMNIM) SENIOR MANAGER CORPORATE MARKETING                  |
| OLAYINKA OGUNDEJI (MBA, FCA)<br>ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER, INTERNAL AUDIT                | MODUPE BELLO (HND, PGD, ACA) SENIOR MANAGER, FINANCE & ACCOUNT                 |
| TAIWO DAYO-ABATAN (MBA, SPHPI, MCIPM) ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER, HUMAN RESOURCES         | OLAJUMOKE AKINNAWO (BSC, ACCA) SENIOR MANAGER, FINANCE & ACCOUNT (MUTUAL LIFE) |
| GABRIEL GBADEBO (B.A, ACII) CONTROLLER TECHNICAL, (MUTUAL LIFE)                          | AKIN OLADEJI (HND, MBA, ACIIN)<br>SENIOR MANAGER, WESTERN REGION               |
| TITI AKINSIKU (MBA, ACII) CONTROLLER, TECHNICAL (PLC)                                    | TUNDE OGUNTADE (HND, MBA, ACIPM) SENIOR MANAGER, PROJECT MANAGEMENT OFFICE.    |







NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 22nd Annual General Meeting of Mutual Benefits Assurance PLC will be held at Premier Hotel, Ibadan, on Wednesday, 27th June, 2018 at 11.00am to transact the following businesses:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

- 1. To lay before the Members, the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31st December 2017 together with the Reports of Directors, Auditors and Audit Committee thereon.
- 2. To declare a Dividend.
- 3. To re-elect the following Directors:
  - a. Admiral Festus Porbeni
  - b. Prof. Pat Utomi
  - c. Mr. Soye Olatunji
- 4. To authorize the Directors to fix the remuneration of the External Auditors.
- 5. To elect members of the Audit Committee.

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS**

#### **Ordinary Resolution**

6. To approve the remuneration of the Directors.

#### **NOTES**

#### 1. Proxy

A member of the company entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote in his/her stead. A proxy need not be a member of the company. A Proxy Form is attached to the Annual Reports and Accounts.

Executed Proxy forms should be returned to the Registrar, Meristem Registrars & Probate Services Limited, 213, Herbert Macaulay Way, Adekunle, Yaba Lagos State, not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.

#### 2. Dividend

If the proposed dividend recommended by the Directors is approved by members at the AGM, dividend will be paid on Thursday 28th June 2018 to shareholders whose name appear in the Register of Members at the close of business on Wednesday 13th June 2018. Shareholders who have completed the e-dividend Mandate Form will receive a direct credit of the dividend into their bank accounts on Thursday 28th June, 2018 while dividend warrant for shareholders who have not completed the e-dividend Mandate Form shall be posted on the same day.

#### 3. Audit Committee

In accordance with Section 359(5) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, Cap C20, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004, any shareholder may nominate another shareholder for the election as a member of the Audit Committee by giving notice in writing of such nomination to the Company Secretary at least 21 days before the Annual General Meeting.

We therefore request that nominations must be accompanied by a copy of the nominee's curriculum vitae.





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#### 4. Closure of Register of Members

In accordance with section 89 of CAMA, please note that the Register of Members and Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 14th June 2018 to 20th June 2018 to enable the Registrar update its records in preparation for the meeting and payment of Dividend.

#### 5. E-Dividend

Pursuant to the directive of the Securities and Exchange Commission, notice is hereby given to shareholders to provide account for the purpose of e-dividend/bonus. A form is inserted into this Annual Report for completion by all shareholders to furnish the particulars of their accounts to the Registrars (Meristem Registrars & Probate Services Limited, 213, Herbert Macaulay Way, Adekunle, Yaba, Lagos State)

#### 6. Right of Shareholders to ask Questions

Shareholders have a right to ask questions not only at the meeting but also in writing prior to the meeting and such question must be submitted to the Company Secretary on or before the 20th June 2018 or by email to investor.relations@mbaplc.com

#### 7. Biographical Details of Directors

Biographical details of Directors standing election/re-election are contained in the Annual Reports and Accounts.

#### 8. Website

A copy of this Notice and other information relating to the meeting can be found at www.mbaplc.com

By Order of the Board

Abdulai, Taiwo & Co.

Company Secretaries

Subomi Adebero
ABDULAI TAIWO & CO.
COMPANY SECRETARIES
FRC/2013/000004757
Dated the 15th Day of May, 2018







Dr. Akin Ogunbiyi Chairman Mr. Babatunde Dabiri Vice Chairman

**Directors** Mr. Segun Omosehin

Managing Director, Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc. Mr. Adebiyi Ashiru-Mobolaji Executive Director Operation (appointed w.e.f 1.4.2017) Mr. Femi Asenuga Managing Director, Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited.

Non-Executive Director Mr. Adesoye Olatunji Non-Executive Director Adm. Festus Porbeni (mni) CFR

Dr. Eze Ebube Non-Executive Director (American)

Prof. Patrick Utomi Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Mr. Lamis Sheu Dikko Mr. Akinboye Oyewumi Non-Executive Director Ms. Kadaria Ahmed Non-Executive Director

**Registered** Aret Adams House

Office 233 Ikorodu Road, Ilupeju, Lagos

Auditors Ernst & Young

UBA House, 10th and 13th Floors

57 Marina, Lagos

Company Abdulai Taiwo & Co

Secretary FRC/2013/NBA/0000004757

Goodwill House, 278 Ikorodu Road, Lagos

Bankers Access Bank Plc

> Fidelity Bank Plc Ecobank Nigeria Plc

First City Monument Bank Limited Stanbic IBTC Bank Nigeria Plc

First Bank of Nigeria Limited Unity Bank Plc Guaranty Trust Bank Plc Wema Bank Plc

Keystone Bank Limited United Bank for Africa Plc Sterling Bank Plc Heritage Bank Limited

Zenith Bank Plc Skye Bank Plc

**Re-insurers** African Reinsurance Corporation

Trust International Insurance &

Reinsurance Company

Continental Reinsurance Plc.

Swiss Reinsurance Company Limited

**Actuaries** Zamara Consulting Actuaries

Nigeria Limited

FRC/2017/NAS/00000016912

**RC** No 269837

Registrar Meristem Registrar Limited Tel: +234 18920491-2

> 213, Herbert Macaulay Way, Adekunle, Yaba, Lagos.

Email: info@meristemregistrars.com Website: www.meristemregistrars.com

& Valuer

Mutual Benefits Microfinance Bank Limited

Estate Surveyor Alabi, Ojo & Makinde Consulting

and Valuers

FRC/2012/NIESV/000000314

Arigbede & Co Estate Surveyors

FRC/2014/NIESV/00000004634

FRC/2012/0000000504





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DR. AKIN OGUNBIYI CHAIRMAN

The Board, Management and staff in keeping with our Five Year Strategy Plan grew the business with increase in Gross Premium Written by 15.6% to N14.04 billion in 2017 from N12.14 billion in 2016.





Fellow shareholders, distinguished ladies and gentlemen, on behalf of the Board of Directors, I cordially welcome you all to the 22<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting of our Company. It is my pleasure to present the 2017 report, which saw the Company return to profitability after the loss reported in 2016 as a result of foreign exchange fluctuations. Let me share with you a summary of the Company's performance for the financial year ended December 31, 2017 as well as a review of the operating environment under which this performance was achieved.

#### **THE OPERATING ENVIRONMENT**

The global economy witnessed strong expansion in 2017, growing at 3.7%, up from 3.2% in 2016, this was largely driven by expansionist monetary policies by the biggest economies of the world and higher commodities market. The US economy recorded strong economic performance underpinned by increased business confidence while the UK recorded a modest growth rate of 1.7% on the back of solid performance in the service sector. The Eurozone showed strong growth from rising consumer confidence following improved employment data. China contributed significantly to the global expansion, defying fears of pronounced slowdown by recording an expansion of 6.8%. Russia's economy despite being hit by US and EU sanctions remains on the path of recovery, thanks to oil price rebound.

In Nigeria, the economy emerged from recession in Q2 2017 after five consecutive quarters of contraction. This was driven by higher crude oil prices and sustained production volumes on the back of the tranquility in the Niger Delta Region. Crude oil production climbed as high as 2.2million barrels per day in Q4 2017 as the price of Brent Light averaged \$50.93 for the year due to the sustained production cut by OPEC countries and Russia. Overall, Nigeria's real GDP grew by +0.8% in 2017 compared to the -1.6% decline experienced in 2016.

Furthermore, the business climate significantly improved with Nigeria's Ease of Doing Business ranking moving 24 steps to 145 following the approval of the implementation of 60 days national action plan.

The year 2017 saw inflation remaining at its lowest level since May of 2016 although consumer prices increased 15.9% year-on-year in November 2017. By December 2017 Consumer Price Inflation (CPI), dropped to two year low of 15.37%. This followed a downward trend observed since

February 2017. Despite the slowdown in inflation rate in 2017, inflation remains well above the Central Bank's target range of 6.0%-9.0%.

The Monetary Policy Rate (MPR) on the other hand was maintained by the Central Bank at 14%, with the Cash Reserve Ratio (CRR) at 22.5% and the Liquidity Ratio at 30%. These relatively high rates were based on the need to safeguard the fragile growth in the economy and the stability achieved in the foreign exchange market.

#### **NIGERIAN INSURANCE INDUSTRY**

Despite the challenges that characterized the insurance industry in Nigeria over the years, which include inadequate public awareness, cultural & religious beliefs hampering sale of insurance products, the industry remains resilient supported by relatively stable macroeconomic conditions and sustained growth in the economy. The huge potential for growth of the industry when compared to other emerging markets contributed to the increasing interest of foreign investors in Nigerian insurance industry.

In 2017, the Industry recorded unprecedented increase in claims payments due to the lingering effects of the economic downturn, decline in purchasing power and job losses. Nonetheless, the future for the insurance industry remains bright given the enormous untapped opportunities that exist within the industry with an estimate of only 1% of the population currently holding any form of insurance policy.

A positive development during the year was the intention of the Federal Government of Nigeria to strengthen the Group Life Insurance scheme (one of the compulsory insurance schemes) by making the evidence of compliance with the scheme a pre-condition for awarding government contracts.

#### **CAPITAL RAISING**

During the  $20^{\mbox{\tiny th}}$  Annual General Meeting held in October 2016, the distinguished shareholders approved amongst other things to increase the capital base of the Company. The Board of Directors in actualization of that decision has concluded plans to raise additional N2billion by way of a Rights issue. The details and timetable for the capital raising will be unveiled in the coming weeks.

I use this medium to commend you to take up your Rights. Your Company has a lot of value embedded in it which we have just started to unlock with the results before you and the proposed dividend declaration.





#### **FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE**

The 2017 performance results laid before you showed that your Company bounced back into profitability after the loss recorded in 2016. The Board, Management and staff in keeping with our Five Year Strategy Plan grew the business with increase in Gross Premium Written by 15.6% to N14.04 billion in 2017 from N12.14 billion in 2016. Gross Premium Income also increased by 11.4% to N13.35 billion in 2017 from N11.9 billion in 2016. Net benefits and claims paid increased by 53.9% from N3.35 billion in 2016 to N5.15 billion in 2017. Investment and Other Income increased by 59% from N1.79 billion in 2016 to N2.84 billion in 2017.

Topline growth was combined with prudent management of expenses, which resulted in a 224.9% growth in profit before tax to N1.34 billion from a loss of N1.1 billion in 2016. Our investment strategy also ensured that the Group's total assets grew by 12.1% from N51.5 billion in 2016 to N57.7 billion in 2017. Both shareholders' funds and policy holders' funds are represented by the right portfolio mix of short and long term investments.

#### **DIVIDEND PAYMENT**

The Board of Directors is proposing a dividend of N160 million for approval. If approved, this translates to two (2) kobo on every ordinary share in issue.

The Board of Directors recognizes the unflinching support of our shareholders throughout the journey of turning around and firmly putting the feet of our Company on the path of growth and profitability. This dividend payment marks the beginning of consistent payment of dividend to our shareholders in the years to come.

#### **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

In 2018, the economy is expected to consolidate on the modest growth achieved in 2017. The growth is predicated on increase in contribution of the non-oil sector (mainly agriculture) to the GDP and on sustained high crude oil production and prices.

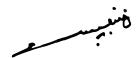
We are in the second year of our five year strategy plan. This year we will consolidate on the modest achievements recorded in 2017 by commencing our IT transformation blueprint. This will eliminate slack time in our processing and ultimately enable us to focus more on customer delight and satisfaction. Our strategic aspiration is to become the number one insurance company in Nigeria in terms of growth and profitability.

In conclusion, I wish to express the profound gratitude of the Board to our stakeholders particularly the Management

and Staff. The beautiful men and women who daily ensure that the torch remain lit even in the tough economic environment. Our strategic partners, clients, brokers and other intermediaries, we appreciate you.

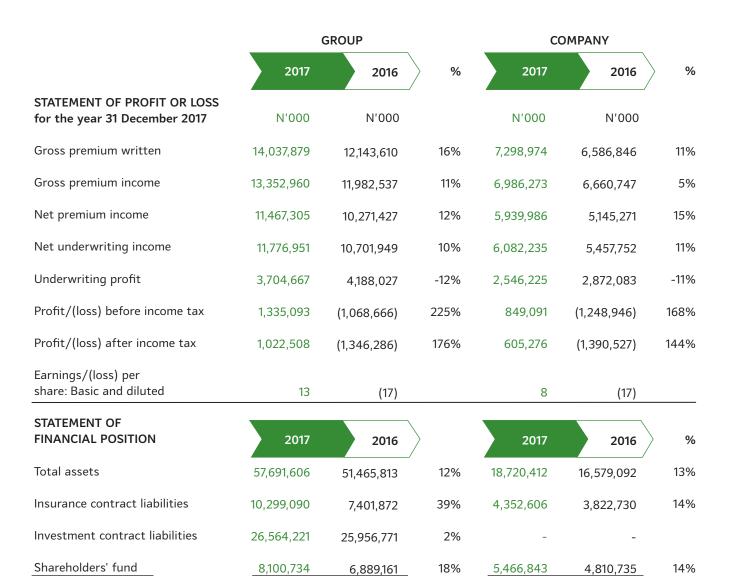
I also thank my fellow directors for their dedicated service to the Company.

Distinguished shareholders, representatives of various regulatory agencies, ladies and gentlemen once again I welcome you to our  $22^{nd}$  Annual General Meeting.



Dr. Akin Ogunbiyi Chairman









The Board has the pleasure of presenting their Report on the affairs of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") to the Shareholders along with the Group and the Company's Audited Financial Statements and the auditors report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### LEGAL STATUS AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc was incorporated on the 18th day of April 1995 under the name Mutual Benefits Assurance Company Limited. The Company was converted and re-registered as a Public Limited Liability Company on 24th May 2001. On the 28th May 2002 the Company became listed on the Nigerian Stock Exchange (NSE).

The Group's Head Office is located at "Aret Adams House", 233, Ikorodu Road, Ilupeju, Lagos and has branches spread across the nation in Abeokuta, Abuja, Ado - Ekiti, Akure, Port Harcourt, Warri, Lagos, Benin, Calabar, Ikorodu, Ilorin, Ibadan, Kaduna, Kano, Lafia, Ojo, Oshogbo, Otta, Owerri and Yenogoa.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is mainly involved in general and life insurance underwriting (under separate licenses held by the Company and its subsidiary respectively), risk management and provision of financial services.

The Company has progressed into a group with five subsidiary companies namely: Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited, Mutual Benefits Assurance Company, Liberia, Mutual Benefits Assurance Niger SA, Mutual Benefits Homes and Properties Limited and Mutual Benefits Microfinance Bank Limited.

#### MUTUAL Group's products and services are as follows:

#### GENERAL BUSINESS PRODUCTS LIFE INSURANCE PRODUCTS

Property Insurance Insurance of Person
Fire and Special Perils Personal Insurance
Burglary/House Breaking Group Personal Accident

Householder, House-owner Individual Savings & Pension Plan
Comprehensive Mutual Education Guarantee Plan
Marine Corre

Marine Cargo Keyman Assurance
Marine Hull Mortgage Protection
Motor Group Life Assurance
Goods-in-Transit Term Assurance

All Risk Insurance Endowment Assurance Retail Marketing Products

Industrial All Risks Insurvisa

Liability/Bond Insurance Greenshield-24Hr. Accident Cover

Money Greenshield-Life
Professional Indemnity Director's Liability

Fidelity Guarantee Mutual Group Investment Protection Plan

Public Liability/Product Liability Micro Personal Investment Plan







#### **OPERATING RESULTS**

Below is a summary of the Group's operating results: (in thousands of Naira)

|                                 | Group      | Group       | Company   | Company     |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
|                                 | 2017       | 2016        | 2017      | 2016        |
|                                 | N'000      | N'000       | N'000     | N'000       |
| Gross Premium Written           | 14,037,879 | 12,143,610  | 7,298,974 | 6,586,846   |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax | 1,335,093  | (1,068,666) | 849,091   | (1,248,946) |
| Income tax expense              | (312,585)  | (277,620)   | (243,815) | (141,581)   |
| Profit/(loss) after income tax  | 1,022,508  | (1,346,286) | 605,276   | (1,390,527) |

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The Board of Directors is proposing a dividend of 2kobo on every ordinary shares in issue amounting to N160,000,000 (2016: Nil).

#### **DIRECTORS**

The names of the Directors at the date of the report and of those who held offices during the year are as follows:

Dr. Akin Ogunbiyi Chairman
Mr. Babatunde Dabiri Vice Chairman

Mr. Olusegun Omosehin Managing Director, Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc.
Mr. Adebiyi Ashiru-Mobolaji Executive Director Operation (appointed w.e.f 1.4.2017)
Mr. Femi Asenuga Managing Director, Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited.

Mr. Adesoye Olatunji

Adm. Festus Porbeni (mni) CFR

Non-Executive Director

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Michael Govan Non-Executive Director (American) (retired w.e.f 31/07/17)

Dr. Eze Ebube Non-Executive Director (American)

Prof. Patrick Utomi
Mr. Lamis Sheu Dikko
Mr. Akinboye Oyewumi
Ms. Kadaria Ahmed
Non-Executive Director
Non-Executive Director
Non-Executive Director

#### **DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS**

The Directors who served during the year and their direct and indirect interests in the issued share capital of the Company as recorded in the Register of Directors shareholding and/or as notified by the Directors for the purpose of Section 275 of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004 and the requirements of the Listing requirements of the Nigerian Stock Exchange is noted:





DIRECTORS: 2017 2016

| DIRECTORS:                                      | DIRECT<br>Unit | INDIRECT<br>Unit | DIRECT<br>Unit | INDIRECT<br>Unit | PERSONS<br>REPRESENTED                                   |
|---|----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|--|
|   |                |                  |                |                  |  |
| Dr. Akin Ogunbiyi                               | 124,292,614    | 704,545,609      | 124,292,614    | 704,545,609      | Charks Investment Ltd/Core Trust<br>& Investment Limited |
| Mr. Michael Govan<br>(resigned w.e.f 31.7.2017) | -              | -                | 3,100,000      | 2,100,000,000    | Charles Enterprise LLC                                   |
| Dr. Eze Ebube                                   | 2,500,000      | 2,100,000,000    | 2,500,000      | -                | Charles Enterprise LLC                                   |
| Prof. Pat Utomi                                 | 36,460,000     | -                | 36,460,000     | -                | ·  |
| Admiral F. Porbeni (rtd)                        | _              | -                | _              | -                |  |
| Mr. Babatunde Dabiri                            | -              | -                | -              | -                |  |
| Mr.Segun Omosehin                               | 1,000,000      | -                | 1,000,000      | -                |  |
| Mr.Adesoye Olatunji                             | -              | 933,858,376      | -              | 933,858,376      | CIL Risk & Asset Management<br>Limited                   |
| Mr. Femi Asenuga                                | 1,093,150      | -                | 1,093,150      | -                |  |
| Mr. Lamis Sheu Dikko                            | -              | -                | -              | -                |  |
| Mr. Akinboye Oyewumi                            | -              | -                | -              | -                |  |
| Mr. Adebiyi Ashiru-                             |                |                  |                |                  |  |
| Mobolaji (Appointed                             | 12,654         | -                | -              | -                |  |
| 1.4.2017)                                       |                |                  |                |                  |  |
| Ms. Kadaria Ahmed                               | _              | -                | -              | -                |  |

#### **ACQUISITION OF OWN SHARES**

The Company did not purchase its own share in year 2017 (2016: Nil).

#### **SECURITY TRADING POLICY**

The Group has a Board policy on personal investment, which applies to directors, staff and related parties. This policy prevents Directors, members of Staff and related Companies/individuals from insider dealing on the shares of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc and related entities. The purpose of this policy is to prevent the abuse of confidential non-public information that may be gained in the course of being a director or working for the Company. The policy also ensures compliance by the Company with extant laws and regulatory requirements.

In the course of the financial year there was no case of violation of this policy

#### RETIREMENT BY ROTATION

In accordance with Article 85 of the Company's Articles of Association and Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004, the directors to retire by rotation are: Prof. Pat Utomi and Admiral Festus Porbeni (mni) CFR and Mr. Soye Olatunji being eligible offer themselves for re-election.

#### **RESIGNATION OF DIRECTORS**

Since the last Annual General Meeting, Mr. Michael Govan resigned from the Board of the Company with effect from 31 July 2017.







#### APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

There were no new appointment to the Board of the Company since the last Annual General Meeting. **DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS** 

In compliance with Section 277 of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004, none of the Directors has notified the Company of any declarable interest in contracts involving the Company during the year under review.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Information relating to changes in property and equipment is given in Note 34 to the consolidated and

#### **DIRECTORS REMUNERATION**

| Remuneration  | Description  | Timing                                 |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| D : 0.1   | Part of gross salary package for Executive<br>Directors only   | Paid monthly during the financial year |  |  |
| Basic Salary  | A competitive salary package that reflects the desires of the Company to remain at the apex of the industry. | Paid monthly during the financial year |  |  |
| 13 <sup>th</sup> month salary Part of the salary package of Executive Directors |  | Paid at the last month of the year     |  |  |
| *Director fees  | Allowances paid to Non-Executive Directors   | Paid during the year                   |  |  |
| *Travelling allowances  | Allowances paid to Non-Executive Directors who reside outside Nigeria.                                       | Paid during the year                   |  |  |
| *Sitting allowances   | Allowances paid to Non-Executive Directors only for sitting at board meetings and other business meetings.   | Paid during the year                   |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup>Applicable to Non-Executive Directors

#### **DONATIONS AND CHARITABLE GIFTS**

In identifying with the aspirations of the community and the environment within which the Company operates, a total sum of N15,980,000 (2016: N6,264,500) was given out as donations and charitable contributions during the year. Details of the donations and charitable gifts are as stated below:

Details of the tax allowable donations and charitable gifts are as stated below:

| Chartered Insurance Institute of Nigeria's Investiture Sponsorship of MUTUAL BENEFITS' National Badminton Tournament | 500,000<br>10,000,000        |
|--|------------------------------|
| Sponsorship of the Aret Adams Foundation Lecture TOTAL   | 500,000<br><b>16,280,000</b> |





#### **BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP**

The following shareholders held 5% or more of the issued and paid up shares of the Company as at 31 December 2017:

| Name of Holder                     | HOLDING       | %      |
|------------------------------------|---------------|--------|
| CORE TRUST & INVESTMENT LTD        | 450,323,331   | 5.63%  |
| CIL RISK & ASSET<br>MANAGEMENT LTD | 933,858,376   | 11.67% |
| CHARLES ENTERPRISES<br>LLC         | 2,100,000,000 | 26.25% |

ACTIVE SHAREHOLDERS – SUMMARY (RANGE ANALYSIS) Position As at: 31.12.2017

| Range                | No. of Holders | Holders % | Holders Cum | Units         | Units % | Units Cum     |
|----------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|---------|---------------|
| 1 - 5,000            | 13,977         | 38.03     | 13,977      | 33,722,707    | 0.42    | 33,722,707    |
| 5,001 - 10,000       | 6,523          | 17.75     | 20,500      | 55,096,186    | 0.69    | 88,818,893    |
| 10,001 - 100,000     | 13,722         | 37.33     | 34,222      | 513,976,053   | 6.42    | 602,794,946   |
| 100,001 - 500,000    | 2,059          | 5.60      | 36,281      | 450,944,079   | 5.64    | 1,053,739,025 |
| 500,001 - 1,000,000  | 244            | 0.66      | 36,525      | 191,553,615   | 2.39    | 1,245,292,640 |
| 1,000,001 - 5,000,00 | 00 163         | 0.44      | 36,688      | 333,897,612   | 4.17    | 1,579,190,252 |
| 5,000,001 - 10,000,0 | 000 20         | 0.05      | 36,708      | 133,512,132   | 1.67    | 1,712,702,384 |
| 10,000,001-100,000   | ,000 38        | 0.10      | 36,746      | 1,196,592,173 | 14.96   | 2,909,294,557 |
| 100,000,001 above    | 11             | 0.03      | 36,757      | 5,090,705,443 | 63.63   | 8,000,000,000 |
| Grand total          | 36,757         | 100.00    |             | 8,000,000,000 | 100.00  |               |

#### **EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING DATE**

As disclosed in Note 58 to the consolidated and separate financial statements, there are no significant events after the reporting date which could have had material effect on the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 December 2017, and its profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended.

#### EMPLOYMENT AND HUMAN RESOURCES (HR) MATTERS

#### (i) Employee Involvement and Training

The Company recognises that the acquisition of knowledge is continuous, and that to foster commitment, its employees need to hone their awareness of factors: economic, financial or otherwise, that affects its growth. To this end, the Company in the execution of its training programmes (both local and international) encourages and provides the opportunity for its staff to develop and enhance their skills, awareness and horizon.

#### **Gender Analysis**

The number and percentage of women employed during the financial year vis-à-vis total workforce is as follows:

|                            | М             | ale Number     | Female<br>Number | Male % | Female % |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|--------|----------|
| Employees                  |               | 121            | 69               | 63.7   | 36.3     |
|                            |               |                |                  |        |          |
| Gender analysis of Board a | d Top Managen | nent is as fol | lows:            |        |          |
| Board                      |               | 11             | 1                | 92     | 8        |
| Top Management             |               | 8              | 2                | 80     | 20       |







#### **Gender Analysis**

Detailed analysis of the Board and Top Management is as follows:

|                           | Male Number | Female<br>Number | Male % | Female % |
|---------------------------|-------------|------------------|--------|----------|
| Assistant General Manager | 1           | 1                | 50     | 50       |
| Deputy General Manager    | 4           | 1                | 80     | 20       |
| Executive Director        | 1           | 0                | 100    | 0        |
| Chief Executive Officer   | 1           | 0                | 100    | 0        |
| Non-Executive Director    | 9           | 1                | 90     | 10       |

#### (ii). Employment of disabled persons

The Company adopts a non-discriminatory policy of giving fair consideration to applications for employment including those received from disabled persons having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities.

#### (iii). Employee Health Safety and Welfare

The Company maintains business premises designed with a view to guaranteeing the safety and healthy living conditions of its employees and customers alike. Employees are adequately insured against occupational and other hazards. In addition, free medical services are provided for the Company's employees through clinics on retainership with the company. The clinics, which are manned by professionals who are specialists in different medical lines, offer first class medical services to the employees. Fire prevention and fire-fighting equipment are installed in strategic locations within the Company's premises. It also operates a contributory pension plan in line with the Pension Reform Act 2014.

Welfare facilities provided include: housing for employees (or payment of allowance in lieu), transport allowance; car loans or official cars. Incentive schemes designed to meet the circumstances of each individual are implemented wherever appropriate and some of these include promotions, salaries, wages review amongst others.

#### **AUDITORS**

The Auditors, Messrs. Ernst & Young have indicated their willingness to continue in office in compliance with NAICOM Corporate Governance regulation. Messrs. Ernst & Young were appointed as Auditor of the Company in compliance with section 357(1) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH NAICOM CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In view of its commitment to the implementation of effective corporate governance principles in its business operations, the Company filed its Half Yearly Return with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as at 30 June and 31 December 2017 respectively and also its periodic returns with National Insurance Commission (NAICOM) as required by regulation.





Also, in line with the principles of Corporate Governance the Company made efforts to satisfy the requirement of convening a Board Meeting every quarter. The Board Committees established are equally viable and are working in line with their Terms of Reference.

By order of the Board



Subomi Adebero (Mrs) FRC/2013/ICSAN/0000004756 Abdulai, Taiwo & Co. Company Secretaries

Date 23rd March, 2018





MUTUAL BENEFITS ASSURANCE PLC remains committed to the principles and practices that promote good Corporate Governance. We recognize that sound corporate governance practices are necessary for effective management and control of the Company. Prior to the introduction of the Code of Corporate Governance for Companies in Nigeria, we had already adopted a responsible attitude towards Corporate Governance and issues of Corporate Social Responsibility in Nigeria. The Company conducts its business with integrity and pays due regard to the legitimate interest of all stakeholders.

The Company continues to comply with its Internal Governance Policies, the Code of Corporate Governance for Companies in Nigeria and the Code of Good Corporate Governance for the Insurance Industry in Nigeria, issued by the National Insurance Commission in February, 2009. The NAICOM's Code of Corporate Governance covers a wide range of issues including Board structure, Quality of Board Members, duties of the Board, Conduct of the Board of Directors, Rights of Shareholders and Committees of the Board.

#### THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors has the ultimate responsibility for the overall functioning of the Company. The responsibilities of the Board include setting the Company's strategic objectives and policies, providing leadership to put them into effect, supervising the management of the business, ensuring implementation of decisions reached at the Annual General Meeting, ensuring value creation to shareholders and employees, determination of the terms of reference and procedures of all Board Committees, ensuring maintenance of ethical standard as well as compliance with the laws of Nigeria. The Board consists of twelve (12) Directors, made up of two (2) Executive Directors and ten (10) Non-Executive Directors, one of whom is the Chairman. The Directors are experienced stakeholders with diverse professional backgrounds in Insurance, Accounting, Banking, Commerce, Management, Diplomacy, Engineering, Government etc. The Directors are men of impeccable character and high integrity.

The Company is indeed delighted to have a versatile Board with deep understanding of its responsibilities to Shareholders, Regulatory Authorities, Government and other Stakeholders. The Board always takes proactive steps to master and fully appreciate all cultural, legislative, ethical, institutional and all other factors, which impact our operations and operating environment. This has ensured that a culture of compliance with rules and regulation is entrenched at all levels of operations within the Company.

The meetings of the Board are scheduled well in advance and reports from Committees of the Board are circulated to all the Directors. The Board meets quarterly.

#### a) RECORD OF DIRECTOR'S ATTENDANCE

In accordance with Section 258(2) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act Cap C20, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004, the record of Director's attendance and meetings held during year 2017 is available for inspection at the Annual General Meeting. The Board met five (5) times during the year and the meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with the agenda circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.





#### (a) Record of director's attendance

| DIRECTORS                     | 19.1.2017 | 20.03.2017 | 3.5.2017 | 27.7.2017 | 27.10.2017 | TOTAL |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------|-----------|------------|-------|
| Dr. Akin Ogunbiyi             | ✓         | ✓          | ✓        | ✓         | ✓          | 5     |
| Mr. Babatunde Dabiri          | ✓         | ✓          | ✓        | ✓         | ✓          | 5     |
| Mr. Segun Omosehin            | ✓         | ✓          | ✓        | ✓         | ✓          | 5     |
| Mr. Adebiyi Ashiru-Mobolaji   | na        | na         | ✓        | ✓         | ✓          | 3     |
| Mr. Femi Asenuga              | ✓         | ✓          | ✓        | ✓         | ✓          | 5     |
| Mr. Adesoye Olatunji          | ✓         | ✓          | ✓        | ✓         | <b>√</b>   | 5     |
| Adm. Festus Porbeni (mni) CFR | ✓         | ✓          | ✓        | ✓         | Х          | 4     |
| Mr. Michael Govan             | ✓         | Х          | Х        | ✓         | na         | 2     |
| Dr. Eze Ebube                 | ✓         | Х          | Х        | ✓         | ✓          | 3     |
| Prof. Patrick Utomi           | ✓         | Х          | ✓        | Х         | ✓          | 3     |
| Mr. Lamis Sheu Dikko          | ✓         | Х          | ✓        | ✓         | ✓          | 4     |
| Mr. Akinboye Oyewumi          | ✓         | ✓          | ✓        | ✓         | ✓          | 5     |
| Ms. Kadaria Ahmed             | ✓         | ✓          | ✓        | ✓         | Х          | 4     |

| ✓  | attended       | Х | Absent |
|----|----------------|---|--------|
| na | not applicable |   | •      |

#### (b). Committees

The Board performed its functions through a total of four Standing Committees during the year under review.

The Committees have clearly defined responsibilities, scope of authority and procedures for reporting to the Board. Membership of these Committees is structured in such a manner as to take optimum advantage of the skills and experience of the Non-Executive Directors. The following are the standing Committees of the Company.

#### i. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is established in accordance with Section 359(6) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004. The Committee has the oversight functions for the Company's Accounts. The Committee consists of six (6) members, three (3) of whom are nominated by the Board and three (3) nominated and elected by shareholders whose tenure is renewed annually.

The Committee met five (5) times to review the adequacy of the internal audit plan, to receive and deliberate on the report of the external auditors, to review progress on recommendations made in both the internal and external audit reports, to review the adequacy of internal control systems and the degree of business compliance with laid down internal policies, laws, code of business principles and any other relevant regulatory framework. Mrs. Temi Durojaiye chaired the Committee during the year under review. The records of attendance at the meetings are as follows:

| MEMBERS              | 16.1.2017 | 20.3.2017 | 25.4.2017 | 25.7.2017 | 24.10.2017 | TOTAL |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------|
| Mrs. Temi Durojaiye  | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         | ✓          | 5     |
| Mr. Akin Odubiyi     | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         | ✓          | 5     |
| Mr. Osato Aideyan    | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         | ✓          | 5     |
| Mr. Babatunde Dabiri | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         | ✓          | 5     |
| Mr. Adesoye Olatunji | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         | X         | ✓          | 4     |
| Mr. Akinboye Oyewumi | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         | Х         | ✓          | 4     |





- >>> Strategic Report >>> Governance
- >>> Financial Statements >>> Appendices

#### ii Finance And General Purposes Committee

The Finance and General Purposes comprises five (5) members namely: Mr. Babatunde Dabiri, Alh Lamis Dikko, Mr. Soye Olatunji, Mr. Segun Omosehin and Mr. Femi Asenuga

The Committee met three times to review the investment guidelines of the Company, ensure that investments embarked upon by the Management are in line with the guidelines as well as the appropriate statutory regulations, and also considers other miscellaneous issues. Mr. Babatunde Dabiri Chaired the Committee during the year under review. The records of attendance at the meetings are as follows:

| MEMBERS              | 25.04.2017 | 26.07.2017 | 24.10.2017 | TOTAL |
|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|-------|
| Mr. Babatunde Dabiri | ✓          | ✓          | ✓          | 3     |
| Mr. Lamis Sheu Dikko | ✓          | ✓          | ✓          | 3     |
| Mr. Adesoye Olatunji | ✓          | ✓          | ✓          | 3     |
| Mr. Segun Omosehin   | ✓          | ✓          | ✓          | 3     |
| Mr. Femi Asenuga     | ✓          | ✓          | ✓          | 3     |

#### iii. Establishment/Governance Committee

The Committee comprises five members met three (3) times to consider and make recommendation on the governance of the Company, remuneration and general welfare of the Senior Management and Staff of the Company. The records of attendance at the meetings are as follows:

| MEMBERS                       | 18.1.2017 | 16.3.2017 | 18.7.2017 | TOTAL |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| Mr. Lamis Sheu Dikko          | ✓         | ✓         | <b>✓</b>  | 3     |
| Mr. Akinboye Oyewumi          | Х         | ✓         | <b>✓</b>  | 2     |
| Prof. Patrick Utomi           | ✓         | ✓         | X         | 2     |
| Adm. Festus Porbeni (mni) CFR | X         | ✓         | <b>✓</b>  | 2     |
| Ms. Kadaria Ahmed             | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         | 3     |

#### iv. Technical/Risk Management Committee

The Technical/Risk Management Committee met three (3) times during the year under review to ensure compliance with Enterprise Risk Management Policies and the Regulatory Risk Management Requirements. The Committee also deliberates on and make recommendations to the Board on technical and special matters in connection with the core business of the Company as referred to it from time to time by the Board. The records of attendance at the meetings are as follows:

| MEMBERS                     | 9.3.2017 | 26.7.2017 | 26.10.2017 | TOTAL |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----------|------------|-------|
| Dr. Eze Ebube               | ✓        | ✓         | ✓          | 3     |
| Mr. Michael Govan           | ✓        | ✓         | na         | 2     |
| Mr. Segun Omosehin          | ✓        | ✓         | ✓          | 3     |
| Mr. Femi Asenuga            | ✓        | ✓         | ✓          | 3     |
| Mr. Adebiyi Ashiru-Mobolaji | na       | ✓         | ✓          | 2     |





#### (c) Enterprise risk management

#### i. Introduction and Overview

Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc has a clear and functional Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) framework that is responsible for identifying, assessing and managing the likely impact of risks faced by the Company.

#### ii. Enterprise-wide Risk Management Principles

At Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc, we try as much as possible to balance our portfolio of risks while maximizing value to stakeholders through an approach that mitigates inherent risks and reward our business.

To ensure effective and economic development of resources, we operate strictly by the following principles:

- The Company will not take any action that will compromise its integrity.
- The Company will at times comply with all government regulations and uphold best international practice.
- The Company will build an enduring risk culture, which shall pervade the entire organisation.
- The Company will at all times hold a balanced portfolio and adhere to guidelines on investment issued by regulator and Finance and General Purpose Committee of the Company.
- The Company will ensure that there is adequate reinsurance in place for its businesses and also ensure prompt payment of such premiums.

#### iii. Approach to Risk Management

At Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc, there are levels of authority put in place for the oversight function and management of risk to create and promote a culture that mitigates the negative impact of risks facing the Company.

#### iv. The Board

The Board sets the organisation's objectives, risk appetite and approves the strategy for managing risk. There is a Board Committee on Risk Management which ensures that various functions are geared towards minimizing the likelihood of the impacts of risks faced by the Company.

#### v. The Audit Committee

This is a statutory Committee of the Board which is saddled with the following functions::

- Perform oversight function on accounting and financial reporting
- Liaise with the external auditor
- Ensure regulatory compliance
- Monitoring the effectiveness of internal control process within the Company

#### vi. Technical/Risk Management Committee

This Committee oversees the business process. Their functions include:

- Reviewing of Company's risk appetite.
- Oversee management's process for identification of significant risk across the Company and the adequacy of prevention detection and reporting mechanisms.
- Review underwriting risks especially above limit for adequacy of reinsurance and Company's participation.
- Review and recommend for approval of the Board, risk management procedures and controls for new products and services.





#### vii. Finance & General Purpose Committee

Sets the investment limit and the type of businesses the Company should invest in.

- Reviews and approves the Company's investment policy
- Approves investments over and above Management's approval limit.
- Ensures that there is optimal asset allocation in order to meet the targeted goals of the Company.

The second level is the management of the Company. This comprises the Managing Director and the Management Committee.

They are responsible for strategic implementation of the Enterprise Risk Management policies and guidelines set by the Regulator, Government and the Board for risk mitigation. This is achieved through the business unit they supervise.

The last level is that of the independent assurance. This comprises the internal audit function that provides independent and objective assurance of the effectiveness of the Company's system of internal control established by the first and second lines of defence in management of Enterprise Risk across the organisation.





The Company has a robust complaint management policy to resolve complaints from shareholders, customers and stakeholders with speed. Below is the Company's complaints management policy.

A complaint can be lodged either by forwarding a letter of complaint or electronically to the Managing Director/CEO of the Company at 233, Ikorodu Road, Ilupeju, Lagos or to info@mbaplc.com.

The complaint must and should include the following details:

- a. Names
- b. Address
- c. Telephone number
- d. E-mail address
- e. Signature (this may be dispersed with where the complaint is lodged electronically)
- f. Date
- g. A description of the action or issue complained about and reason for the complaint.

The Managing Director/CEO or his nominees shall acknowledge receipt of the complaint within five working days either by email or by post.

The Company will use its best endeavor to resolve all complaints within ten working days of the receipt of the complaint. Where a complaint cannot be resolved by the company within ten working days, the complainant would be so informed and the appropriate regulator will be notified within two working days with reason(s) for our inability to resolve the complaint and such complaints would be referred to the regulators in cases that require the regulator's intervention.

The Company shall also maintain a complaint register which shall contain the following information:

- a. Name of the complainant
- b. Date of the complaint
- c. Nature of the complaint
- d. Summary of the complaint
- e. Action taken
- f. Remarks/comment

A quarterly status report of all complaints received by the Company shall be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Nigerian Stock Exchange (NSE).



Subomi Adebero ABDULAI, TAIWO & CO COMPANY SECRETARIES FRC/2013/00000004756

Dated the 23rd March, 2018





#### To the members of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc

In accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, relevant provisions of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004, the Insurance Act 2003, relevant policy guidelines issued by the National Insurance Commission (NAICOM) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act No. 6, 2011, the members of the Statutory Audit Committee of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc. hereby report as follows:

- We have exercised our statutory functions under section 359(6) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004 and we acknowledge that the scope and planning of both the external and internal audits for the year ended 31 December 2017 were satisfactory and reinforce the Company's Internal Control Systems.
- · We confirm that the accounting and reporting policies of the Group are in accordance with legal requirements and agreed ethical practices.
- We are satisfied with the Management's responses to the external auditors' recommendations on accounting and internal control matters and with the effectiveness of the Company's system of accounting and Internal Control.
- · We acknowledge the co-operation of Management and staff in the conduct of statutory responsibilities.

MRS. TEMI DUROJAIYE

Chairperson, Audit Committee FRC/2013/ICAN/00000003102

Date: 23rd March, 2018

#### Members of the Audit Committee are:

1 Mrs. Temi Durojaiye Chairperson

Mr. Akin Odubiyi
 Shareholders' Representative
 Mr. Osato Aideyan
 Shareholders' Representative

4 Mr. Babatunde Dabiri
 5 Mr. Adesoye Olatunji
 6 Mr. Akinboye Oyewumi
 Board's Representative
 Board's Representative

#### Secretary to the Committee

Babajide Ibitayo







The Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004, requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year that present fairly, in all material respects, the state of financial affairs of the Group at the end of the year and of its profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The responsibilities include ensuring that the Group:

- a) keeps proper accounting records that disclose, with reasonable accuracy, the financial position of the Group and comply with the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards, provisions of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004, the Insurance Act 2003, relevant policy guidelines issued by the National Insurance Commission (NAICOM) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act No. 6, 2011;
- b) establishes adequate internal controls to safeguard its assets and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities; and
- c) prepares its financial statements using suitable accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates, and are consistently applied.
- d) The Directors accept responsibility for the annual financial statements, which have been prepared using appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates, in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standards, provisions of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004, the Insurance Act 2003, relevant policy guidelines issued by the National Insurance Commission (NAICOM) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act No 6, 2011.

The Directors are of the opinion that the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the state of the financial affairs of the Group and of its profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The Directors further accept responsibility for the maintenance of accounting records that may be relied upon in the preparation of financial statements, as well as adequate systems of internal financial control.

Nothing has come to the attention of the Directors to indicate that the Group will not remain a going concern for at least twelve months from the date of this statement.

Dr. Akin Ogunbiyi Chairman FRC/2013/CIIN/00000003114

Date: 23rd March, 2018



Olusegun Omosehin Managing Director/CEO FRC/2013/CIIN/00000003103

Date: 23rd March, 2018







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# TO THE MEMBERS OF MUTUAL BENEFITS ASSURANCE PLC Report on the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at 31 December 2017, and the consolidated and separate statements of profit or loss and consolidated and separate other comprehensive income, the consolidated and separate statements of changes in equity and the consolidated and separate statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc and its subsidiaries present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company and the Group as at 31 December 2017 and of their financial performance and cash flows for year then ended and have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by International Accounting Stardard Board (IASB), the relevant provisions of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004, the Insurance Act 2003, relevant policy guidelines issued by the National Insurance Commission (NAICOM) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act No. 6, 2011.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing the audit of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc and its subsidiaries. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code, and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing the audit of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc and its subsidiaries. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matter**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For the matter below, our description of how audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matter below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.





## **Key Audit Matter**

The Group has insurance contract liabilities of N10 billion, out which outstanding claims of N6.0 billion (2016: N3.9billion) as at 31 December 2017 representing 12.3% (2016: 9%) of the Group's total liabilities. The valuation of these liabilities is highly judgmental as it requires a number of assumptions to be made with high estimation uncertainity such as future outcomes of claims, including primarily the timing and ultimate full settlement of long term policy liabilities. It requires economic assumptions such as investment return and interest rates and non-economic actuarial assumptions such as mortality, morbility and customer behavior.

The complexity of the valuation models may give rise to errors as a result of inadequate/incomplete date or inadequate design or application of the models. Due to its significance and the complexity of the related estimation and judgements, this is considered to be a key audit matter.

The accounting policies and details relating to the insurance contract liabilities are disclosed in Notes 2.3.27 and 38 to the consolidated and separate financial statements, respectively."

#### How the matter was addressed in the audit

Consistent with the insurance industry practice, the Company engaged the actuary to test the adequacy of the insurance contract valuation as at year end.

With the assistance of our actuarial specialists, we performed the following audit procedures on the Company's actuarial reports:

- I. We considered the appropriateness of the assumptions used in the valuation of the insurance contracts by reference to the Company's and industry's data and expectations of investment returns, future longevity and expense developments.
- ii. We considered the appropriateness of the non-economic assumptions used in the valuation of the insurance contracts in relation to lapse or extension assumptions by reference to Company specific and industry data.
- i. We reviewed and documented management's process for estimating life policy benefits.
- ii. We assessed the design and tested the operating effectiveness of internal controls over the integrity of underwriting and claims data in the system as well as over the reserving and claims processes.
- iii. We performed file reviews of specific underwriting contracts in order to maximize our understanding of the book of business and validate initial loss estimates.
- iv. We performed subsequent year claim payments to confirm the reasonableness of the initial loss estimates.







#### Other Information

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Report, Five-year financial summary and Statement of value added as required by the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004, Corporate Governance Report as required by Code of Corporate Governance issued by Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and National Insurance Commission (NAICOM) and Audit Committee Report as required by Section 359(6) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004. The other information were obtained prior to the date of this report, and the Annual Report, is expected to be made available to us after that date. The other information does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

## Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, provisions of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004, the Insurance Act 2003, relevant policy guidelines issued by the National Insurance Commission (NAICOM) and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act No. 6, 2011 and for such internal control as the Directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,







intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirement of Schedule 6 of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004 and Section 28(2) of the Insurance Act 2003, we confirm that:

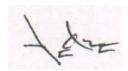
- i we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- ii in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company, in so far as appears from our examination of those books;
- the Company and the Group consolidated and separate statements of financial position, profit or loss and other comprehensive income are in agreement with the books of account;
- in our opinion, the consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, CAP C20 Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004 and Section 28(2) of the Insurance Act 2003 so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and financial performance.







The Company incurred penalties in respect of contraventions of the requirement of certain section of the National insurance Commission's Operational Guideline 2011 during the financial year. The details of the contraventions and penalties are disclosed in note 57 of the financial statements.



Kayode Famutimi, FCA, FRC/2012/ICAN/0000000155

For: Ernst & Young Lagos, Nigeria

Date: 4th May, 2018







## 1. Corporate information

These financial statements are the consolidated and separate financial statements of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (hereafter referred to as 'the Group'). The address of the registered office is: Aret Adams House, 233 Ikorodu Road, Ilupeju - Lagos.

Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc ("the Company") (RC 269837) was Incorporated as a private limited company on 18 April 1995, granted the Certificate of Registration as an Insurer by the National Insurance Commission (NAICOM) in September 1995, commenced operations on 2 October 1995 and became a public liability company on 24 May 2001. Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc is a financial, wealth protection company in Nigeria. The Company is listed on the Nigerian Stock Exchange.

The Company invests policy holders funds and pays claims arising from insurance contract liabilities in line with the provisions of Insurance Act, CAP I17, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria 2004 and NAICOM guidelines.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries and information of the Group's structure are disclosed in Note 32. Information on other related party relationships of the Group is provided in Note 55. The consolidated and separate financial statements

of the Company and its subsidiaries were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 February 2018.

## **Going Concern**

The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and there is no intention to curtail business operations. Capital adequacy and liquidity ratios are continuously reviewed and appropriate action taken to ensure that there are no going concern threats to the operation of the Company.

The Directors have made assessment of the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and have no reason to believe that the Group

and the Company will not remain a going concern in the years ahead.

## 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

## 2.1 Introduction to summary of accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated and separate financial statements ("the financial statements") are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

## 2.2 Basis of presentation and compliance with IFRS

These consolidated and separate financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). Additional information required by national regulations has been included where appropriate.

The consolidated and separate financial statements comprises of the statements of profit or loss, statements of other comprehensive income, the statements of financial position, the statements of changes in equity, the statements of cash flows, summary of significant accounting policies and the notes.

The financial statements values are presented in Nigerian Naira ( $\aleph$ ) rounded to the nearest thousand ( $\aleph$ '000), unless otherwise indicated.

## 2.2 Basis of presentation and compliance with IFRS - Continued

The Group presents its statement of financial position broadly in order of liquidity. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within twelve months after the reporting date (no more than 12 months) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (more than 12 months) is presented in the respective notes.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial





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position only when there is a current legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settled the liability simultaneously.

## (a) Basis of measurement

These consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties and financial assets are measured at fair value.

## (b) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainties and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are described in Note 2.3.38.

## 2.3. Significant accounting policies

Except for the effect of the changes in accounting policies, if any, the group has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

#### 2.3.1 Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated and separate financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group and its investees that are considered subsidiaries as at 31 December 2017. Subsidiaries are investees that the Group has control over. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if, and only if, the Group has:

- (a) Power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- (b) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee
- (c) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

#### 2.3.1 Basis of Consolidation - Continued

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- (b) Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- (c) The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of OCI are attributed to the owners of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.







A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction (transactions with owners).

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, noncontrolling interest and other components of equity, while any resultant gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any investment retained is recognised at fair value.

## 2.3.2 Product classification

Insurance contracts are those contracts where the Group (the insurer) has accepted significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholders) by agreeing to compensate the policyholders if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholders. As a general guideline, the Group determines whether it has significant insurance risk, by comparing benefits payable after an insured event with benefits payable if the insured event did not occur. Insurance contracts can also transfer financial risk.

Investment contracts are those contracts that transfer significant financial risk, but not significant insurance risk. Financial risk is the risk of a possible future change in one or more of a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of price or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable, provided in the case of a non-financial variable that the variable is not specific to a party to the contract.

Once a contract has been classified as an insurance contract, it remains an insurance contract for the remainder of its lifetime, even if the insurance risk reduces significantly during this period, unless all rights and obligations are extinguished or expire. Investment contracts can, however, be reclassified as insurance contracts after inception if insurance risk becomes significant.

## 2.3.3 Business combinations and goodwill

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for Business Combinations and acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. If the business combination is achieved in stages, fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, is measured at fair value with the changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost (being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests) and any previous interest held over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date. If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to an appropriate cash-generating unit (CGU) that is expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill has been allocated to CGU and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cashgenerating unit retained.





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## 2.3.4 Foreign currency translation

The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in Naira which is also the parent company's functional currency. Each company in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. The Group uses the direct method of consolidation and on disposal of a foreign operation, the gain or loss that is reclassified to profit or loss reflects the amount that arises from using this method.

#### 2.3.4.1 Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group's entities at their functional currency spot rate prevailing at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rate of exchange at the reporting date.

All differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are taken to the statement of profit or loss with the exception of differences on foreign monetary items that form part of a net investment in a foreign operation. These are recognised in OCI until the disposal of the net investment, at which time they are reclassified to profit or loss. Tax charges and credits attributable to exchange differences on these monetary items are also recorded in OCI.

#### 2.3.4.1 Transactions and balances - Continued

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the initial transaction and are not subsequently restated. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of a gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

## 2.3.4.2 Group companies

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Naira at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their statement of profit or loss is translated at exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. The exchange differences arising on the translation for consolidation are recognised in OCI. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of OCI relating to that particular foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange at the reporting date.

#### 2.3.5 Investment in an associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but it is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investment in its associate is accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associate is carried in the statement of financial position at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate. Goodwill relating to an associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortised nor individually tested for impairment.

The statement of profit or loss reflects the share of the results of operations of the associate. Any change in OCI of the investee is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the





interest in the associate.

The financial statements of the associate are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring its accounting policies in line with the Group's.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an additional impairment loss on the Group's investment in associates. The Group determines at each reporting date, whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount in the 'share of profit of an associate' in the statement of profit or loss.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any remaining investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the remaining investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.3.6 Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable operating segments, as follows:

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged in providing products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Group's primary format for segment reporting is based on business segments i.e life business, real estate and microfinance. Significant geographical regions have been identified as the secondary basis of reporting, which are Nigeria, Niger and Liberia as disclosed Note 3.6.

Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit or loss in

the consolidated financial statements. No intersegment transactions occurred in 2017 and 2016.

#### 2.3.7 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises premium, investment income, value for services rendered, net of value-added tax, after eliminating revenue within the Group.

## 2.3.7.1 Gross premiums

Gross recurring premiums on life and investment contracts are recognised as revenue when payable by the policyholder. For single premium business, revenue is recognised on the date on which the policy is effective.

Gross general insurance written premiums comprise the total premiums receivable for the whole period of cover provided by contracts entered into during the accounting period. They are recognised on the date on which the policy commences. Premiums include any adjustments arising in the accounting period for premiums receivable in respect of business written in prior accounting periods. Premiums collected by intermediaries, but not yet received, are assessed based on estimates from underwriting or past experience and are included in premiums written.

Unearned premiums are those proportions of premiums written in a year that relate to periods of risk after the reporting date. Unearned premiums are calculated on a daily pro rata basis. The proportion attributable to subsequent periods is deferred as a provision for unearned premiums.

## 2.3.7.2 Annuity premium and claims

Annuity premiums relate to single premium payments and recognised as earned premium income in the period in which payments are received. Claims are made to annuitants in the form of monthly/quarterly payments based on the terms of the annuity contract and charged to statement of profit or loss as incurred. Premiums are recognised as revenue when they become payable by the contract holders. Premium are shown before deduction of commission.

## 2.3.7.3 Reinsurance premiums

Gross outward reinsurance premiums on life and





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investment contracts are recognised as an expense on the earlier of the date when premiums are payable or when the policy becomes effective.

Gross general reinsurance premiums ceded comprise the total premiums payable for the whole cover provided by contracts entered into in the period and are recognised on the date on which the policy incepts. Premiums include any adjustments arising in the accounting period in respect of reinsurance contracts incepting in prior accounting periods.

## 2.3.7.3 Reinsurance premiums - Continued

Unearned reinsurance premiums are those proportions of premiums ceded in a year that relate to periods of risk after the reporting date. Unearned reinsurance premiums are deferred over the term of the underlying direct insurance policies for risks-attaching contracts and over the term of the reinsurance contract for losses-occurring contracts.

Reinsurance premiums and claims on the face of the statement of profit or loss have been presented as negative items within premiums and net benefits and claims, respectively, because this is consistent with how the business is managed.

#### Reinsurance commission income

Reinsurance commission income represents commission received on direct business and transactions ceded to re-insurance during the year. It is recognized over the cover provided by contracts entered into the period and are recognized on the date on which the policy incepts.

## 2.3.7.4 Fees and commission income

Insurance and investment contract policyholders are charged for policy administration services, surrenders and other contract fees. These fees are recognised as revenue over the period in which the related services are performed. If the fees are for services provided in future periods, then they are deferred and recognised over those future periods.

#### 2.3.7.5 Investment income

Interest income is recognised in the statement of profit or loss as it accrues and is calculated by using the EIR method. Fees and commissions that are an integral part of the effective yield of the financial asset are recognised as an adjustment to the EIR of the instrument.

Investment income also includes dividends when the right to receive payment is established and Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straight line basis over the lease terms

#### 2.3.7.6 Rendering of services and sales of goods

Revenue from sales of goods arising from property business engaged in by the Group. The revenue recognition is contingent on when the significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to buyer.

#### 2.3.7.7 Finance income

Interest income arising from the micro finance banking services offered by the Group and is recognized in the profit or loss as it accrues and is calculated by using the effective interest rate method.

## 2.3.8 Benefits, claims and expenses recognition

## 2.3.8.1 Gross benefits and claims

Gross benefits and claims for life insurance contracts and for investment contracts with DPF include the cost of all claims arising during the year, including: internal and external claims handling costs that are directly related to the processing and settlement of claims. Death claims and surrenders are recorded on the basis of notifications received. Maturities and annuity payments are recorded when due.

General insurance and health claims include all claims occurring during the year, whether reported or not, related internal and external claims handling costs that are directly related to the processing and settlement of claims, a reduction for the value of salvage and other recoveries, and any adjustments to claims outstanding from previous years.

## 2.3.8.2 Reinsurance claims

Reinsurance claims are recognized when the related gross insurance claim is recognized according to the terms of the relevant contract.

## 2.3.8.3 Underwriting expenses







Underwriting expenses comprise acquisitions costs and other underwriting expenses. Acquisition costs comprise all direct and indirect costs arising from the writing of insurance contracts. These costs also include fees and commission expense. Other underwriting expenses are those incurred in servicing existing policies and contracts. They are recognized in the statement of profit or loss over the tenor of the insurance cover.

## 2.3.8.4 General administrative expenses

These are expenses other than claims and underwriting expenses. They include employee benefits, professional fees, depreciation expenses and other non-operating expenses. Management expenses are accounted for on accrual basis and recognized in the statement of profit or loss upon utilization of the service or at the date of origination.

#### 2.3.8.5 Finance costs

Interest expense is recognized in the profit or loss as it accrues and is calculated by using the effective interest rate method. Accrued interest is included within the carrying value of the interest bearing financial liability.

## 2.3.9 Cash and short-term deposits

Cash and short-term deposits in the statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with a maturity of three months or less from origination, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and not subject to any encumberances.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts, if any, as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.

## 2.3.10 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

## 2.3.10.1 Financial assets

## 2.3.10.1.1 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets at FVPL, held to maturity (HTM) investments, loans and receivables and Available-forsale (AFS) financial assets. All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

## 2.3.10.1.1 Initial recognition and measurement - Continued

The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired or originated. Financial assets are classified as at FVPL where the Group's documented investment strategy is to manage financial investments on a fair value basis, because the related liabilities are also managed on this basis. The AFS category is used when the relevant liability (including shareholders' funds) is passively managed and/or carried at amortised cost.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

The Group's financial assets include cash and shortterm deposits, trade and other receivables, loan and other receivables, quoted and unquoted financial instruments, and derivative financial instruments.

## 2.3.10.1.2 Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Fair value through profit or loss
- Held to maturity (HTM) investments
- Loans and receivables
- AFS financial assets

## i. Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at FVPL include financial assets held for trading and those designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL. Investments typically bought with the intention to sell in the near future are classified as held for trading. Derivatives, including





separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments as defined by IAS 39. For investments to be designated as at FVPL, the following criteria must be met:

- The designation eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognising gains or losses on a different basis; Or,
- The assets and liabilities are part of a group of financial assets, financial liabilities, or both, which are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

Subsequent to initial recognition, they are remeasured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in 'Fair value gains and losses'. Interest is accrued and presented in 'Investment income', using the effective interest rate (EIR). Dividend income is recorded in 'investment income' when the right to the payment has been established.

## Held to maturity financial assets

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held to maturity when the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold until maturity. After initial measurement, held to maturity financial assets are measured at amortised cost, using the EIR, less impairment. The EIR amortisation is included in 'Investment income' in the statement of profit or loss. Gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss when the investments are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

## ii. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost, using the EIR method, less allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fee or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The EIR amortisation is included in 'investment income' in the statement of profit or loss. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the investments are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

#### iii. Available-for-sale financial assets

AFS financial assets include equity and debt securities. Equity investments classified as AFS are those that are neither classified as held for trading nor designated at FVPL. Debt securities in this category are those that are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or in response to changes in the market conditions.

After initial measurement, AFS financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses recognised in OCI in the AFS reserve (equity). Where the insurer holds more than one investment in the same security they are deemed to be disposed of on a first-in first-out basis. Interest earned whilst holding AFS investments is reported as interest income using the EIR. Dividends earned whilst holding AFS investments are recognised in the statement of profit or loss as 'Investment income' when the right of the payment has been established. When the asset is derecognised or determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from AFS reserve to the statement of profit or loss and removed from the AFS reserve.

The Group evaluates whether the ability and intention to sell its AFS financial assets in the near term is still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets if the management has the ability and intention to hold the assets for the foreseeable future or until maturity. Reclassification to loans and receivables is permitted when the financial asset meets the definition of loans and receivables and management has the intention and ability to hold these assets for the foreseeable future or until maturity. The reclassification to HTM is permitted only when the entity has the ability and intention to hold the financial asset until maturity.





For a financial asset reclassified out of the available-for-sale category, the fair value carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its new amortised cost and any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognised in equity is amortised to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the EIR. Any difference between the new amortised cost and the maturity amount is also amortised over the remaining life of the asset using the EIR. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

## 2.3.10.1.3 Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired
   Or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

## 2.3.10.1.3 Derecognition of financial assets - Continued

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a passthrough arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a

guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

## 2.3.10.1.4 Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred since the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

#### i. Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses whether impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

The amount of any impairment loss identified is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit





losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Interest income (recorded as investment income in the statement of profit or loss) continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

## 2.3.10.1.4 Impairment of financial assets

#### ii. Available-for-sale financial investments

For AFS financial investments, the Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired.

In the case of equity investments classified as AFS, objective evidence would include a 'significant or prolonged' decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost. 'Significant' is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and 'prolonged' against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss – is removed from OCI and recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through profit or loss; increases in their fair value after impairment are recognized directly in OCI.

The determination of what is 'significant' or 'prolonged' requires judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration or extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost. The determination of what is 'significant' is 20% and 'prolonged' is six months.

#### 2.3.10.2 Financial liabilities

#### 2.3.10.2.1 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified at initial recognition, as borrowing, payables and other payables as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value. The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, other accrual and payables.

#### 2.3.10.2.2 Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification.

## i. Payables and other payables

Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. If the due date of the liability is less than one year discounting is omitted.

## ii. Interest bearing loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fee or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance cost in the statement of profit or loss.

## 2.3.10.2.3 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on







substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the profit or loss.

## 2.3.11 Deposit liabilities

Deposits liabilities include current, term and savings deposits with the Group by depositors. Deposits from customers are initially recognized in liabilities at fair value less transaction cost and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Interest paid on the deposits is expensed as finance cost in profit or loss' during the period in which the Group has the obligation to pay the interest. Deposits are derecognised when repaid to customers on demand or used to offset amount(s) due from the customer as agreed in the contract.

#### 2.3.12 Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments and non-financial assets such as investment properties at fair value at each reporting date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 3.5.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to

generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each year.

#### 2.3.12 Fair value measurement - Continued

The Group's management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as investment properties and unquoted Available-for-sale (AFS) financial assets, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for distribution in discontinued operation.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as investment properties and significant liabilities, such as contingent consideration. Involvement of external valuers is decided upon annually by the management after discussion with and approval by the audit committee.





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Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained.

At each reporting date, the valuation committee analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or reassessed as per the Group's accounting policies. For this analysis, the valuation committee verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents

The management, in conjunction with the Group's external valuers, also compares the changes in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

The fair value of financial instruments that are actively traded in organised financial markets is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices for assets and offer prices for liabilities, at the close of business on the reporting date, without any deduction for transaction costs.

For units in unit trusts and shares in open ended investment companies, fair value is determined by reference to published bid values in an active market.

For other financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined by using appropriate valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include the discounted cash flow method, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist and other relevant valuation models.

Their fair value is determined using a valuation model that has been tested against prices or inputs to actual market transactions and using the Group's best estimate of the most appropriate model assumptions. For discounted cash flow techniques, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market-related rate for a similar instrument. The use of different pricing models and assumptions could produce materially different estimates of fair values.

The fair value of floating rate and overnight deposits with credit institutions is their carrying value. The carrying value is the cost of the deposit and accrued interest. The fair value of fixed interest bearing deposits is estimated using discounted cash flow techniques. Expected cash flows are discounted at current market rates for similar instruments at the reporting date.

#### 2.3.12 Fair value measurement - Continued

If the fair value cannot be measured reliably, these financial instruments are measured at cost, being the fair value of the consideration paid for the acquisition of the investment or the amount received on issuing the financial liability. All transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition are also included in the cost of the investment.

## 2.3.13 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Group of assets.

Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In







determining fair value less costs to sell, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded subsidiaries or other available fair value indicators.

Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognized in the profit or loss in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount.

A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the profit or loss unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

The following criteria are also applied in assessing impairment of goodwill:

#### Goodwill

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating units, to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating units is less than their carrying amount an impairment loss is recognised. The Group performs its annual impairment test of

goodwill as at 31 December.

#### 2.15 Impairment of non-financial assets - Continued

The recoverable amount of the banking CGU have been determined based on a value in use calculation. The calculation requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from each of the CGUs and discount these amounts using a suitable rate which reflects the risk of those cash flows in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Previously recorded impairment losses for goodwill are not reversed in future periods.

## Intangible assets

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually at 31 December, either individually or at the cash generating unit level, as appropriate and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

## 2.3.14 Pledged assets

Financial assets transferred to external parties that do not qualify for de-recognition are reclassified in the statement of financial position from financial assets (held-for-trading, held to maturity or available for sale) to pledged assets, if the transferee has received the right to sell or re-pledge them in the event of default from agreed terms.

Initial recognition of pledged assets is at fair value, whilst subsequent measurement is based on the classification and measurement of the financial asset in accordance with IAS 39.

#### 2.3.15 Trade receivables

Trade receivables (premium receivable) are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

An allowance for impairment is made when there is objective evidence such as the probability of solvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtors that the Group will not be able to collect the amount due under the original terms of the invoice. Impaired debts





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are derecognized when they are assessed as uncollectible.

If in a subsequent period the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previous recognized impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversed date. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss.

#### 2.3.16 Reinsurance

# 2.3.16.1 Reinsurance ceded to reinsurance counterparties

The Group cedes insurance risk in the normal course of business for most of its businesses. Reinsurance assets represent balances due from reinsurance companies. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the outstanding claims provision or settled claims associated with the reinsurer's policies and are in accordance with the related reinsurance contract.

Reinsurance assets are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date, or more frequently, when an indication of impairment arises during the reporting year. Impairment occurs when there is objective evidence as a result of an event that occurred after initial recognition of the reinsurance asset that the Group may not receive all outstanding amounts due under the terms of the contract and the event has a reliably measurable impact on the amounts that the Group will receive from the reinsurer. The impairment loss is recorded in the statement of profit or loss

## 2.18 Reinsurance-continued

# 2.3.16.1 Reinsurance ceded to reinsurance counterparties - Continued

Gains or losses on buying reinsurance are recognised in the statement of profit or loss immediately at the date of purchase and are not amortised. Ceded reinsurance arrangements do not relieve the Group from its obligations to policyholders.

#### 2.3.16.2 Prepaid reinsurance

Prepaid reinsurance are those proportions of premiums written in a year that relate to periods of risk after the statement of financial position date and is reported under reinsurance assets in the statement of financial position. Prepaid reinsurance premiums are deferred over the term of the underlying direct insurance policies for risks-attaching contracts and over the term of the reinsurance contract for losses-occurring contracts.

#### 2.3.17 Other receivables and prepayment

Other receivables are made up of prepayments and other amounts due from parties which are not directly linked to insurance or investment contracts. Except prepayment and other receivables that are not financial assets, these are measured at amortised costs. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

## 2.3.18 Deferred expenses

## Deferred acquisition costs (DAC)

Those direct and indirect costs incurred during the financial period arising from the acquiring or renewing of insurance contracts are deferred to the extent that these costs are recoverable out of future premiums. All other acquisition costs are recognized as an expense when incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, DAC for general insurance are amortized over the period in which the related revenues are earned. The DAC asset for life insurance is amortised over the expected life of the contracts as a constant percentage of expected premiums. The deferred acquisition costs for reinsurers are amortised in the same manner as the underlying asset amortisation and is recorded in the statement of profit or loss.

Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for by changing the amortization period and are treated as a change in an accounting estimate.

An impairment review is performed at each reporting date or more frequently when an indication of







impairment arises. When the recoverable amount is less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss. DAC are also considered in the liability adequacy test for each reporting period.

DAC are derecognized when the related contracts are either settled or disposed of.

#### 2.3.19 Inventories and work in progress

The Group recognises property as inventory under the following circumstances:

- property purchased for the specific purpose of resale:
- property constructed for the specific purpose of resale (work in progress under the scope of IAS 18, "Revenue"); and
- property transferred from investment property to inventories. This is permitted when the Group commences the property's development with a view to sale.

They are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials and, where appropriate, labour and production overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories and work in progress to their present location and condition.

Cost is determined using weighted average cost. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less estimated costs to completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

## 2.3.20 Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is a lease, or contains a lease, is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset, even if that asset is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

## Group as a lessee

Leases that do not transfer to the Group substantially

all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased items are operating leases.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Contingent rental payable is recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. All other leases are considered finance leases.

#### Group as a lessor

Leases where the Group does not transfer substantially all of the risk and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases.

Rental income is recognised as revenue in the statement of profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating leaseare added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned. All other leases are considered finance leases.

Advances to customers under finance lease Advances to customers under finance lease are stated net of principal repayments. Finance lease income is recognised in a manner which provides a constant yield on the outstanding principal over the lease term.

## 2.3.21 Investment properties

Investment properties held for rental income and capital appreciation are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met; and excludes the costs of day-to-day servicing of an investment property. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Fair values are evaluated annually by an accredited





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external, independent valuer, applying a valuation model.

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of, or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the profit or loss in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use evidenced by the end of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or completion of construction or development. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property and equipment up to the date of the change in use.

## 2.3.22 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are carried in the separate statement of financial position at cost less allowance for impairment losses. Where, there has been impairment in the value of investments in subsidiaries, the loss is recognised as an expense in the period in which the impairment is identified. On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the statement of profit or loss account.

## 2.3.23 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in the profit or loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period (five years) and the amortisation method (straight line) for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the profit or loss in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible asset.

## 2.3.23 Intangible assets - continued

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash generating unit level. Such intangibles are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

## 2.3.24 Property, plant and equipment

Property and equipment (excluding building) is stated at cost, excluding the costs of day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Replacement or major inspection costs are capitalized when incurred and if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Building is measured at fair value less accumulated







depreciation and impairment losses recognised after the date of the revaluation. Valuations are performed frequently to ensure that the fair value of a revalued asset does not differ materially from its carrying amount.

Any revaluation surplus is recorded in other comprehensive income and hence, credited to the asset revaluation reserve in equity, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in the profit or loss, in which case, the increase is recognised in the profit or loss. A revaluation deficit is recognized in the profit or loss, except to the extent that it offsets an existing surplus on the same asset recognised in the asset revaluation reserve.

Accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset. Upon disposal, any revaluation reserve relating to the particular asset being sold is transferred to retained earnings.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straightline method to allocate the cost to the residual values over the estimated useful lives as follows:

| Building                      | 2%                |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Leasehold building            | over the          |
|                               | remainder of the  |
|                               | life of the lease |
| Leasehold improvements        | 20%               |
| Furniture and fittings        | 20%               |
| Plant and machinery           | 20%               |
| Motor vehicles                | 25%               |
| Computer and office equipment | 20%               |
|                               |                   |

The assets' residual values, and useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Impairment reviews are performed when there are indicators that the carrying value may not be recoverable. Impairment losses are recognised in the profit or loss as an expense.

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no further future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognized.

#### 2.3.25 Statutory deposit

Statutory deposit represents fixed deposit with the Central Bank of Nigeria in accordance with section 10(3) of the Insurance Act, 2003. The deposit is recognised at cost in the statement of financial position being 10% of the statutory minimum capital requirement of N3 billion for General insurance business and of N2 billion for life business. Interest income on the deposit is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period the interest is earned.

## 2.3.26 Deposit for shares

Deposit for shares are amounts that the Company has placed with (asset) or received from subsidiary, associate or another company (liability) for the ultimate purpose of equity investment in the relevant company for which relevant regulatory formalities have not been completed at the reporting date. Deposits for shares are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

#### 2.3.27 Insurance contracts

The Group issues contracts that transfer insurance risk or financial risk or both. Insurance contracts are those contracts where a party (the policy holder) transfers significant insurance risk to another party (insurer) and the latter agrees to compensate the policyholder or other beneficiary if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholder, or other beneficiary. Such contracts may also transfer financial risk when the insurer issues financial instruments with a discretionary participation feature. These are computed in compliance with the provisions of Sections 20, 21, and 22 of the Insurance Act 2003 as follows:

#### 2.3.27.1 General insurance contracts





These contracts are accident and casualty and property insurance contracts. Accident and casualty insurance contracts protect the Group's customers against the risk of causing harm to third parties as a result of their legitimate activities. Damages covered include both contractual and non-contractual events. The typical protection offered is designed for employers who become legally liable to pay compensation to injured employees (employers' liability) and for individual and business customers who become liable to pay compensation to a third party for bodily harm or property damage (public liability).

Property insurance contracts mainly compensate the Group's customers for damage suffered to their properties or for the value of property lost. Customers who undertake commercial activities on their premises could also receive compensation for the loss of earnings caused by the inability to use the insured properties in their business activities (business interruption cover).

#### (i) Reserves for unearned premium

In compliance with Section 20 (1) (a) of Insurance Act 2003, the reserve for unearned premium is calculated on a time apportionment basis in respect of the risks accepted during the year.

## (ii) Reserves for outstanding claims

The reserve for outstanding claims is maintained at the total amount of outstanding claims incurred and reported plus claims incurred but not reported ("IBNR") as at the reporting date. The IBNR is based on the liability adequacy test.

#### 2.3.27 Insurance contracts - Continued

## 2.3.27.2Life business

These contracts insure events associated with human life (for example, death or survival). These are divided into the individual life, group life and annuity contracts.

Individual life contracts are usually long term insurance contracts and span over one year while the group life insurance contracts usually cover a period of 12 months. A liability for contractual benefits that

are expected to be incurred in the future when the premiums are recognised. The liability is determined as the sum of the expected discounted value of the benefit payments and the future administration expenses that are directly related to the contract, less the expected discounted value of the theoretical premiums that would be required to meet the benefits and administration expenses based on the valuation assumptions used. The liability is based on assumptions as to mortality, persistence, maintenance expenses and investment income that are established at the time the contract is issued.

#### 2.3.27.3 Annuity contracts

These contracts insure customers from consequences of events that would affect the ability of the customers to maintain their current level of income. There are no maturity or surrender benefits. The annuity contracts are fixed annuity plans. Policy holders make a lump sum payment recognised as part of premium in the period when the payment was made. Constant and regular payments are made to annuitants based on terms and conditions agreed at the inception of the contract and throughout the life of the annuitants. The annuity funds are invested in long term government bonds and reasonable money markets instruments to meet up with the payment of monthly/quarterly annuity payments. The annuity funds liability is actuarially determined based on assumptions as to mortality, persistence, maintenance expenses and investment income that are established at the time the contract is issued.

## (i) Life fund

This is made up of net liabilities on policies in force as computed by the actuaries at the time of the actuarial valuation.

## Liability adequacy test

At each end of the reporting period, liability adequacy tests are performed by an Actuary to ensure the adequacy of the contract liabilities net of related DAC assets. In performing these tests, current best estimates of future contractual cash flows and claims handling and administration expenses, as well as investment income from the assets backing such liabilities, are used. Any deficiency is immediately charged to profit or loss initially by writing off DAC







and by subsequently establishing a provision for losses arising from liability adequacy tests "the unexpired risk provision".

#### 2.3.28 Investment contracts

Investment contracts are those contracts that transfer financial risk with no significant insurance risk. Investment contracts can be classified into interest linked and unitised fund. Interest linked investment contracts are measured at amortised cost while unitised funds are measured at fair value. Investment contracts with guaranteed returns (interest linked) and other business of a savings nature are recognized as liabilities. Interest accruing to the life assured from investment of the savings is recognized in the profit or loss account in the year it is earned while interest due to depositors is recognized as an expense. The net result of the deposit administration revenue account is transferred to the statement of profit or loss of the group.

The Group's investment contracts are classified into group and individual. Individual investment contract liabilities are derecognised when settled at maturity, surrendered or used to offset policy loans. Group investment contract liabilities are derecognised when paid, refunded or cancelled. Actuarial differences arising on valuation of the liabilities at the reporting date is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### 2.3.29 Deferred revenue

#### Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straight line basis over the lease terms and is included in investment income.

## Reinsurance commission

This relates to commissions receivable on outwards reinsurance contracts which are deferred and amortized on a straight line basis over the term of the expected premiums payable.

#### 2.3.30 Taxes

#### 2.3.30.1 Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the

current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current income tax assets and liabilities also include adjustments for tax expected to be payable or recoverable in respect of previous periods.

Current income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income is recognised in equity or other comprehensive income and not in the profit or loss.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions, where appropriate. Tax/back duty assessments are recognized when assessed and agreed to by the Group with the Tax authorities, or when appealed, upon receipt of the results of the appeal.

## 2.3.30.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method in respect of temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future





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Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized except:

- · Where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized

## 2.3.30 Taxes

#### 2.3.30.2 Deferred tax - Continued

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

#### 2.3.31 Provisions

#### General

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the profit or loss net of any reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

Contingent liabilities are possible obligations that arise from past events whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence, or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within Group's control. Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed.

#### **Onerous contracts**

A provision is recognized for onerous contracts in which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the expected economic benefits expected to be received under it. The unavoidable costs reflect the least net cost of exiting the contract, which is the lower of the cost of fulfilling it and any compensation or penalties arising from failure to fulfill it.

#### 2.3.32 Trade payable

Trade payable (Insurance payables) are recognised when due and measured on initial recognition at fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial







recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the EIR method.

## 2.3.33 Equity

#### 2.3.33.1 Share capital

Shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are recognised in equity, net of tax as a deduction from the proceeds. Where any member of the Group purchases the Company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs, is reported as a separate component of equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently sold, reissued or otherwise disposed of, any consideration received is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects.

#### 2.3.33.2 Treasury shares

When shares recognised as equity are repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs, is recognised as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares and are presented in the treasury shares reserve. When treasury shares are sold or reissued subsequently, the amount received is recognised as an increase in equity and the resulting surplus or deficit on the transaction is presented within share premium.

## 2.3.33.3 Foreign currency translation reserve

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to Naira at closing functional currency rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to Naira at spot rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency differences on the translation of foreign operations are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in foreign currency translation reserves in the statement of financial position.

## 2.3.33.4 Contingency reserve

#### (i). Non-life business

In compliance with Section 21 (2) of Insurance Act 2003, the contingency reserve is credited with the greater of 3% of total premiums, or 20% of the net profits. This shall accumulate until it reaches the amount of greater of minimum paid-up capital or 50 percent of net premium.

## (ii). Life business

In compliance with Section 22 (1) (b) of Insurance Act 2003, the contingency reserve is credited with the higher of 1% of gross premiums or 10% of net profit.

#### 2.3.33.5 Revaluation reserve

Revaluation reserve represents the fair value differences on the revaluation of items of property, plant and equipment as at the statement of financial position date. If an asset's carrying amount is increased as a result of a revaluation, the increase is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in revaluation reserve. The increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. If an assets carrying amount is decreased as a result of a revaluation, the decrease is recognised in profit or loss, however, the decrease shall be recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset.

The revaluation surplus in respect of an item of property, plant and equipment is transferred to retained earnings when the asset is derecognised. This involves transferring the whole of the surplus when the asset is retired or disposed. The amount of the surplus transfered is the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset and the depreciation based on the asset's original cost. Transfers from revaluation reserve to retained earnings are not made through profit or loss.

## 2.3.34 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding





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during the period excluding treasury shares held by the Company.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net profit by the weighted number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

## 2.3.35 Retirement obligations and Employee benefits

The Group operates the following contribution and benefit schemes for its employees:

## 2.3.35.1 Defined contribution pension scheme

The Group operates a defined contributory pension scheme for eligible employees. Company contributes 10% of the employees' Basic, Housing and Transport allowances in line with the provisions of the Pension Reform Act 2014. The Company pays the contributions to a pension fund administrator. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefits expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### 2.3.35.2 Short-term benefits

Wages, salaries, annual leave, bonuses and nonmonetary benefits are recognised as employee benefit expenses in the statement of profit or loss and paid in arrears when the associated services are rendered by the employees of the Company.

## 2.3.36 Standards issued but not yet effective

The standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Group's financial statements are disclosed below. The Group intends to adopt these standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

#### IFRS 9 financial instruments

IFRS 9 Financial instruments addresses the classification, measurement and de-recognition of

financial assets and financial liabilities, and introduces new rules for hedge accounting and a new impairment model for financial assets. It replaces the guidance in IAS 39 that relates to the classification and measurement of financial instruments. The Group intends to adopt these standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

The Group has reviewed its financial assets and liabilities and is expecting the following impact from the adoption of the new standard on 1 January 2018:

#### Classification and measurement:

A debt instrument is generally measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt instrument is normally measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) if both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt instrument that is not measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI must be measured at Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). An entity may irrevocably designate a debt instrument as measured at FVTPL at initial recognition. This is allowed if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as an 'accounting mismatch').

## **IMPACT**

From the results, the Group does not expect significant impact on its debt financial assets such as other receivables, staff loans, cash & cash equivalent and short term deposit. These instruments are currently measured at amortised cost and are







expected to be measured at amortised cost under IFRS 9 as they are held to collect contractual cash flows.

The Group expects medium impact on the treasury bills currently measured at amortised cost. The treasury bills are held to collect contractual cash flow, manage liquidity and match the duration of insurance liabilities. Hence, the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling. Treasury bills would therefore be measured at Fair value through other comprehensive income under IFRS 9.

#### **EOUITY INSTRUMENT**

Equity instruments and derivatives are normally measured at FVTPL. However, on initial recognition, an entity may make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to present in OCI the subsequent changes in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument within the scope of IFRS 9. This option only applies to instruments that are neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which IFRS 3 applies. For the purpose of this election, 'equity instrument' is used as defined in IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation.

Although most gains and losses on investments in equity instruments designated at FVOCI will be recognised in OCI, dividends will normally be recognised in profit or loss.

Meanwhile, gains or losses recognised in OCI are never reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Consequently, there is no need to review such investments for possible impairment.

## 2.3.36 Standards issued but not yet effective

## IFRS 9 financial instruments - continued

## **IMPACT**

Quoted equity and unquoted equity would be measured at FVTPL except the Group makes an irrecoverable option to designate at FVOCI.

Unquoted equity previously measured at cost because it does not have quoted price in an active market must be measured at fair at the date of transition. Hence, any difference between the previous carrying amount and the fair value will be recognised in the opening retained earnings at the date of transition. It is estimated that on adoption of the new standard on 1 January 2018, the fair value of equity instruments would increase by N1million with a corresponding increase in retained earnings.

#### **FINANCIAL LIABILITIES**

There will be no impact on the Group's accounting for financial liabilities, as the new requirements only affect financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss and the Group does not have such liabilities. The de-recognition rules have been transferred from IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and have not been changed.

## Impairment of financial assets:

IFRS 9 requires an entity to recognise a loss allowance for expected credit losses on: debt instruments measured at amortised cost, debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, and lease receivables.

In applying the IFRS 9 impairment requirements, an entity needs to follow one of the approaches below:

- · The general approach
- The simplified approach
- The purchased or originated credit-impaired approach

#### The general approach

Using the general approach to recognising impairment is based on a three-stage process which is intended to reflect the deterioration in credit quality of a financial instrument.

## Simplified approach for trade receivables

IFRS 9 states that an entity shall always measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for:

- (a) trade receivables or contract assets that result from transactions that are within the scope of IFRS 15, and that:
- (I) do not contain a significant financing component in accordance with IFRS 15 (or when the entity applies the practical expedient in accordance with IFRS 15(63); or





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(ii) contain a significant financing component in accordance with IFRS 15, if the entity chooses as its accounting policy to measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. That accounting policy shall be applied to all such trade receivables or contract assets but may be applied separately to trade receivables and contract assets.

IFRS 9 states that an entity shall measure expected credit losses of a financial instrument in a way that

- (a) an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible
- (b) the time value of money; and
- (c) reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

#### 2.3.36 Standards issued but not yet effective

#### IFRS 9 financial instruments - continued

Simplified approach for trade receivables - continued When measuring expected credit losses, an entity need not necessarily identify every possible scenario. However, it shall consider the risk or probability that a credit loss occurs by reflecting the possibility that a credit loss occurs and the possibility that no credit loss occurs, even if the possibility of a credit loss occurring is very low.

The maximum period to consider when measuring expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period (including extension options) over which the entity is exposed to credit risk and not a longer period, even if that longer period is consistent with business practice.

## **IMPACT**

In measuring the loss allowance, the general approach will be used for the term loan, staff loan and Treasury bill (carried at amortised cost and FVTOCI).

The Group has a policy choice either to use the general approach or the simplified approach in recognizing impairment for lease receivables.

The Group is required to estimate the reasonably possible loss scenarios and the respective

probabilities to arrive at an unbiased and probability weighted amount that reflects the time value of money, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

## The Group will take the followings into consideration:

- The period over which to estimate ECLs
- · Probability-weighted outcomes
- · The time value of money (Mutual Benefits will ignore the need to consider explicitly the time value of money, because the effect is considered immaterial)
- · Reasonable and supportable information.

The ECLs in respect of receivables are recognized as a loss allowance against the gross carrying amount of the asset, with the resulting loss being recognized profit or loss.

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The IASB has issued a new standard for the recognition of revenue. This will replace IAS 18 which covers contracts for goods and services and IAS 11 which covers construction contracts.

IFRS 15 applies to all entities and all contracts with customers to provide goods or services in the ordinary course of business, except for the following contracts, which are specifically excluded:

- · Lease contracts within the scope of IAS 17 Leases (or IFRS 16 Leases)
- · Insurance contracts within the scope of IFRS 4 **Insurance Contracts**
- · Financial instruments and other contractual rights or obligations within the scope of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments or IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement
- · IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements
- · IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements, IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
- · Non-monetary exchanges between entities in the same line of business to facilitate sales to customers or potential customers







## 2.3.36 Standards issued but not yet effective

## IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers - continued

#### **IMPACT**

IFRS 15 applies to all contracts with customers other than specific contracts excluded from its scope. All insurance contracts and fees received for the various components of service relating to these contracts are subject to the insurance guidance rather than IFRS 15. Hence, IFRS 15 would not have any significant impact on the Company.

#### **IFRS 16 Leases**

IFRS 16 was issued in January 2016 and it replaces IAS 17 Leases, IFRIC 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC-15 Operating Leases-Incentives and SIC-27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. IFRS 16 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model similar to the accounting for finance leases under IAS 17. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees – leases of 'low-value' assets (e.g., personal computers) and short-term leases (i.e., leases with a lease term of 12 months or less). At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognise a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the rightof-use asset). Lessees will be required to separately recognise the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset.

Lessees will be also required to remeasure the lease liability upon the occurrence of certain events (e.g., a change in the lease term, a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payments). The lessee will generally recognise the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

Lessor accounting under IFRS 16 is substantially

unchanged from today's accounting under IAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification principle as in IAS 17 and distinguish between two types of leases: operating and finance leases.

IFRS 16 also requires lessees and lessors to make more extensive disclosures than under IAS 17.IFRS 16 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. Early application is permitted, but not before an entity applies IFRS 15. A lessee can choose to apply the standard using either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach. The standard's transition provisions permit certain reliefs. In 2018, The Group will continue to assess the potential effect of IFRS 16 on its financial statements.

# IFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions

#### -Amendments to IFRS 2

The IASB issued amendments to IFRS 2 Share-based Payment that address three main areas: the effects of vesting conditions on the measurement of a cash-settled share-based payment transaction; the classification of a share-based payment transaction with net settlement features for withholding tax obligations; and accounting where a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment transaction changes its classification from cash settled to equity settled.

On adoption, entities are required to apply the amendments without restating prior periods, but retrospective application is permitted if elected for all three amendments and other criteria are met. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with early application permitted. The Group is assessing the potential effect of the amendments on its consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.3.36 Standards issued but not yet effective

#### **IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts**

In May 2017, the IASB issued IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts, a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and





measurement, presentation and disclosure, which replaces IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts.

In contrast to the requirements in IFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies for measurement purposes, IFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model (the general model) for insurance contracts, supplemented by the variable fee approach for contracts with direct participation features that are substantially investment-related service contracts, and the premium allocation approach mainly for short-duration which typically applies to certain non-life insurance contracts.

The main features of the new accounting model for insurance contracts are, as follows:

- The measurement of the present value of future cash flows, incorporating an explicit risk adjustment, remeasured every reporting period (the fulfilment cash flows);
- A Contractual Service Margin (CSM) that is equal and opposite to any day one gain in the fulfilment cashflows of a group of contracts. The CSM represents the unearned profitability of the insurance contracts and is recognised in profit or loss over the service period (i.e., coverage period);
- Certain changes in the expected present value of future cash flows are adjusted against the CSM and thereby recognised in profit or loss over the remaining contractual service period;
- The effect of changes in discount rates will be reported in either profit or loss or other comprehensive income, determined by an accounting policy choice;
- The recognition of insurance revenue and insurance service expenses in the statement of comprehensive income based on the concept of services provided during the period;
- Amounts that the policyholder will always receive, regardless of whether an insured event happens (non-distinct investment components) are not presented in the income statement, but are recognised directly on the balance sheet;
- Insurance services results (earned revenue less incurred claims) are presented separately from the insurance finance income or expense;
- · Extensive disclosures to provide information on

the recognised amounts from insurance contracts and the nature and extent of risks arising from these contracts.

IFRS 17 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021, with comparative figures required. Early application is permitted, provided the entity also applies IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 on or before the date it first applies IFRS 17. Retrospective application is required. However, if full retrospective application for a group of insurance contracts is impracticable, then the entity is required to choose either a modified retrospective approach or a fair value approach.

The Group started a project to implement IFRS 17 and has been performing a high-level impact assessment of IFRS 17. The Group expects that the new standard will result in an important change to the accounting policies for insurance contract liabilities of the Group and is likely to have a significant impact on profit and total equity together with presentation and disclosure.

## 2.3.37 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

## New and amended standards and interpretations

The Group applied for the first time certain standards and amendments, which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The Group has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

The nature and the impact of each new standard and amendment is described below. Although these new standards and amendments applied for the first time in 2017, they did not have a material impact on the annual consolidated financial statements of the Group.

## Amendments to IAS 7: Disclosure Initiative

The amendments require entities to provide disclosure of changes in their liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes (such as foreign exchange gains or losses). The Group has no







such liability classified as such and therefore these amendments did not affect the Group's financial statements.

# Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes: Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses

The amendments clarify that an entity needs to consider whether the tax law restricts the sources of taxable profits against which it may make deductions on the reversal of deductible temporary difference related to unrealised losses. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance on how an entity should determine future taxable profits and explain the circumstances in which taxable profits may include the recovery of some assets for more than their carrying amount.

The Group applied amendments retrospectively. However, their application has no effect on the Group's financial position and performance as the Group's accounting policy has been consistent with the amendments.

## Annual Improvements 2014-2016 Cycle

Amendments to IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Clarification of the scope of disclosure requirements in IFRS 12

The amendments clarify that the disclosure requirements in IFRS 12, other than those in paragraphs B10–B16, apply to an entity's interest in a subsidiary, a joint venture or an associate (or a portion of its interest in a joint venture or associate) that is classified (or included in a disposal Company that is classified) as held for sale. During 2017 and 2016, the Group had no interests classified as such, and therefore these amendments did not affect the Group's financial statements.

# 2.3.38 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these

assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

## Estimates and assumptions

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognise in the financial statements:

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

The Group based its assumption and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Non-life insurance contract liabilities

Non-life insurance contract liabilities include the outstanding claims provision, the provision for unearned premium and the provision for premium deficiency. The outstanding claims provision is based on the estimated ultimate cost of all claims incurred but not settled at the reporting date, whether reported or not, together with related claims handling costs and a reduction for the expected value of salvage and other recoveries. Delays can be experienced in the notification and settlement of certain types of claims. Therefore, the ultimate cost of these cannot be known with certainty at the reporting date. The liability is calculated at the reporting date using a range of standard actuarial claim projection techniques, based on empirical data and current assumptions that may include a margin for adverse deviation. The liability is not discounted for the time





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value of money. No provision for equalisation or catastrophe reserves is recognised. The liabilities are derecognised when the obligation to pay a claim expires, is discharged or is cancelled.

The provision for unearned premiums represents that portion of premiums received or receivable that relates to risks that have not yet expired at the reporting date. The provision is recognised when contracts are entered into and premiums are charged, and is brought to account as premium income over the term of the contract in accordance with the pattern of insurance service provided under the contract.

The ultimate cost of outstanding claims is estimated by using a range of standard actuarial claims projection techniques, such as Chain Ladder method.

The main assumption underlying these techniques is that a Group's past claims development experience can be used to project future claims development and hence ultimate claims costs. As such, these methods extrapolate the development of paid and incurred losses, average costs per claim and claim numbers based on the observed development of earlier years and expected loss ratios.

## 2.3.38 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions - Continued

#### Non-life insurance contract liabilities

Historical claims development is mainly analysed by accident years, but can also be further analysed by geographical area, as well as by significant business lines and claim types. Large claims are usually separately addressed, either by being reserved at the face value of loss adjuster estimates or separately projected in order to reflect their future development. In most cases, no explicit assumptions are made regarding future rates of claims inflation or loss ratios. Instead, the assumptions used are those implicit in the historical claims development data on which the projections are based. Additional qualitative judgement is used to assess the extent to which past trends may not apply in future, (e.g., to reflect one-off occurrences, changes in external or market factors such as public attitudes to claiming,

economic conditions, levels of claims inflation, judicial decisions and legislation, as well as internal factors such as portfolio mix, policy features and claims handling procedures) in order to arrive at the estimated ultimate cost of claims that present the likely outcome from the range of possible outcomes, taking account of all the uncertainties involved.

#### Life insurance contract liabilities

Life insurance liabilities are recognised when contracts are entered into and premiums are charged. These liabilities are measured using the net premium method. The liability is determined as the sum of the discounted value of the expected future benefits, claims handling and policy administration expenses, policyholder options and guarantees and investment income from assets backing such liabilities, which are directly related to the contract, less the discounted value of the expected premiums that would be required to meet the future cash outflows based on the valuation assumptions used. The liability is either based on current assumptions or calculated using the assumptions established at the time the contract was issued, in which case, a margin for risk and adverse deviation is generally included. A separate reserve for longevity may be established and included in the measurement of the liability. Furthermore, the liability for life insurance contracts comprises the provision for unearned premiums and premium deficiency, as well as for claims outstanding, which includes an estimate of the incurred claims that have not yet been reported to the Group. Adjustments to the liabilities at each reporting date are recorded in the statement of profit or loss in 'Gross change in contract liabilities'. Profits originated from margins for adverse deviations on run-off contracts are recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the life of the contract, whereas losses are fully recognised in the statement of profit or loss during the first year of runoff. The liability is derecognised when the contract expires, is discharged or cancelled.

The estimation of the ultimate liability arising from claims made under insurance contracts is the Group's most critical accounting estimate. There are several sources of uncertainty that need to be considered in the estimate of the liability that the company will ultimately pay for such claims. The uncertainty arises



because all events affecting the ultimate settlement of the claims have not taken place and may not take place for some time.

Changes in the estimate of the provision may be caused by receipt of additional claim information, changes in judicial interpretation of contract, or significant changes in severity or frequency of claims from historical records. The estimates are based on the company's historical data and industry experience. The ultimate claims liability computation is subjected to a liability adequacy test by an actuarial consultant using actuarial models.

# 2.3.38 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions - Continued

## Fair value investment property

The valuation of investment properties is based on the price for which comparable land and properties are being exchanged hands or are being marketed for sale. Therefore, the market-approach Method of Valuation. By nature, detailed information on concluded transactions is difficult to come by. The past transactions and recent adverts are being relied upon in deriving the value of the subject properties. At least, eight properties will be analysed and compared with the subject property.

## Impairment on loans and receivables

In accordance with the accounting policy, the Group tests annually whether premium receivables and loans and receivable have suffered any impairment. The recoverable amounts of the premium receivables have been determined based on the incurred loss model. These calculations required the use of estimates based on passage of time and probability of recovery.







|  |                                      | GROUP  |   | COMPANY  |   |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|
|  | Notes                                | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000  | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000   | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000                                    | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000   |
| Gross premium written  | 4.1                                  | 14,037,879   | 12,143,610  | 7,298,974  | 6,586,846   |
| Gross premium income<br>Premiums ceded to reinsurers   | 4.1<br>4.2                           | 13,352,960<br>(1,885,655)  | 11,982,537<br>(1,711,110)   | 6,986,273<br>(1,046,287)                                     | 6,660,747<br>(1,515,476)  |
| Net premium income Fee and commission income Net underwriting income   | 4.3<br>5                             | 11,467,305<br>309,646<br>11,776,951  | 10,271,427<br>430,522<br>10,701,949   | 5,939,986<br>142,249<br>6,082,235                            | 5,145,271<br>312,481<br>5,457,752   |
| Net benefits and claims Change in life fund Change in annuity reserve Underwriting expenses Net underwriting expenses  | 6<br>38.1.2(ii)<br>38.1.2(iii)<br>7  | 5,154,205<br>(4,270)<br>(22,252)<br>2,944,601<br>8,072,284                         | 3,348,883<br>(161,532)<br>354,038<br>2,972,533<br>6,513,922                               | 1,914,071<br>-<br>-<br>1,621,939<br>3,536,010                | 1,004,168<br>-<br>-<br>1,581,501<br>2,585,669                                   |
| Underwriting profit  |                                      | 3,704,667  | 4,188,027   | 2,546,225  | 2,872,083   |
| Profit on investment contracts Investment income Net fair value gain/(loss) on assets FVTPL  | 8<br>9<br>at 10                      | 891,899<br>1,597,262<br>38,341   | 555,466<br>979,765<br>(58,750)  | -<br>896,167<br>123,731                                      | -<br>560,027<br>(53,475)  |
| Other income Impairment charge no longer requil Impairment charges Employee benefit expenses Management expenses Net foreign exchange gain/(loss) Result of operating activities | 11<br>red 12<br>13<br>14<br>15<br>16 | 477,649<br>2,011<br>(169,137)<br>(1,939,809)<br>(3,451,213)<br>22,285<br>1,173,955 | 257,485<br>61,682<br>(10,574)<br>(1,914,606)<br>(3,364,345)<br>(1,890,120)<br>(1,195,970) | 38,312<br>-<br>(846,284)<br>(1,931,345)<br>22,285<br>849,091 | 93,715<br>28,247<br>-<br>(931,921)<br>(1,893,745)<br>(1,923,877)<br>(1,248,946) |
| Finance costs Finance income Profit/(loss) before income tax Income tax expense Profit/(loss) after income tax   | 17<br>18<br>19                       | (39,432)<br>200,570<br>1,335,093<br>(312,585)<br>1,022,508                         | (27,681)<br>154,985<br>(1,068,666)<br>(277,620)<br>(1,346,286)                            | 849,091<br>(243,815)<br>605,276                              | (1,248,946)<br>(141,581)<br>(1,390,527)   |
| Profit/(loss) attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests  |                                      | 1,036,481<br>(13,973)<br>1,022,508   | (1,350,866)<br>4,580<br>(1,346,286)   | 605,276  | (1,390,527)   |
| Earnings/(loss) per share:   |                                      | 1,022,300  | (1,340,200)   | 000,270  | (1,390,327)   |
| Basic and diluted (kobo)   | 21                                   | 13   | (17)  | 8  | (17)  |

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements are an integral part of these consolidated and separate financial statements.





# Consolidated And Separate Statements Of Other Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 December 2017

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|   | G                         | ROUP          | COM                       | IPANY                     |
|---|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|   | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
| Profit/(loss) for the year  | 1,022,508                 | (1,346,286)   | 605,276                   | (1,390,527)               |
| Other comprehensive income:   |                           |               |                           |                           |
| Items that may be reclassified to the profit or loss account in subsequent periods: |                           |               |                           |                           |
| Foreign currency translation gain   | 49,966                    | 722,011       | -                         | _                         |
|   | 49,966                    | 722,011       | _                         |                           |
| Items that will never be reclassified to the profit or loss account:                |                           |               |                           |                           |
| Revaluation gain on land and building<br>Effect of tax at 30%                       | 211,756<br>(21,785)       | -             | 72,617<br>(21,785)        | -                         |
|   | 189,971                   | -             | 50,832                    | _                         |
| Total other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax                           | 239,937                   | 722,011       | 50,832                    | -                         |
| Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax                                 | 1,262,445                 | (624,275)     | 656,108                   | (1,390,527)               |
| Tabal assessment and in a second //lase/ attalled to                                | ala #a.                   |               |                           |                           |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributal<br>Owners of the parent                | ole to:<br>1,219,883      | (628,855)     | 656,108                   | (1,390,527)               |
| Non-controlling interests   | 42,562                    | 4,580         | -                         | (1,330,327)               |
|   | 1,262,445                 | (624,275)     | 656,108                   | (1,390,527)               |





As at 31 December 2017

|                                      |           | G           | ROUP              | СОМ               | PANY              |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                                      | Notes     | 2017        | 2016              | 2017              | 2016              |
|                                      | Notes     | ₩'000       | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 |
| ASSETS                               |           |             |                   |                   |                   |
| Cash and cash equivalents            | 22        | 8,345,638   | 10,734,374        | 3,249,277         | 3,804,953         |
| Financial assets                     |           |             | -                 |                   | -                 |
| Fair value through profit or loss    | 23        | 110,952     | 64,097            | 110,952           | 64,097            |
| Available-for-sale investment secur  | rities 23 | 849,524     | 849,374           | 21,553            | 21,553            |
| Loans and receivables                | 23        | 12,245,702  | 12,410,169        | 633,143           | 770,941           |
| Held-to-maturity                     | 23        | 16,840,317  | 8,214,636         | 4,457,954         | 2,030,905         |
| Assets pledged as collateral         | 24        | 168,064     | 91,188            | 168,064           | 91,188            |
| Trade receivables                    | 25        | 629,280     | 462,616           | 278,159           | 102,994           |
| Reinsurance assets                   | 26        | 2,455,731   | 1,871,739         | 1,086,826         | 1,057,693         |
| Other receivables and prepayments    | 27        | 993,182     | 888,020           | 560,682           | 319,213           |
| Finance lease receivables            | 29        | 145,055     | 420,049           | 134,044           | 147,965           |
| Deferred acquisition costs           | 28        | 485,283     | 340,338           | 312,182           | 235,053           |
| Inventories                          | 30        | 907,822     | 1,332,864         | -                 | -                 |
| Investment properties                | 31        | 8,566,000   | 8,726,390         | 56,000            | 56,000            |
| Intangible assets                    | 33        | 43,994      | 73,531            | 15,387            | 33,305            |
| Property, plant and equipment        | 34        | 3,922,931   | 4,024,297         | 2,925,601         | 3,152,644         |
| Investments in subsidiaries          | 32        | -           | -                 | 4,000,000         | 4,000,000         |
| Statutory deposits                   | 35        | 500,000     | 500,000           | 300,000           | 300,000           |
| Deposit for investment in equity     | 36        | 480,588     | 460,588           | 410,588           | 390,588           |
| Goodwill                             | 37        | 1,543       | 1,543             | -                 | -                 |
| Total assets                         |           | 57,691,606  | 51,465,813        | 18,720,412        | 16,579,092        |
|                                      |           |             |                   |                   | <u> </u>          |
| LIABILITIES                          |           |             |                   |                   |                   |
| Insurance contract liabilities       | 38        | 10,299,090  | 7,401,872         | 4,352,606         | 3,822,730         |
| Investment contract liabilities      | 39        | 26,564,221  | 25,956,771        | -                 | -                 |
| Trade payables                       | 40        | 2,858,296   | 1,270,219         | 1,028,272         | 452,495           |
| Other liabilities                    | 41        | 1,161,224   | 1,710,996         | 235,695           | 287,412           |
| Deposit liabilities                  | 42        | 259,268     | 203,845           | -                 | -                 |
| Current income tax liabilities       | 44        | 687,173     | 503,843           | 422,005           | 217,733           |
| Borrowings                           | 43        | 6,509,170   | 6,258,070         | 6,509,170         | 6,258,070         |
| Deferred tax liabilities             | 45.1      | 1,063,084   | 1,147,429         | 705,821           | 729,917           |
| Total liabilities                    |           | 49,401,526  | 44,453,045        | 13,253,569        | 11,768,357        |
|                                      |           |             |                   |                   |                   |
| EQUITY                               | 460       | 4 000 000   | 4 000 000         | 4 000 000         | 4 000 000         |
| Share capital                        | 46.2      | 4,000,000   | 4,000,000         | 4,000,000         | 4,000,000         |
| Treasury shares                      | 47        | (250)       | (250)             | (250)             | (250)             |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | 48        | 911,064     | 906,502           | -                 | -                 |
| Contingency reserve                  | 49        | 2,801,764   | 2,533,160         | 2,398,485         | 2,179,515         |
| Revaluation reserve                  | 50        | 1,467,403   | 1,288,563         | 1,339,395         | 1,288,563         |
| Accumulated losses                   | 51        | (1,079,247) | (1,838,814)       | (2,270,787)       | (2,657,093)       |
| Total shareholders' fund             |           | 8,100,734   | 6,889,161         | 5,466,843         | 4,810,735         |





# Consolidated And Separate Statements Of Financial Position As at 31 December 2017

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|------------------------|-----|---------------------|------------|
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|                                     |       | G                         | ROUP                      | СОМ                       | PANY                      |       |
|-------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------|
|                                     | Notes | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | ight] |
| Total equity attributable to the:   |       |                           |                           |                           |                           |       |
| Owners of the parent                |       | 8,100,734                 | 6,889,161                 | 5,466,843                 | 4,810,735                 |       |
| Non-controlling interests in equity | 52    | 189,346                   | 123,607                   | -                         | -                         |       |
| Total equity                        |       | 8,290,080                 | 7,012,768                 | 5,466,843                 | 4,810,735                 |       |
| Total liabilities and equity        |       | 57,691,606                | 51,465,813                | 18,720,412                | 16,579,092                |       |

The consolidated and separate financial statements and accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 February 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

- white

Dr. Akin Ogunbiyi FRC/2013/CIIN/00000003114 Chairman Manual min

Mr. Olusegun Omosehin FRC/2013/CIIN/0000003103 Managing Director

Mr. Abayomi Ogunwo FRC/2015/ICAN/00000011225

Chief Finance Officer



# Consolidated And Separate Statements Of Changes In Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2017

| <br>Group   |              |          | Attribu                 | Attributable to equityholders of the Company | yholders of  | the Company             |                      |                    |                      |
|---|--------------|----------|-------------------------|--|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| For the year 31 December 2017   | Share        | Treasury | Foreign easury currency | boteling 100 A noite il leve d'your painte   | / acitalland | 20+cl.m.                |                      | Non - Non -        | - toT                |
| SZ  | Note         | Silares  | reserve                 | reserve                                      | reserve      | losses                  | 10191                | interests          | equity               |
|   | ₩.000        | 000.₩    | 000.₩                   | ₩.000  | ₩.000        | ₩.000                   | ₩.000                | ₩,000              | 000.₩                |
| As at 1 January 2016  | 4,000,000    | (250)    | 184,491                 | 2,292,040                                    | 1,288,563    | (246,828)               | 7,518,016            | 127,154            | 7,645,170            |
| Total comprehensive income for the year:<br>Loss for the year                                 | ,            | 1        | - 000                   | 1  | 1            | (1,350,866) (1,350,866) | (1,350,866)          | 4,580 (            | 4,580 (1,346,286)    |
| Total comprehensive income for the year, net of   | net of tax - | 1 1      | 722,011                 | 1 1  | 1 1          | (1,350,866)             | (628,855)            | 4,580              | (624,275)            |
| Transactions with owners of equity  Dividend  | ı            | ı        | ı                       | - 000  | ı            |                         | ı                    | (8,127)            | (8,127)              |
| Total transactions with owners of equity  | 1 1          | 1 1      | 1 1                     | 241,120                                      | 1 1          | (241,120)               |                      | (8,127)            | (8,127)              |
| As at 31 December 2016  | 4,000,000    | (250)    | 906,502                 | 2,533,160                                    | 1,288,563    | (1,838,814)             | 6,889,161            | 123,607            | 7,012,768            |
| Total comprehensive income for the year:<br>Profit for the year<br>Other comprehensive income | 1 1          | 1 1      | 4,562                   | 1 1  | - 178,840    | 1,036,481               | 1,036,481<br>183,402 | (13,973)<br>56,535 | 1,022,508<br>239,937 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year, net of   | net of tax - | 1        | 4,562                   | ı  | 178,840      | 1,036,481               | 1,219,883            | 42,562             | 1,262,445            |
| owners of equity<br>the year  | 52 -         | I        | ı                       | 1  | I            | 1 6                     | 1 6                  | 14,867             | 14,867               |
| Changes in equity<br>Transfer to contingency reserve  | 1 1          | 1 1      | 1 1                     | 268,604                                      |              | (8,310)<br>(268,604)    | (8,310)              | 8,310              | 1 1                  |
| Total transactions with owners of equity  | 1            | 1        | 1                       | 268,604                                      | 1            | (276,914)               | (8,310)              | 23,177             | 14,867               |
| As at 31 December 2017  | 4,000,000    | (250)    | 911,064                 | 2,801,764                                    | 1,467,403    | (1,079,247)             | 8,100,734            | 189,346            | 8,290,080            |





# Consolidated And Separate Statements Of Changes In Equity For the year ended 31 December 2017

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| <b>Company</b><br>For the year 31 December 2017                              | Share<br>capital<br>N'000 | Treasury (<br>shares<br>N'000 | Treasury Contingency shares reserve N'000 | Revaluation Accumulated reserve losses | Accumulated<br>losses<br>N'000 | Total<br>N'000 |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|----------------|
| As at 1 January 2016   | 4,000,000                 | (250)                         | 1,981,910                                 | 1,288,563                              | (1,068,961)                    | 6,201,262      |
| Total comprehensive income for the year:                                     |                           |                               |   |  |                                |                |
| Loss for the year  | 1                         | 1                             | 1   | •                                      | (1,390,527)                    | (1,390,527)    |
| Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax                          | -                         | 1                             | 1   | 1                                      | (1,390,527)                    | (1,390,527)    |
| <b>Transactions with owners of equity</b><br>Transfer to contingency reserve | ı                         | 1                             | 197,605                                   | 1                                      | (197,605)                      | '              |
| Total transactions with owners of equity                                     | 1                         | 1                             | 197,605                                   | 1                                      | (197,605)                      | 1              |
| As at 31 December 2016   | 4,000,000                 | (250)                         | 2,179,515                                 | 1,288,563                              | (2,657,093)                    | 4,810,735      |
| Total comprehensive income for the year:                                     |                           |                               |   |  |                                |                |
| Profit for the year<br>Other comprehensive income                            | 1 1                       | 1 1                           | 1 1                                       | -<br>50 832                            | 605,276                        | 605,276        |
| Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax                          |                           | 1                             | 1   | 50,832                                 | 605,276                        | 656,108        |
| <b>Transactions with owners of equity</b> Transfer to contingency reserve    | ı                         | 1                             | 218,970                                   | I                                      | (218,970)                      | 1              |
| Total transactions with owners of equity                                     | 1                         | 1                             | 218,970                                   | 1                                      | (218,970)                      |                |
| As at 31 December 2017   | 4,000,000                 | (250)                         | 2,398,485                                 | 1,339,395                              | (2,270,787)                    | 5,466,843      |







|   |      | GI           | ROUP                 | COM         | 1PANY                |
|---|------|--------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| Not   | tos  | 2017         | 2016                 | 2017        | 2016                 |
| 1401  | LES  | ₩'000        | ₩'000                | ₩'000       | <del>N</del> '000    |
| Cash flows from operating activities                            |      | 14121402     | 12 002 026           | 7464644     | C C10 200            |
| Cash received from insurance contract policy holders            |      | 14,131,483   | 12,092,836           | 7,464,644   | 6,610,209            |
| Cash received from investment contract policy holders           | 39   | 11,985,338   | 12,338,438           | -           | -                    |
| Cash withdrawal by investment contract policy holders           | 39   | (13,419,003) | (12,227,691)         | -           | -                    |
| Commission received   |      | 262,001      | 561,388              | 172,423     | 359,597              |
| Reinsurance paid  |      | (1,410,546)  | (1,798,578)          | (1,108,287) | (1,192,863)          |
| Claims paid   | 6    | (4,870,058)  | (3,220,168)          | (2,038,841) | (1,487,493)          |
| Claims recovered from reinsurers                                | 6    | 2,270,525    | 406,640              | 837,996     | 253,039              |
|   | 28.1 | (2,299,574)  | (2,323,825)          | (1,042,574) | (991,304)            |
| , ,   | 14   | (1,939,809)  | (1,914,606)          | (846,284)   | (931,921)            |
| Investment income   | 9    | 1,597,262    | 979,765              | 896,167     | 560,027              |
| Other cash received   |      | 678,219      | 412,470              | 38,312      | 93,715               |
| Cash paid to brokers, suppliers and other providers of services |      | (4,529,326)  | (2,484,433)          | (3,227,659) | (1,776,363)          |
|   | 44   | (235,386)    | (283,812)            | (85,425)    | (232,806)            |
|   | 53   | 2,221,126    | 2,538,424            | 1,060,472   | 1,263,838            |
|   |      | , , ,        | , ,                  | 7 7         | 1 1                  |
| Investing activities:   |      |              |                      |             |                      |
|   | 33   | (21,796)     | (18,759)             | (13,725)    | (9,631)              |
| Purchase of property, plants and equipments                     | 34   | (366,979)    | (716,340)            | (151,758)   | (514,185)            |
| Proceeds from sale of properties, plant and equipment           |      | 8,903        | 21,986               | 1,895       | 13,600               |
| Receipts on finance lease recievables 2                         | 29.1 | 227,959      | 742,500              | 28,721      | 587,119              |
| Additions to finance lease receivables 2                        | 29.1 | -            | (8,527)              | -           | (8,525)              |
| Receipts on loans and advances                                  |      | 2,050,001    | 1,691,491            | -           | -                    |
| Purchase of held-to-maturity financial assets                   |      | (16,252,540) | (7,693,808)          | (3,565,863) | (1,766,043)          |
| Proceeds from held-to-maturity financial assets                 |      | 9,401,338    | -                    | 1,831,196   | -                    |
| Proceeds from sale of investment properties                     |      | 75,000       | -                    | -           | -                    |
| Additions to deposit for shares                                 |      | (20,000)     | (113,001)            | (20,000)    | (113,001)            |
| Purchase of available-for-sale investments                      |      | -            | (20,553 <del>)</del> | -           | (20,553 <del>)</del> |
| Net cash flows used in investing activities                     |      | (4,898,114)  | (6,115,011)          | (1,889,533) | (1,831,219)          |
|   |      |              |                      |             |                      |
| Financing activities  |      |              |                      |             |                      |
| Increase in non-controlling interests]                          |      | 14,867       | -                    | -           |                      |
| Net cash flows used in financing activities                     |      | 14,867       | _                    |             |                      |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents                       |      | (2,662,121)  | (3,576,587)          | (829,061)   | (567,382)            |
| Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash               |      |              |                      |             |                      |
| equivalents   |      | 273,385      | 294,855              | 273,385     | 261,098              |
| '   |      |              |                      |             |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at 1 January                       |      | 10,734,374   | 14,016,106           | 3,804,953   | 4,111,237            |
|   | 22   | 8,345,638    | 10,734,374           | 3,249,277   | 3,804,953            |
|   |      |              |                      |             |                      |
| Operational cash flows from interest and dividends              |      |              |                      |             |                      |
| Interest received   |      | 200,570      | 154,985              | -           | -                    |
| Interest paid   |      | (39,432)     | (27,681)             | -           | -                    |
| Dividend received   |      | 202          | 35,948               | 202         | 35,948               |





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## Notes To The Consolidated And Separate Financial Statements

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#### 3.1 Management of Insurance and financial risks

#### 3.1.1 Insurance risks management

The principal risk the Group faces under insurance contracts is that the actual claims and benefit payments or the timing thereof, differ from expectations. This is influenced by the frequency of claims, severity of claims, actual benefits paid and subsequent development of long—term claims. Therefore, the objective of the Group is to ensure that sufficient reserves are available to cover these liabilities.

The risk exposure is mitigated by diversification across a large portfolio of insurance contracts and geographical areas. The variability of risks is also improved by careful selection and implementation of underwriting strategy guidelines, as well as the use of reinsurance arrangements.

The Group purchases reinsurance as part of its risks mitigation programme. Reinsurance ceded is placed on both a proportional and non-proportional basis. The majority of proportional reinsurance is quota-share reinsurance which is taken out to reduce the overall exposure of the Group to certain classes of business. Non-proportional reinsurance is primarily excess-of-loss reinsurance designed to mitigate the Group's net exposure to catastrophe losses. Retention limits for the excess-of-loss reinsurance vary by product line and territory.

Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the outstanding claims provision and are in accordance with the reinsurance contracts. Although the Group has reinsurance arrangements, it is not relieved of its direct obligations to its policyholders and thus a credit exposure exists with respect to ceded insurance, to the extent that any reinsurer is unable to meet its obligations assumed under such reinsurance agreements. The Group's placement of reinsurance is diversified such that it is neither dependent on a single reinsurer nor are the operations of the Group substantially dependent upon any single reinsurance contract.

#### (a) Life insurance contracts

Life insurance contracts offered by the Group include: whole life, term assurance, annuities plan, anticipated endowment insurance, mortgage protection, Individual Savings and Protection, Child Education, Mutual Education Guarantee Assurance and Keyman assurance policy.

Term Assurance is a form of Life insurance policy that pays out a lump sum (Sum Assured) in the event of the death of the policy holder. The insurance can be extended to cover permanent disability and medical expenses insurred as a result of an accident.

Mortgage Protection policy is a reducing term assurance scheme which guarantees the payment of balance outstanding in respect of the loan given by a financial institution (Mortgage) to a Life Assured (Mortgagor) should he die before the loan is fully repaid.

Endowment assurance policy pays to the beneficiaries of a deceased assured compensation which is equal to the Sum Assured selected by him/her from the commencement of the policy. It also guarantees that the capital sum (Sum Assured) all the accrued reversionaty bonuses over the years be paid in the event that he/she survives till the end of the insurance year.

Individual Savings and Protection Plan is an anti-inflationary and income protection plan designed to assist all categories of individual cultivate a consistent savings culture and provide for their beneficiairies at death.







A plan holder starts making a compulsory and regular savings for a number of years, which shall not be less than five years. Flexibility in the frequency of the premium payment is allowed.

Annuity Plan is a contract to pay a set amount (the annuity) every month or quarter while the annuitant (the person on whose life the contract depends) is still alive. Annuities are usually expressed in terms of the annual amount payable although in practive they can be payable monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly. There are Immediate Annuity Plan, Deferred Annuity Plan, Guaranteed Annuity Plan, Annuity Certain and Increasing Annuity.

The main risks that the Group is exposed to are as follows:

- Mortality risk-risk of loss arising due to policyholder death/health experience being different than expected
- Longevity risk-risk of loss arising due to the annuitant living longer than expected
- Investment return risk risk of loss arising from actual returns being different than expected
- Expense risk-risk of loss arising from expense experience being different than expected
- Policyholder decision risk risk of loss arising due to policyholder experiences (lapses and surrenders) being different than expected

#### (a) Life insurance contracts - Continued

These risks do not vary significantly in relation to the location of the risk insured by the Group, type of risk insured or by industry.

The Group's underwriting strategy is designed to ensure that risks are well diversified in terms of type of risk and level of insured benefits. This is largely achieved through diversification across industry sectors and geography, the use of medical screening in order to ensure that pricing takes account of current health conditions and family medical history, regular review of actual claims experience and product pricing, as well as detailed claims' handling procedures. Underwriting limits are in place to enforce appropriate risk selection criteria. For example, the Group has the right not to renew individual policies, it can impose deductibles and it has the right to reject the payment of fraudulent claims. Insurance contracts also entitle the Group to pursue third parties for payment of some or all costs. The Group further enforces a policy of actively managing and promptly pursuing claims, in order to reduce its exposure to unpredictable future developments that can negatively impact the Group.

For contracts for which death or disability is the insured risk, the significant factors that could increase the overall frequency of claims are epidemics, widespread changes in lifestyle and natural disasters, resulting in earlier or more claims than expected. Group life reinsurance retention limits of \(\frac{1}{2}\)15,000,000 on any single life insured and \(\frac{1}{2}\)10,000,000 on all high risk individuals insured are in place.

The insurance risk described above is also affected by the contract holder's right to pay reduced premiums or no future premiums, to terminate the contract completely or to exercise guaranteed annuity options. As a result, the amount of insurance risk is also subject to contract holder behaviour.





# Notes To The Consolidated And Separate Financial Statements

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The following tables show the concentration of life insurance contract liabilities.

|  |                     | GROUP                |                          |                | COMPANY                          |                          |
|--|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
|  |                     | 31 Dec-2017          |                          |                | 31 Dec-2017                      | •                        |
|  | N'000<br>Gross      | N'000<br>Reinsurance | <del>N</del> '000<br>Net | N'000<br>Gross | <del>N</del> '000<br>Reinsurance | <del>N</del> '000<br>Net |
| Whole life and term assurance Credit Life Assurance Scheme | 5,392,973<br>21,662 | 1,070,169            | 4,322,804<br>21,662      | -              | -                                | -                        |
| Total  | 5,414,635           | 1,070,169            | 4,344,466                | -              | -                                | _                        |
|  |                     | 31 Dec-2016          |                          |                | 31 Dec-2016                      | >                        |
| Whole life and term assurance                              | 3,329,739           | 771,068              | 2,558,671                | -              | -                                | -                        |
| Credit Life Assurance Scheme                               | 20,085              | -                    | 20,085                   | -              | -                                | -                        |
| Total  | 3,349,824           | 771,068              | 2,578,756                | -              | -                                | _                        |

The geographical concentration of the Group's life insurance contract liabilities is shown below. The disclosure is based on the countries where the business is written. The analysis would not be materially different if based on the countries in which the counterparties are situated.

|         |                   | GROUP       |                   |                   | COMPANY           |                   |
|---------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|         |                   | 31 Dec-2017 |                   |                   | 31 Dec-2017       | ,                 |
|         | <del>N</del> '000 | ₩'000       | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 |
|         | Gross             | Reinsurance | Net               | Gross             | Reinsurance       | Net               |
| Nigeria | 5,156,574         | 1,070,169   | 4,086,405         |                   |                   |                   |
| Liberia | 258,061           | -           | 258,061           | -                 | -                 | -                 |
| Total   | 5,414,635         | 1,070,169   | 4,344,466         | -                 | -                 | _                 |
|         |                   | 31 Dec-2016 |                   |                   | 31 Dec-2016       | ,                 |
| Nigeria | 3,210,013         | 771,068     | 2,438,945         | _                 | _                 | -                 |
| Liberia | 139,811           | -           | 139,811           | -                 | -                 | -                 |
| Total   | 3,349,824         | 771,068     | 2,578,756         | -                 | -                 | _                 |





#### (a) Life insurance contracts - Continued

#### **Key assumptions**

Material judgement is required in determining the liabilities and in the choice of assumptions. Assumptions in use are based on past experience, current internal data, external market indices and benchmarks which reflect current observable market prices and other published information. Assumptions and prudent estimates are determined at the date of valuation and no credit is taken for possible beneficial effects of voluntary withdrawals. Assumptions are further evaluated on a continuous basis in order to ensure realistic and reasonable valuations.

The key assumptions to which the estimation of liabilities is particularly sensitive are, as follows:

#### • Mortality and morbidity rates

Assumptions are based on standard industry and national tables, according to the type of contract written and the territory in which the insured person resides. They reflect recent historical experience and are adjusted when appropriate to reflect the Group's own experiences. An appropriate, but not excessive, prudent allowance is made for expected future improvements. Assumptions are differentiated by sex, underwriting class and contract type.

An increase in rates will lead to a larger number of claims (and claims could occur sooner than anticipated), which will increase the expenditure and reduce profits for the shareholders.

#### Longevity

Assumptions are based on standard industry and national tables, adjusted when appropriate to reflect the Group's own risk experience. An appropriate, but not excessive, prudent allowance is made for expected future improvements. Assumptions are differentiated by sex, underwriting class and contract type. An increase in longevity rates will lead to an increase in the number of annuity payments to be made, which will increase the expenditure and reduce profits for the shareholders.

#### • Lapse and surrender rates

Lapses relate to the termination of policies due to non-payment of premiums. Surrenders relate to the voluntary termination of policies by policyholders. Policy termination assumptions are determined using statistical measures based on the Group's experience and vary by product type, policy duration and sales trends

An increase in lapse rates early in the life of the policy would tend to reduce profits for shareholders, but later increases are broadly neutral in effect.

#### • Discount rate

Life insurance liabilities are determined as the sum of the discounted value of the expected benefits and future administration expenses directly related to the contract, less the discounted value of the expected theoretical premiums that would be required to meet these future cash outflows. Discount rates are based on current industry risk rates, adjusted for the Group's own risk exposure.

A decrease in the discount rate will increase the value of the insurance liability and therefore reduce profits for the shareholders.





# Notes To The Consolidated And Separate Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

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Life insurance contracts - Continued

| Sensitivities   |       |
|---|-------|
| The following analysis is performed for reasonably possible movements in key assumptions with all other assumptions held constant, showing the      | the   |
| impact on gross and net liabilities, profit before tax and equity. The correlation of assumptions will have a significant effect in determining the | the   |
| ultimate claims liabilities, but to demonstrate the impact due to changes in assumptions, assumptions had to be changed on an individual basis. It  | s. It |
| should be noted that movements in these assumptions are non-linear. Sensitivity information will also vary according to the current economic        | mic   |
| assumptions, mainly due to the impact of changes to both the intrinsic cost and time value of options and guarantees. When options and              | and   |
| guarantees exist, they are the main reason for the asymmetry of sensitivities. The method used for deriving sensitivity information and significant | ant   |
| assumptions made did not change from the previous period.   |       |

|  |                       |                                     | GROUP                            |                                    |                            |                                     |                               | COMPANY   |                            |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Life insurance contracts                   |                       | 000.₩                               | ₩.000                            | 000.₩                              | 000.₩                      | 000. <del>N</del>                   | 000.₩                         | 000.₩   | 000.₩                      |
| 31 Dec-2017                                |                       | Increase/<br>(decrease) on<br>gross | Increase/<br>(decrease) on       | Increa<br>(decrease)<br>profit bef | Increase/<br>(decrease) on | Increase/<br>(decrease) on<br>gross | Increase/<br>(decrease) on    | Increase/ (decrease) on Increase/ (decrease) on profit before (decrease) on | Increase/<br>(decrease) or |
|  | assumptions           | liabilities                         | net liabilities                  | tax                                | equity                     | liabilities                         | net liabilities               | tax   | equity                     |
| Mortality/morbidity rate<br>Longevity      |                       | 28,478<br>3,211                     | 28,478<br>3,211                  | 28,478<br>3,211                    | 19,935<br>2,248            | 1 1                                 | 1 1                           | 1 1   |                            |
| Lapse and surrenders race<br>Discount rate | +12%                  | (28,197)                            | (28,197)                         | (28,197)                           | (19,738)                   |                                     | 1 1                           | 1 1   |                            |
| Mortality/morbidity rate<br>Longevity      | -10%                  | (24,693)<br>(3,099)                 | (24,693)<br>(3,099)              | (24,693)<br>(3,099)                | (17,285)<br>(2,169)        | 1 1                                 | 1 1                           | 1 1   |                            |
| Discount rate                              |                       | 32,484                              | 32,484                           | 32,484                             | 22,739                     | 1 1                                 | 1 1                           | 1 1   |                            |
|  |                       |                                     | GROUP                            |                                    |                            |                                     |                               | COMPANY   |                            |
| 31 Dec-2016                                |                       | 000.₩                               | ₩,000                            | ₩,000                              | 000.₩                      | ₩,000                               | 000,₩                         | ₩,000   | 000,₩                      |
|  | ٣                     | Increase/<br>(decrease) on          | Increase/                        | Increase/ (decrease) on            | Increase/                  | Increase/<br>(decrease) on          | Increase/                     | Increase/ (decrease) on   | Increase/                  |
|  | Change in assumptions | gross<br>liabilities                | (decrease) on<br>net liabilities | profit before<br>tax               | (decrease) on equity       | gross<br>liabilities                | (decrease) on net liabilities | (decrease) on profit before (decrease) on net liabilities tax equity        | (decrease) on<br>equity    |
| Mortality/morbidity rate<br>Longevity      |                       | 20,396<br>19,636                    | 19,676<br>19,636                 | 19,676<br>19,636                   | 13,773<br>13,746           | 1 1                                 |                               | 1 1   |                            |
| Lapse and surrenders rate<br>Discount rate | +10%<br>+12%          | (29,290)                            | (29,290                          | (29,290)                           | (20,503)                   |                                     |                               | 1 1   |                            |
| Mortality/morbidity rate<br>Longevity      | -10%                  | (20,396)<br>(19,636)                | (19,676)<br>(19,636)             | (19,676)<br>(19,636)               | (13,773)<br>(13,746)       | 1 1                                 | 1 1                           | 1 1   |                            |
| Lapse and surrenders rate<br>Discount rate |                       | 31,932                              | 31,932                           | 31,932                             | 22,353                     |                                     | ' '                           | 1 1   |                            |





#### (b) Non–life insurance contracts

The Group principally issues the following types of general insurance contracts: motor, general accident, Bond, Marine, Fire, Aviation and Oil and Gas. Risks under non-life insurance policies usually cover twelve months duration.

For general insurance contracts, the most significant risks arise from climate changes, natural disasters and terrorist activities. For longer tail claims that take some years to settle, there is also inflation risk.

These risks do not vary significantly in relation to the location of the risk insured by the Group, type of risk insured and by industry.

The above risk exposure is mitigated by diversification across a large portfolio of insurance contracts and geographical areas. The variability of risks is improved by careful selection and implementation of underwriting strategies, which are designed to ensure that risks are diversified in terms of type of risk and level of insured benefits. This is largely achieved through diversification across industry sectors and geography. Furthermore, strict claim review policies to assess all new and ongoing claims, regular detailed review of claims handling procedures and frequent investigation of possible fraudulent claims are established to reduce the risk exposure of the Group. The Group further enforces a policy of actively managing and promptly pursuing claims, in order to reduce its exposure to unpredictable future developments that can negatively impact the business. Inflation risk is mitigated by taking expected inflation into account when estimating insurance contract liabilities.

The Group has also limited its exposure by imposing maximum claim amounts on certain contracts as well as the use of reinsurance arrangements in order to limit exposure material events.

The table below sets out the concentration of non-life insurance contract liabilities by type of contract:

| 31 Dec-2017                       | N'000<br>Gross<br>liabilities                             | GROUP<br>N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities                        | N'000<br>Net<br>liabilities                           | N'000<br>Gross<br>liabilities                             | COMPANY<br>N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities                      | <del>N</del> '000<br>Net<br>liabilities               |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|---|
| Motor                             | 1,867,929   | 321,288  | 1,546,642   | 1,389,265   | 52,426   | 1,336,839   |
| Fire                              | 529,626   | 174,017  | 355,609   | 476,441   | 144,143  | 332,298   |
|                                   | 1,292,951   | 787,840  | 505,111   | 1,292,951   | 787,840  | 505,111   |
| General Accident                  |   | •  | •   |   | •  |   |
| Marine                            | 476,098   | 82,746   | 393,352   | 476,098   | 82,746   | 393,352   |
| Aviation & Oil and Gas            | 723,485   | 20,582   | 702,903   | 723,485   | 20,582   | 702,903   |
|                                   | 4,890,089   | 1,386,472  | 3,503,617   | 4,358,240   | 1,087,737  | 3,270,503   |
|                                   |   |  |   |   |  |   |
|                                   |   | GROUP  |   |   | COMPANY  |   |
| 31 Dec-2016                       | <del>N</del> '000   |  | <del>N</del> '000                                     | <del>N</del> '000   |  | <del>N</del> '000                                     |
| 31 Dec-2016                       | <b>₩'000</b><br>Gross                                     | ₩'000  | <b>N</b> '000<br>Net                                  |   | COMPANY N'000 Reinsurance  | ₩'000<br>Net  |
| 31 Dec-2016                       |   |  |   | N'000<br>Gross<br>liabilities                             | <del>N</del> '000  |   |
|                                   | Gross<br>liabilities                                      | N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities                                 | Net<br>liabilities                                    | Gross<br>liabilities                                      | N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities                                 | Net<br>liabilities                                    |
| 31 Dec-2016 Motor                 | Gross<br>liabilities<br>1,394,413                         | N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities<br>78,995                       | Net liabilities                                       | Gross<br>liabilities<br>1,188,028                         | N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities<br>40,315                       | Net<br>liabilities<br>1,147,713                       |
|                                   | Gross<br>liabilities                                      | N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities                                 | Net<br>liabilities                                    | Gross<br>liabilities                                      | N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities                                 | Net<br>liabilities                                    |
| Motor                             | Gross<br>liabilities<br>1,394,413                         | N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities<br>78,995                       | Net liabilities                                       | Gross<br>liabilities<br>1,188,028                         | N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities<br>40,315                       | Net<br>liabilities<br>1,147,713                       |
| Motor<br>Fire                     | Gross<br>liabilities<br>1,394,413<br>434,744              | N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities<br>78,995<br>241,838            | Net<br>liabilities<br>1,315,418<br>192,906            | Gross<br>liabilities<br>1,188,028<br>411,812              | N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities<br>40,315<br>237,540            | Net<br>liabilities<br>1,147,713<br>174,272            |
| Motor<br>Fire<br>General Accident | Gross<br>liabilities<br>1,394,413<br>434,744<br>1,108,042 | N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities<br>78,995<br>241,838<br>214,568 | Net<br>liabilities<br>1,315,418<br>192,906<br>893,474 | Gross<br>liabilities<br>1,188,028<br>411,812<br>1,108,042 | N'000<br>Reinsurance<br>of liabilities<br>40,315<br>237,540<br>214,568 | Net<br>liabilities<br>1,147,713<br>174,272<br>893,474 |





## Notes To The Consolidated And Separate Financial Statements

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#### (b) Non-life insurance contracts - Continued

#### Key assumptions

The principal assumption underlying the liability estimates is that the Group's future claims development will follow a similar pattern to past claims development experience. This includes assumptions in respect of average claim costs, claim handling costs, claim inflation factors and claim numbers for each accident year. Additional qualitative judgements are used to assess the extent to which past trends may not apply in the future, for example: one—off occurrence; changes in market factors such as public attitude to claiming: economic conditions: as well as internal factors such as portfolio mix, policy conditions and claims handling procedures.

#### Change in assumptions and sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analyses are performed to test the variability around the reserves that are calculated at a best estimate level. The estimated claim amounts can never be an exact forecast of future claim amounts and therefore looking at how these claim amounts can vary can provide valuable information for business planning and risk appetite considerations.

A sensitivity analysis was done to determine how the IBNR reserve amount would change if we were to consider the 75th percentile as opposed to our best estimate figures included in reserve reviews as at 31 December 2017. The 75th percentile is a generally accepted level of prudency.

#### Results based on the Normal Distribution

We use the Normal distribution as a proxy for the distribution of the IBNR claims reserve with a mean equal to the best estimate reserve calculated for each class of business.

In order to determine the standard deviation of the distributions we equated the 0.5th percentile of the distributions to be equal to 0 thereby assuming that the IBNR reserve % cannot be negative.

Through the use of the mean and the 0.5th percentile we were able to calculate the implied standard deviations for each class.

#### Change in assumptions and sensitivity analysis

The results based on fitting a Normal distribution to the best estimate IBNR reserves as at 31 December 2017 are as follows:

| Class of Business | Bes        | st estimate | 75th percentile using Normal of | distribution |
|-------------------|------------|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
|                   | ₩'000      | ₩'000       | <del>N</del> '000               | ₩'000        |
|                   | Gross IBNR | Net IBNR    | Gross IBNR                      | Net IBNR     |
| Fire              | 96,188     | 91,379      | 121,375                         | 115,306      |
| General Accident  | 106,009    | 98,589      | 133,768                         | 124,404      |
| Marine & Aviation | 103,461    | 97,254      | 130,553                         | 122,720      |
| Motor             | 106,012    | 103,362     | 133,772                         | 130,428      |
| Oil & Gas         | 162,605    | 162,605     | 205,184                         | 205,184      |
| Total             | 574,275    | 553,189     | 724,652                         | 698,042      |

Overall there is a 26.3% increase from the best estimate calculated and that at the 75th percentile.

The 75th percentile is generally regarded as a prudent level for IBNR reserves. More importantly, the difference between the best estimate and the 75th percentile provides management with an indication of the variability inherent in the IBNR reserves.

Based on the assumption that reserves follow a Normal distribution, there is only a 25% chance that the gross IBNR reserves required by Mutual Benefits will exceed  $\frac{1}{2}$ 725 million as at 31 December 2017.





#### (b) Non-life insurance contracts - Continued

#### Claims development table

The following tables show the estimates of cumulative incurred claims, including both claims notified and IBNR for each successive accident year at each reporting date, together with cumulative payments to date.

#### Basic Chain Ladder method (BCL)

Development factors were calculated using the last 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 years of data by accident year or quarter. Ultimate development factors are calculated for each of the permutations and the most appropriate pattern is selected.

Ultimate development factors are applied to the paid data per accident year or quarter and an ultimate claim amount is calculated. The future claims (the ultimate claim amount less paid claims to date) are allocated to future payment periods in line with the development patterns calculated. The outstanding claims reported to date are then subtracted from the total future claims to give the resulting IBNR figure per accident year or quarter.

For cases where there were large losses that had been reported but not paid, and therefore would not have influenced the development patterns, the total case reserve were excluded from the calculation of the IBNR.

i.e. IBNR = Ultimate claim amount (excl. extreme large losses) minus paid claims to date minus claims outstanding (excl. extreme large losses)

Assumptions underlying the BCL

The Basic Chain Ladder Method assumes that past experience is indicative of future experience i.e. that claims recorded to date will continue to develop in a similar manner in the future.

An implicit assumption is that, for an immature accident year, the claims observed thus far tell you something about the claims yet to be observed.

A further assumption is that it assumes consistent claim processing, a stable mix of types of claims, stable inflation and stable policy limits.

If any of these assumptions are invalidated, the results of the reserving exercise may prove to be inaccurate.

Loss Ratio method

For two (2) of the classes namely Energy and Aviation, there were very limited data. A BCL method was therefore inappropriate. Expected experience to date was considered as well as the average assumed Ultimate Loss ratio in carrying out the calculation.

Average delay durations were calculated from the data provided. In the absence of any data, various options were provided.

The IBNR is then calculated as: Expected % of claims to still arise in future based on average delay X average ultimate loss ratio assumed X earned premium for the current year





## Notes To The Consolidated And Separate Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017



#### (b) Non-life insurance contracts - Continued

Assumptions underlying the Loss Ratio Method

It was assumed that the average delay in reporting of claims will continue into the future. If it is expected that these delay assumptions no longer hold, an adjustment needs to be made to allow for this change in reporting. If the delay period in reporting is expected to have increased from previous years, the results shown in the report will be understated. Additionally, an estimate of the average ultimate loss ratio will need to be assumed. Loss ratios provided were used to obtain the average loss ratio as well asexperience that has been seen to date in previous accident years. Although a reasonability check was not conducted on the loss ratios by comparing the loss ratios to industry figures, if the loss ratios average is not indicative of future experience, the IBNR calculated could be under/over estimated.

Unearned premium provision was calculated using a time—apportionment basis, in particular, the 365ths method. The same approach was taken for deferred acquisition cost. Combined ratio for financial year 31 December 2017 was calculated per class of business, taking into account the additional movement in claims reserves as at 31 December 2017 as a result of the IBNR figures calculated during the reserving exercise. This combined ratio was then applied to the UPR per class of business to determine the expected future underwriting experience for the unexpired risk period, and to ascertain whether the UPR held as at 31 December 2016 was deemed sufficient. The Additional Unexpired Risk Reserve (AURR) is limited to a minimum of 0, i.e. there is no allowance for reduction in the UPR due to expected future profits arising from premiums written which will be earned in future.

| <del>N</del> '000 |         | D       | EVELOPMEN | T YEARS |         |         |       |
|-------------------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Fire              | 0       | 1       | 2         | 3       | 4       | 5       | 6     |
| Accident Year     |         |         |           |         |         |         |       |
| 2011              | -       | _       | 3,934     | 4,216   | 15,851  | 4,851   | 5,156 |
| 2012              | -       | 102,043 | 130,776   | 147,379 | 146,058 | 146,194 |       |
| 2013              | 65,907  | 129,803 | 171,111   | 178,620 | 172,767 |         |       |
| 2014              | 113,696 | 249,224 | 253,131   | 265,388 |         |         |       |
| 2015              | 116,753 | 175,298 | 168,480   |         |         |         |       |
| 2016              | 172,707 | 258,930 |           |         |         |         |       |
| 2017              | 120,098 |         |           |         |         |         |       |
| Total             | 589,159 | 915,298 | 727,431   | 595,602 | 334,676 | 151,045 | 5,156 |

| <del>N</del> '000 |         | D         | EVELOPMENT | ΓYEARS  |         |         |        |
|-------------------|---------|-----------|------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| General accident  | t 0     | 1         | 2          | 3       | 4       | 5       | 6      |
| Accident Year     |         |           |            |         |         |         |        |
| 2011              | -       | _         | 12,523     | 19,191  | 21,182  | 23,731  | 23,963 |
| 2012              | -       | 110,695   | 149,335    | 157,475 | 167,234 | 176,644 |        |
| 2013              | 100,719 | 232,932   | 276,502    | 298,189 | 323,764 |         |        |
| 2014              | 143,805 | 247,812   | 274,905    | 284,866 |         |         |        |
| 2015              | 123,635 | 243,841   | 263,705    |         |         |         |        |
| 2016              | 99,258  | 225,092   |            |         |         |         |        |
| 2017              | 147,474 |           |            |         |         |         |        |
| Total             | 614,890 | 1,060,372 | 976,970    | 759,720 | 512,180 | 200,375 | 23,963 |





For the year ended 31 December 2017

#### (b) Non-life insurance contracts - Continued

#### Development claim tables

| <del>N</del> '000 |         | D       | EVELOPMENT | YEARS   |        |        |        |
|-------------------|---------|---------|------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| Marine and Avia   | tion 0  | 1       | 2          | 3       | 4      | 5      | 6      |
| Accident Year     |         |         |            |         |        |        |        |
| 2011              | _       | _       | 928        | 3,600   | 3,601  | 21,535 | 21,535 |
| 2012              | -       | 42,875  | 42,875     | 47,443  | 47,443 | 47,443 |        |
| 2013              | 16,618  | 30,488  | 32,750     | 32,887  | 32,887 |        |        |
| 2014              | 37,397  | 114,189 | 118,499    | 118,499 |        |        |        |
| 2015              | 66,774  | 167,852 | 169,546    |         |        |        |        |
| 2016              | 68,699  | 111,224 |            |         |        |        |        |
| 2017              | 87,343  |         |            |         |        |        |        |
| Total             | 276,831 | 466,628 | 364,598    | 202,429 | 83,931 | 68,978 | 21,535 |

| <del>N</del> '000 |           |           | DEVELOPMEN | IT YEARS  |         |         |        |
|-------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|---------|---------|--------|
| Motor             | 0         | 1         | 2          | 3         | 4       | 5       | 6      |
| Accident Year     |           |           |            |           |         |         |        |
| 2011              | -         | _         | 12,737     | 14,463    | 16,833  | 21,065  | 22,768 |
| 2012              | 78        | 166,258   | 175,766    | 177,804   | 178,493 | 178,493 |        |
| 2013              | 469,160   | 715,356   | 729,823    | 731,234   | 731,234 |         |        |
| 2014              | 557,713   | 747,192   | 761,284    | 761,558   |         |         |        |
| 2015              | 473,318   | 698,490   | 709,093    |           |         |         |        |
| 2016              | 563,864   | 741,647   |            |           |         |         |        |
| 2017              | 630,155   |           |            |           |         |         |        |
| Total             | 2,694,288 | 3,068,943 | 2,388,703  | 1,685,059 | 926,560 | 199,558 | 22,768 |

| <del>N</del> '000 |         | С       | EVELOPMEN | IT YEARS |         |         |         |
|-------------------|---------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Oil & Gas         | 0       | 1       | 2         | 3        | 4       | 5       | 6       |
| Accident Year     |         |         |           |          |         |         |         |
| 2011              | _       | _       | 21,623    | 123,839  | 123,856 | 131,018 | 131,018 |
| 2012              | -       | 28,401  | 53,577    | 63,815   | 68,398  | 68,398  |         |
| 2013              | 73,620  | 85,390  | 97,481    | 97,481   | 97,481  |         |         |
| 2014              | 25      | 35,571  | 35,571    | 36,190   |         |         |         |
| 2015              | -       | 1,948   | 1,948     |          |         |         |         |
| 2016              | 14      | 1,713   |           |          |         |         |         |
| 2017              | 27,566  |         |           |          |         |         |         |
| Total             | 101,225 | 153,022 | 210,200   | 321,326  | 289,735 | 199,415 | 131,018 |





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## Notes To The Consolidated And Separate Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017



#### 3.1.2 Financial risks management

#### (a) Introduction and overview

The Group is exposed to a range of financial risks through its financial instruments, insurance assets and insurance liabilities. The key financial risk is that in the long term its investments proceeds are not sufficient to fund the obligations arising from its insurance and investment contracts. The most important components of the financial risks are:

- (a) Credit risk
- (b) Liquidity risk
- (c) Market risk

#### (a) Credit risk

Mutual Benefits Assurance Group is exposed to risk relating to its loan receivables, finance lease receivable, statutory deposits, bank balances, reinsurance receivables and trade receivables. Its receivables comprise trade receivables from customers, reinsurers and coinsurers recoverables and other receivables. There are no financial assets that are classified as past due and impaired whose terms have been negotiated.

#### Trade receivables

The Group has placed more responsiveness on effective management of credit risk exposure that relates to trade receivables. In general, the regulator has laid great emphasis on "No Premium, No Cover" and this has positively changed the phase of credit management within the industry. The Group defines credit risk as the risk of counterparty's failure to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk arises from insurance cover granted to parties with payment instruments or payments plan issued by stating or implying the terms of contractual agreement.

Stringent measures have been placed by the regulator to guide against credit default. Credit risk exposure operates from the level of brokered transactions with little emphasis placed on direct business. The Company's credit risk exposure to brokered business is very low as the Company requires brokers to provide credit note which is due 30 days from receipt before incepting insurance cover on behalf of their clients.

The Group credit risk originates from reinsurance recoverable transactions, brokers and agents.

#### Impairment model

Premium debtors, which technically falls under receivables is recognized at a fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost, less provision for impaired receivables.

The following policies and procedures are in place to mitigate the Group's exposure to credit risk:

1 The impairment of the premium debtors is to be assessed at two different levels, individually or collectively. However, based on NAICOM's "No Premium No Cover" guidelines which state that "all insurance covers shall now be provided on a strict 'no premium no cover' basis", only cover for which payment has been received shall be booked. Hence, there should be no outstanding direct transactions. For brokered businesses, on the other hand, payment has to be made not later than 30 days after a credit note has been issued. In line with this guidelines, the Company uses the aging of receivables as the major parameter in calculating impairment.





- 2 Reinsurance is placed with counterparties that have a good credit rating and concentration of risk is avoided by following policy guidelines in respect of counterparties' limits that are set each year by the board of director and are subject to regular reviews. At each reporting date, management performs an assessment of creditworthiness of reinsurers and updates the reinsurance purchase strategy, ascertaining suitable allowance for impairment.
- 3 The Group sets the maximum amounts and limits that may be advances to corporate counterparties by reference to their long-term credit worthness.
- 4 The credit risk in respect of customer balances incurred on non-payment of premiums or contributions will only persist during the grace period specified in the policy document until expiry, when the policy is either paid or fully provided for and Commission paid to intermediaries is netted off against amounts receivable from them to reduce the risk of doubtful debts.
- 5 Net exposure limits are set for each counterparty i.e limits are set for investments and cash deposits, foreign exchange trade exposures and minimum credit ratings for investments that may be held.

#### 3.1.2 Financial risks management

#### (a) Credit risk

#### Maximum exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposure is shown gross, before the effect of mitigation. The maximum risk exposure presented below does not include the exposure that arises in the future as a result of the changes in values. The credit risk analysis below is presented in line with how the Group manages the risk. The Group manages its credit risk exposure based on the carrying value of the financial instruments.

Below is the analysis of the group's and company's maximum exposure to credit risk at the year end.

|                                  | G                         | ROUP                      | COM                       | IPANY                     |  |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Maximum exposure to credit risk  | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents        | 8,335,080                 | 10,726,024                | 3,243,960                 | 3,800,276                 |  |
| Loans and receivables            | 12,245,701                | 12,410,169                | 633,143                   | 770,941                   |  |
| Held-to-maturity                 | 16,840,317                | 8,214,636                 | 4,457,954                 | 2,030,905                 |  |
| Trade receivables                | 629,280                   | 462,616                   | 278,159                   | 102,994                   |  |
| Reinsurance assets               | 1,875,018                 | 274,994                   | 564,810                   | 98,580                    |  |
| Other receivables                | 148,841                   | 106,617                   | 252,834                   | 50,109                    |  |
| Finance lease receivables        | 145,055                   | 420,049                   | 134,044                   | 147,965                   |  |
| Statutory deposit                | 500,000                   | 500,000                   | 300,000                   | 300,000                   |  |
| Deposit for investment in equity | 480,588                   | 460,588                   | 410,588                   | 390,588                   |  |
|                                  | 41,199,880                | 33,575,693                | 10,275,492                | 7,692,358                 |  |





# Notes To The Consolidated And Separate Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

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(a) Credit risk - Continued

Concentration of credit risk

All credit risk are concentrated across many industries in Nigeria. The Group monitors concentration of credit risk by sector.

| State   Stat   |                               |            |                   | GROUP               |                          |            |           |                   | COMPANY             |                          |            |
|--|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| Financial Manufac   Manufac   Manufac   Sector   Sother   |                               | ₩.000      |                   | ₩,000               | ₩.000                    | 000.₩      | 000.₩     | ₩.000             | ₩.000               | ₩.000                    | ₩.000      |
| 8,335,080 2,083,123 - 10,162,578 - 12,245,701 633,143 - 16,840,317 - 16,840,317 - 18,75,518 - 18,75,718 - 18,75,71 | 31 Dec-2017                   | Financial  | Manufac<br>turing | Oil & Gas<br>sector | Public sector<br>& Other | Total      | Financial | Manufac<br>turing | Oil & Gas<br>sector | Public sector<br>& Other | Total      |
| 2,083,123         -         10,162,578         -         12,245,701         633,143         -  | Cash and cash equivalents     | 8,335,080  | 1                 | 1                   | 1                        | 8,335,080  | 3,243,960 | 1                 | 1                   | 1                        | 3,243,960  |
| 16,840,317   | Loans and advances            | 2,083,123  | 1                 | 10,162,578          | 1                        | 12,245,701 | 633,143   | 1                 | 1                   | 1                        | 633,143    |
| 1,875,018  | Held-to-maturity              | 16,840,317 | •                 | 1                   | 1                        | 16,840,317 | 4,457,954 | 1                 | ı                   | 1                        | 4,457,954  |
| 1,875,018  | Trade receivables             | 629,280    | •                 | 1                   | 1                        | 629,280    | 278,159   | 1                 | ı                   | 1                        | 278,159    |
| 24,510         -         -         124,331         148,841         33,215         -         219,619  | Reinsurance assets            | 1,875,018  | ı                 | ı                   | 1                        | 1,875,018  | 564,810   | 1                 | ı                   | 1                        | 564,810    |
|  | Other receivables             | 24,510     | 1                 | 1                   | 124,331                  | 148,841    | 33,215    | 1                 | ı                   | 219,619                  | 252,834    |
| 500,000         -         410,588         -         -         410,588         -  | Finance lease receivables     | ı          | 1                 | 1                   | 145,055                  | 145,055    | 1         | 1                 | ı                   | 134,044                  | 134,044    |
| According   Acco   | Statutory deposit             | 500,000    | 1                 | ı                   | 1                        | 500,000    | 300,000   | 1                 | ı                   | ı                        | 300,000    |
| 30,287,328         -         10,643,166         269,386         41,199,880         9,511,241         -         410,588         353,663         10,000           N'000         N'000         N'000         N'000         N'000         N'000         N'000         N'000           Financial Manufac         Oil & Gas         Public sector         Total         Financial Manufac         Oil & Gas         Public sector           Financial Manufac         Oil & Gas         Public sector         Total         Financial Manufac         Oil & Gas         Public sector           10,726,024         -         -         10,726,024         3,800,276         -         -         3,800,276           926,768         -         10,010,310         1,473,091         12,410,463         7,70,941         -         -         2,030,905           462,616         -         -         462,616         102,994         -   | Deposit for invest. in equity | 1          | 1                 | 480,588             | 1                        | 480,588    | ı         | ı                 | 410,588             | ı                        | 410,588    |
| N'000         N'000 <th< td=""><td></td><td>30,287,328</td><td>1</td><td>10,643,166</td><td>269,386</td><td>41,199,880</td><td>9,511,241</td><td>1</td><td>410,588</td><td>353,663</td><td>10,275,492</td></th<>   |                               | 30,287,328 | 1                 | 10,643,166          | 269,386                  | 41,199,880 | 9,511,241 | 1                 | 410,588             | 353,663                  | 10,275,492 |
| N'000         N'000 <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>GROUP</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>COMPANY</th><th></th><th></th></th<>   |                               |            |                   | GROUP               |                          |            |           |                   | COMPANY             |                          |            |
| Financial Manufac         Oil & Gas         Public sector         Total         Financial Financial         Manufac         Oil & Gas         Public sector           10,726,024         -         -         10,726,024         3,800,276         -         -         3,800,276           926,768         -         -         10,010,310         12,410,169         770,941         -         -         3,800,276           8,214,636         -         -         -         462,616         102,994         -         -         -         2,030,905           462,616         -         -         462,616         102,994         -         <  |                               | 000.₩      | 000.₩             | 000.₩               | 000.₩                    | 000,₩      | 000,₩     | 000.₩             | 000.₩               | 000.₩                    | ₩,000      |
| turing         sector         & Other           10,726,024         -         -         10,726,024         3,800,276         -         -         3,800,276           926,768         -         -         -         1,473,091         12,410,169         770,941         -         -         3,800,276           8,214,636         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         2,030,905         -         -         -         2,0           8,214,636         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         2,0         -   | 7700                          | Financial  | Manufac           | Oil & Gas           | Public sector            | Total      | Financial | Manufac           | Oil & Gas           | Public sector            | Total      |
| 10,726,024       -       -       -       10,726,024       3,800,276       -       -       -       3,800,276       -  | 31 Dec-2016                   |            | turing            | sector              | & Other                  |            |           | turing            | sector              | & Other                  |            |
| 926,768 - 10,010,310 1,473,091 12,410,169 770,941 2,0  8,214,636 8,214,636 2,030,905 2,0  462,616 462,616 102,994 2,04,994 98,580  274,994 274,994 98,580 420,049 420,049 147,965 420,049 420,049 147,965 390,588 70,000 300,000 390,588 - 7,801,770 - 390,588 - 7,801,770 - 390,588 - 7,801,770 - 390,588 - 7,801,770 - 390,588 - 7,801,770 - 3,801,888 - 7,801,770 - 1,801,801,801,801,801,801,801,801,801,80  | Cash and cash equivalents     | 10,726,024 | 1                 | 1                   | 1                        | 10,726,024 | 3,800,276 | •                 | 1                   | 1                        | 3,800,276  |
| 8,214,636 8,214,636 2,030,905 2,0 462,616 462,616 102,994 2,0 274,994 274,994 98,580 106,617 106,617 50,109 420,049 420,049 147,965 500,000 300,000 390,588 - 5 - 390,588 70,000 460,588 - 7,0 21,105,038 - 10,400,898 2,069,757 33,575,693 7,301,770 - 390,588 - 7,0  | Loans and advances            | 926,768    | 1                 | 10,010,310          | 1,473,091                | 12,410,169 | 770,941   | ı                 | 1                   | ı                        | 770,941    |
| 462,616       -       -       -       462,616       102,994       -  | Held-to-maturity              | 8,214,636  | ı                 | ı                   | ı                        | 8,214,636  | 2,030,905 | ı                 | ı                   | ı                        | 2,030,905  |
| 274,994       - </td <td>Trade receivables</td> <td>462,616</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>462,616</td> <td>102,994</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>102,994</td>  | Trade receivables             | 462,616    | 1                 | 1                   | 1                        | 462,616    | 102,994   | 1                 | 1                   | 1                        | 102,994    |
| 106,617 106,617 50,109 106,617 106,617 50,109 420,049 420,049 147,965 500,000 300,000 390,588 - 5 21,105,038 - 10,400,898 2,069,757 33,575,693 7,301,770 - 390,588 - 7,801,770 - 7,801,570 - 10,400,898 - 10,4   | Reinsurance assets            | 274,994    | •                 | ı                   | 1                        | 274,994    | 98,580    | 1                 | 1                   | ı                        | 98,580     |
| 420,049 420,049 147,965 390,588 390,588 - 50,000 300,000 390,588 - 50,000 300,000 390,588 - 50,000 30,000 390,588 - 50,000,757 33,575,693 7,301,770 - 390,588 - 7,000 30,000 300,000 390,588 - 7,000,000 300,000 390,588 - 2,000,000 30,000 390,588 - 2,000,000 30,000 390,588 - 2,000,000 30,000 390,588 - 2,000,000 30,000 390,588 - 2,000,000 30,000 390,588 - 2,000,000 30,000 390,588 - 2,000,000 390,588 - 2,000,000 390,000   | Other receivables             | 1          | 1                 | ı                   | 106,617                  | 106,617    | 50,109    | 1                 | 1                   | 1                        | 50,109     |
| 500,000       -       -       500,000       300,000       -       -       -       -       -       390,588       -       -       390,588       -       -       7,301,770       7,301,770       -       7,301,770       7,301,770  | Finance lease receivables     | 1          | ı                 | ı                   | 420,049                  | 420,049    | 147,965   | ı                 | ı                   | ı                        | 147,965    |
| 390,588 70,000 460,588 390,588 21,105,038 - 10,400,898 2,069,757 33,575,693 7,301,770 - 390,588 - 7,   | Statutory deposit             | 500,000    | 1                 | ı                   | 1                        | 200,000    | 300,000   | 1                 | 1                   | 1                        | 300,000    |
| - 10,400,898 2,069,757 33,575,693 7,301,770 - 390,588 -  | Deposit for invest. in equity | -          | •                 | 390,588             | 70,000                   | 460,588    | 1         | 1                 | 390,588             | 1                        | 390,588    |
|  |                               | 21,105,038 | 1                 | 10,400,898          | 2,069,757                | 33,575,693 | 7,301,770 | •                 | 390,588             | 1                        | 7,692,358  |





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> The table below provides information regarding the credit risk exposure of the Company by classifying assets according to the Company's credit ratings of counter parties:

|                               |            |                       | GROUP                     | •                   |            |            |            | COMPANY                   |                     |            |
|-------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------|
|                               | 000.₩      | ₩.000                 | ₩.000                     | 000.₩               | 000.₩      | 000.₩      | 000.₩      | 000,₩                     | 000.₩               | 000.₩      |
| 31 Dec-2017                   |            | non                   | non                       | Past                |            |            | non        | non                       | Past                |            |
|                               | Investment | Investment investment | investment                | que                 | Total      | Investment | investment | investment                | qne                 | Total      |
|                               | grade      | grade                 | grade un-<br>satisfactory | but not<br>impaired |            | grade      | grade      | grade un-<br>satisfactory | but not<br>impaired |            |
| Cash and cash equivalents     | 8,335,080  |                       |                           | 5                   | 8,335,080  | 3.243.960  |            |                           | 5                   | 3.243.960  |
| Loans and advances            | 12,245,701 | 1                     | 1                         | ı                   | 12,245,701 | 633,143    | 1          | 1                         | ı                   | 633,143    |
| Held-to-maturity              | 16,840,317 | 1                     | 1                         | 1                   | 16,840,317 | 4,457,954  |            |                           |                     | 4,457,954  |
| Trade receivables             | 629,280    | 1                     | 1                         | 1                   | 629,280    | 278,159    | 1          | 1                         | 1                   | 278,159    |
| Reinsurance assets            | 1,795,967  | 1                     | 1                         | 79,051              | 1,875,018  | 551,904    | 1          | 1                         | 12,906              | 564,810    |
| Other receivables             | 148,841    | 1                     | 1                         | 1                   | 148,841    | 252,834    | 1          | 1                         | 1                   | 252,834    |
| Finance lease receivables     | 145,055    | 1                     | 1                         | 1                   | 145,055    | 134,044    | 1          | 1                         | 1                   | 134,044    |
| Statutory deposit             | 500,000    | 1                     | 1                         | 1                   | 500,000    | 300,000    | 1          | 1                         | 1                   | 300,000    |
| Deposit for invest. in equity | , 480,588  | 1                     | 1                         | 1                   | 480,588    | 410,588    | 1          | 1                         | ı                   | 410,588    |
|                               | 41,120,829 | 1                     | 1                         | 79,051              | 41,199,880 | 10,262,586 | 1          | 1                         | 12,906              | 10,275,492 |
|                               |            |                       | GROUP                     | •                   |            |            |            | COMPANY                   |                     |            |
|                               | 000.₩      | 000.₩                 | 000.₩                     | 000.₩               | ₩.000      | 000.₩      | 000.₩      | 000.₩                     | 000.₩               | ₩,000      |
| <b>→ 31 Dec-2016</b>          |            |                       | non                       | Past                |            |            | non        | non                       | Past                |            |
|                               | Investment | investment            | investment                | due                 | Total      | Investment | investment | investment                | que                 | Total      |
|                               | grade      | grade                 | grade un-<br>satisfactory | but not<br>impaired |            | grade      | grade      | grade un-<br>satisfactory | but not<br>impaired |            |
| Cash and cash equivalents     | 10,726,024 | '                     | '                         | '                   | 10,726,024 | 3,800,276  | '          | '                         |                     | 3,800,276  |
| Loans and receivables         | 12,410,169 | 1                     | 1                         | 1                   | 12,410,169 | 770,941    | 1          | 1                         | 1                   | 770,941    |
| Held-to-maturity              | 8,214,636  | 1                     | 1                         | 1                   | 8,214,636  | 2,030,905  | 1          | •                         | 1                   | 2,030,905  |
| Trade receivables             | 462,616    | •                     | •                         | 1                   | 462,616    | 102,994    | 1          | •                         | 1                   | 102,994    |
| Reinsurance assets            | 206,246    | 1                     | •                         | 68,749              | 274,994    | 83,793     | ı          | •                         | 14,787              | 98,580     |
| Other receivables             | 106,617    | 1                     | 1                         | 1                   | 106,617    | 50,109     | ı          | 1                         | 1                   | 50,109     |
| Finance lease receivables     | 420,049    | •                     | •                         | 1                   | 420,049    | 147,965    | 1          | •                         | 1                   | 147,965    |
| Statutory deposit             | 500,000    | ı                     | 1                         | ı                   | 500,000    | 300'000    | ı          | 1                         | ı                   | 300,000    |
| Deposit for invest. in equity | _          | 1                     | 1                         | 1                   | 460,588    | 390,588    | 1          | •                         | 1                   | 390,588    |
|                               | 33,506,945 | •                     | 1                         | 68,749              | 33,575,693 | 7,677,571  | •          |                           | 14,787              | 7,692,358  |





Credit quality

# Notes To The Consolidated And Separate Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

(a) Credit risk - Continued

Age analysis of financial assets past due but not impaired

|                           |                   |                         | GROUP     |                                    |           |               | COMPANY   |                                    |  |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|------------------------------------|--|
|                           | 000. <del>N</del> | 000.₩                   | ₩.000     | 000,₩                              | 000.₩     | 000,₩         | 000.₩     | ₩,000                              |  |
| 31 Dec-2016               | < 30 days 31      | 31 to 60 days > 61 days | > 61 days | Total past–due<br>but not impaired | < 30 days | 31 to 60 days | > 61 days | Total past–due<br>but not impaired |  |
| Reinsurance assets        | 12,906            | 66,145                  | 1         | 79,051                             | 12,906    | 1             | 1         | 12,906                             |  |
|                           | 12,906            | 66,145                  | 1         | 79,051                             | 12,906    | ı             | 1         | 12,906                             |  |
| 31 December 2015          |                   |                         |           |                                    |           |               |           |                                    |  |
| Reinsurance assets        | 51,561            | 17,188                  | •         | 68,749                             | 11,830    | 2,957         |           | 14,787                             |  |
|                           | 51,561            | 17,188                  | ı         | 68,749                             | 11,830    | 2,957         | ı         | 14,787                             |  |
| Impaired financial assets |                   |                         |           |                                    |           |               |           |                                    |  |

At 31 December 2017, there are impaired loans and receivables of M119,425,000 (2016: M29,118,000) and no impaired trade receivables (2016: Nil).

For assets to be classified as "past-due and impaired", contractual payments must be in arrears for more than 90 days. No collateral is held as security for any past due or impaired assets

The Group records impairment allowances for loans and receivables in a separate impairment allowance account. A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment losses for loans and receivables is, as follows:

| ^N.     | 31 Dec-2016 | 000. <del>N</del> |              |                     |                     |         |
|---------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------|
| COMPANY | 31 Dec-2017 | 000, <del>N</del> |              |                     |                     |         |
| GROUP   | 31 Dec-2016 | ₩,000             | 62,553       | 1                   | (33,435)            | 29,118  |
| 5       | 31 Dec-2017 | 000, <del>N</del> | 29,118       | 60,307              | ı                   | 119,425 |
|         |             |                   | At 1 January | Charge for the year | Amounts written off |         |

Collateral

The amount and type of collateral required depends on an assessment of the credit risk of the counterparty. Collateral is mainly obtained for securities lending and for cash purposes. Management monitors the market value of the collateral, requests additional collateral when needed and performs an impairment valuation when applicable.





Strategic Report >>> Governance

>>> Financial Statements >>> Appendices Liquidity risk is the risk that cash may not be available to pay obligations when due at a reasonable cost. The Group mitigates this risk by monitoring

cash activities and expected outflows. The Group's current liabilities arise as claims are made and clients request for termination of their nvestment-linked products. The Group has no material commitments for capital expenditures and there is no need for such expenditures in the

The Company's investment policy requires that a reasonable percentage of the non-life portfolio be held in cash and cash equivalent; this highlights availability of liquid marketable securities sufficient to meet its liabilities as at when due. Cash and cash equivalents include treasury bills and term deposits with an original maturity of less than 90 days.

normal course of business. Claims payments are funded by current operating cash flow including investment income.

The limits are monitored and reported on a weekly and monthly basis to ensure that exposure of the Group's investment portfolio to this risk is properly managed.

Below is a summary of undiscounted contractual cashflows of financial assets matched with financial liabilities.

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|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| GROUP                             | ₩.000              | ₩.000         | ₩,000          | 000.₩        | ₩.000            | ₩.000               | ₩.000          |
| 31 Dec-2017                       | Carrying<br>amount | 1-6<br>months | 6-12<br>months | 1-5<br>years | Above<br>5 years | No maturity<br>date | Gross<br>total |
| Cash and cash equivalents         | 8.345.638          | 8.629.530     | 1              | 1            | 1                | 1                   | 8 629 530      |
| Loans and advances                | 12,245,702         | 1,240,955     | 1,991,269      | 12,378,745   | 1,077,969        | 1                   | 16.688,938     |
| Fair value through profit or loss | 110,952            | 110,952       | 1              |              |                  | 1                   | 110,952        |
| Held-to-maturity financial assets | 16,840,317         | 3,826,085     | 13,781,486     | 1,118,182    | 1                | 1                   | 18,725,754     |
| Trade receivables                 | 629,280            | 629,280       | 1              |              | 1                | 1                   | 629,280        |
| Reinsurance assets                | 2,090,435          | 1,875,018     | 1              | 1            | 1                | 215,417             | 2,090,435      |
| Other receivables                 | 320,980            | 320,980       | 1              | 1            | 1                | 1                   | 320,980        |
| Finance lease receivables         | 145,055            | 50,136        | 38,079         | 101.187      | 17.662           | 1                   | 207,064        |
| Statutory deposit                 | 500,000            | 30,000        | 30,000         | 300,000      | 1                | 200,000             | 860,000        |
| Total financial assets            | 41,228,359         | 16,712,937    | 15,840,833     | 13,898,114   | 1,095,631        | 715,417             | 48,262,933     |
|                                   | 000.₩              | ₩.000         | ₩.000          | 000,₩        | 000.₩            | ₩.000               | ₩,000          |
| Investment contract liabilities   | 26,564,221         | 7,001,183     | 7,001,183      | 13,941,714   | 536,165          | 1                   | 28,480,246     |
| Insurance contract liabilities    | 6,078,210          | 4,839,994     | 1              | 1            | 1                | 1,238,216           | 6,078,210      |
| Trade payables                    | 1,721,930          | 1,721,930     | 1              | 1            | 1                | 1                   | 1,721,930      |
| Other liabilities                 | 544,501            | 544,501       | 1              | 1            | 1                | 1                   | 544,501        |
| Deposit liabilities               | 259,268            | 268,087       | 1              | 1            | 1                | 1                   | 268,087        |
| Borrowings                        | 6,509,170          | 1             | 1              | 4,072,200    | 2,436,970        | 1                   | 6,509,170      |
| Total financial liabilities       | 41,677,300         | 14,375,696    | 7,001,183      | 18,013,914   | 2,973,135        | 1,238,216           | 43,602,144     |
|                                   |                    |               |                |              |                  |                     |                |
| Total liquidity gap               | (448,941)          | 2,337,241     | 8,839,650      | (4,115,799)  | (1,877,505)      | (522,799)           | 4,660,788      |
|                                   |                    |               |                |              |                  |                     |                |

(b) Liquidity risk - Continued



For the year ended 31 December 2017

The need to match the medium to long term tenure of the Group's investment contract liabilities necessitated the high investment in the landed (investment) properties of N8.5 billion. Included in the investment properties are assets worth N6 billion that may be liquidated in the short to medium term to meet the financial obligations of the Group.

| VNAGMOO  |                      |                     |                |              |                  |                     |                      |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 7,000,000  | 000.₩                | 000.₩               | ₩.000          | ₩.000        | 000.₩            | 000.₩               | 000.₩                |
| 31 Dec-2017  | Carrying<br>amount   | 1-6<br>months       | 6-12<br>months | 1-5<br>years | Above<br>5 years | No maturity<br>date | Gross<br>total       |
| Cash and cash equivalents Loans and advances   | 3,249,277 633,143    | 4,170,144           | 130,695        | 389,595      | 225,628          | 1 1                 | 4,170,144<br>876,183 |
| rair value un ougni pronic or 1055<br>Held-to-maturity financial assets<br>Trade receivables | 4,457,954<br>778,159 | 652,726<br>778,159  | 3,830,736      | 391,120      |                  |                     | 4,874,582<br>778,159 |
| Reinsurance assets   | 743,587              | 564,810             | 1              | 1            | ı                | 178,777             | 743,587              |
| Other receivables  | 316,435              | 316,435             | 1              | 1            | 1                |                     | 316,435              |
| Finance lease receivables  | 134,044              | 30,000              | 90,000         | 000'009      | 119,944          | 1                   | 839,944              |
| Statutory deposit  | 300,000              | 18,000              | 18,000         | 180,000      |                  | 300,000             | 516,000              |
| Total financial assets   | 10,223,551           | 6,271,490           | 4,069,432      | 1,560,715    | 345,572          | 478,777             | 12,725,986           |
| Insurance contract liabilities   | 1,926,358            | 1,352,081           | ,              | 1            | 1                | 574,277             | 1,926,358            |
| Trade pavables   | 396,498              | 396,498             | 1              | 1            | 1                | 1                   | 396,498              |
| Other liabilities  | 142,130              | 142,130             | 1              | 1            | 1                | 1                   | 142,130              |
| Borrowings   | 6,509,170            | 1                   | 1              | 4,072,200    | 2,436,970        | 1                   | 6,509,170            |
| Total financial liabilities  | 8,974,156            | 1,890,709           | 1              | 4,072,200    | 2,436,970        | 574,277             | 8,974,156            |
| Total liquidity gap  | 1,249,395            | 1,249,395 4,380,781 | 4,069,432      | (2,511,485)  | (2,091,398)      | (95,500)            | 3,751,830            |

The need to match the medium to long term tenure of the Company's investment contract liabilities necessitated the high investment in the landed (investment) properties of N8.5 billion. Included in the investment properties are assets worth N6 billion that may be liquidated in the short to medium term to meet the financial obligations of the Company.





(b) Liquidity risk - Continued

| (b) Liquidity risk - Continued                  |                     |                         |                |              |                  |                     |                          |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| GROUP   | 000.₩               | 000.₩                   | 000.₩          | 000,₩        | 000.₩            | 000,₩               | 000.₩                    |
| 31 Dec-2016                                     | Carrying<br>amount  | 1-6<br>months           | 6-12<br>months | 1-5<br>years | Above<br>5 years | No maturity<br>date | Gross<br>total           |
| Cash and cash equivalents<br>Loans and advances | 10,734,374          | 12,344,530<br>1,285,162 | 2,035,688      | 12,629,760   | 1,188,984        | 1 1                 | 12,344,530<br>17,139,595 |
| Fair value through profit or loss               | 64,097              | 64,097                  | · (            |              |                  | 1                   | 64,097                   |
| Held-to-maturity financial assets               | 8,214,636           | 1 (                     | 9,446,832      | •            | 1                | 1                   | 9,446,832                |
| Irade receivables<br>Reinsurance assets         | 462,616<br>1180 774 | 462,616<br>274 994      | 1 1            | 1 1          | 1 1              | 905 780             | 462,616<br>1180 774      |
| Other receivables                               | 293,775             | 293,775                 | 1              | 1            | 1                |                     | 293,775                  |
| Finance lease receivables                       | 420,049             | 213,900                 | 200,590        | 111,696      | •                | •                   | 526,186                  |
| Statutory deposit                               | 200,000             | 27,500                  | 27,500         | 275,000      | 1                | 500,000             | 830,000                  |
| Total financial assets                          | 34,280,490          | 14,966,574              | 11,710,610     | 13,016,456   | 1,188,984        | 1,405,780           | 42,288,405               |
| Investment contract liabilities                 | 25,956,771          | 5,835,432               | 5,835,432      | 16,908,674   | 411,649          | ı                   | 28,991,186               |
| Insurance contract liabilities                  | 3,865,911           | 2,587,230               |                |              |                  | 1,278,681           | 3,865,911                |
| Trade payables                                  | 477,342             | 477,342                 | 1              | 1            | 1                |                     | 477,342                  |
| Other liabilities                               | 1,314,453           | 1,314,453               | ı              | 1            | ı                | 1                   | 1,314,453                |
| Deposit liabilities                             | 203,845             | 234,422                 | •              | •            | •                | •                   | 234,422                  |
| Borrowings                                      | 6,258,070           |                         | 1              | 3,904,800    | 2,353,270        | 1                   | 6,258,070                |
| Total financial liabilities                     | 38,076,392          | 10,448,878              | 5,835,432      | 20,813,474   | 2,764,919        | 1,278,681           | 41,141,383               |
| Total liquidity gap                             | (3,795,902)         | 4,517,696               | 5,875,178      | (7,797,018)  | (1,575,934)      | 127,099             | 1,147,021                |

The need to match the medium to long term tenure of the Group's investment contract liabilities necessitated the high investment in the landed (investment) properties of 148.7 billion. Included in the investment properties are assets worth 146.1 billion that may be liquidated in the short to medium term to meet the financial obligations of the Group.





(b) Liquidity risk - Continued

| COMPANY  |                      |                      |                  |   |                  |                     |                        |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|------------------|---|------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| 21 000 2016  | 000.₩                | ₩.000                | 000.₩            | ₩.000                                       | ₩.000            | ₩.000               | ₩.000                  |
| 31 Dec-2010  | Carrying<br>amount   | 1-6<br>months        | 6-12<br>months   | 1-5<br>years                                | Above<br>5 years | No maturity<br>date | Gross<br>total         |
| Cash and cash equivalents<br>Loans and advances                        | 3,804,953<br>770,941 | 4,375,696<br>158,615 | 159,140          | 474,387                                     | 274,734          | 1 1                 | 4,375,696<br>1,066,877 |
| Fair value through profit or loss<br>Held-to-maturity fipancial assets | 64,097<br>2.030,905  | 64,097               | 2.335.541        | 1 1   | 1 1              | 1 1                 | 64,097<br>2 335 541    |
| 5  | 102,994              | 102,994              | 1                | 1   | ı                | 1                   | 102,994                |
| Keinsurance assets<br>Other receivables                                | 842,580<br>121,880   | 767,851<br>121,880   | 1 1              | 1 1   | 1 1              | 6/4,/29             | 842,580<br>121,880     |
| Finance lease receivables<br>Statutory deposit                         | 147,965<br>300,000   | 47,929<br>16,500     | 34,619<br>16.500 | 111,696<br>165.000                          | 19,496<br>-      | 300.000             | 213,739<br>498,000     |
| Total financial assets   | 8,186,315            | 5,055,561            | 2,545,800        | 751,083                                     | 294,230          | 974,729             | 9,621,404              |
| Insurance contract liabilities   | 1,709,183            | 1,152,571            | 1                | 1   | 1                | 556,612             | 1,709,183              |
| Trade payables<br>Other lishilities                                    | 358,995              | 358,995              | 1                | 1   | 1                | 1                   | 358,995                |
| Borrowings   | 6,258,070            |                      |                  | 3,904,800                                   | 2,353,270        |                     | 6,258,070              |
| Total financial liabilities  | 8,609,673            | 1,794,991            | •                | 3,904,800                                   | 2,353,270        | 556,612             | 8,609,673              |
| Total liquidity gap  | (423,358)            | 3,260,570            | 2,545,800        | 3,260,570 2,545,800 (3,153,717) (2,059,040) | (2,059,040)      | 418,117             | 1,011,731              |

The need to match the medium to long term tenure of the Company's investment contract liabilities necessitated the high investment in the landed (investment) properties of N8.7 billion. Included in the investment properties are assets worth N6.1 billion that may be liquidated in the short to medium term to meet the financial obligations of the Company.





For the year ended 31 December 2017

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The Group's principal transactions are carried out in Naira and its exposure to foreign exchange risk arise primarily with respect to the US

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign

The Group's financial assets are primarily denominated in the same currencies as its insurance and investment contract liabilities. Thus, the main foreign exchange risk arises from recognised assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than those in which insurance and investment contract liabilities are expected to be settled

Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc is exposed to foreign exchange currency risk primarily through undertaking certain transactions denominated in foreign currency. The Group exposure to foreign currency risk through its investment in short term placements, foreign domiciliary bank balance and foreign borrowing.

| Group                     | 3         | 31 December 2017 |           | 31 0      | 31 December 2016 |                   |
|---------------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|-------------------|
|                           | USD       | EURO             | Yen       | USD       | EURO             | Yen               |
|                           | 000,₩     | 000,₩            | 000,₩     | 000.₩     | 000,₩            | 000, <del>N</del> |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,749,342 | 3,991            | ı         | 1,717,408 | 37,172           | ı                 |
| Borrowings                | 1         | 1                | 6,108,300 | 1         | 1                | 5,857,200         |
| Outstanding claims        | 325,388   | 1                | I         | 263,698   | 1                | ı                 |
| Company                   |           | 31 December 2017 |           |           | 31 December 2016 |                   |
|                           | OSD       | EURO             | Yen       | asn       | EURO             | Yen               |
|                           | ₩,000     | ₩,000            | ₩,000     | 000,₩     | 000,₩            | 000,₩             |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,607,337 | 3,991            |           | 1,623,683 | 37,172           |                   |
| Borrowings                | 1         | 1                | 6,108,300 | ı         | 1                | 5,857,200         |
| Outstanding claims        | 325,388   | 1                | I         | 263,698   | 1                | ı                 |

currency risk, but to demonstrate the impact due to changes in variables, variables had to be changed on an individual basis. It should be 'The following analysis is performed for reasonably possible movements in key variables with all other variables held constant, showing the impact on profit before tax and equity due to changes in the fair value of currency sensitive monetary assets and liabilities including nsurance contract claim liabilities. The correlation of variables will have a significant effect in determining the ultimateimpact of noted that movements in these variables are non-linear. The method used for deriving sensitivity information and significant variables did not change from the previous period."



**Currency risk** 

(c) Market risk

exchange rates.

dollar and Yen.



#### Notes To The Consolidated And Separate **Financial Statements** For the year ended 31 December 2017

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| USD  | Change in variables  #7000 +10% +10% +110% | 31 DEC<br>Impact on<br>profit<br>before tax<br>N°000<br>142,395<br>399<br>(610,830) | t on Impact on rofit work was equity (9000 N°000 N°00 N°000 N°000 N°000 N°000 N°000 N°000 N°000 N°000 | 31 DECE<br>Impact on profit<br>before tax<br>N°000<br>145,371<br>3,777<br>(585,720) | 31 DECEMBER 2016  profit Impact on  re tax equity  N'000 N'000  45,371 2,602  3,717 2,602 | 31 DECEM<br>Impact on In<br>profit<br>before tax<br>N'000<br>128,195<br>3399<br>(610,830) |
|------|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| USD  | -10%                                       | (142,395)   | (22)  | (145,371)   | (101,760)   | (128,195)   |
| EURO | -10%                                       | (399)   | (279)   | (3,717)   | (2,602)   | (399)   |
| YEN  | -10%                                       | 610,830   | 427.581   | 585.720   | 410.004   | 610,830   |

|            |                     | ŏ                | COMPANY             |                  |
|------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| EMBER 2016 | 31 DECI             | 31 DECEMBER 2017 | 31 DECE             | 31 DECEMBER 2016 |
| Impact on  | Impact on<br>profit | Impact on        | Impact on<br>profit | Impact on        |
| equity     | before tax          | equity           | before tax          | equity           |
| ₩,000      | ₩,000               | 000.₩            | ₩,000               | ₩,000            |
| 101,760    | 128,195             | 89,736           | 135,998             | 95,199           |
| 2,602      | 399                 | 279              | 3,717               | 2,602            |
| (410,004)  | (610,830)           | (427,581)        | (585,720)           | (410,004)        |
| (101,760)  | (128,195)           | (88,736)         | (135,998)           | (95,199)         |
| (2,602)    | (388)               | (279)            | (3,717)             | (2,602)          |
| 410,004    | 610,830             | 427,581          | 585,720             | 410,004          |
|            |                     |                  |                     |                  |

# (c ) Market risk - Continued

# Interest-rate risk :=

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Fixed interest rate instruments expose the Group to fair value interest risk. Group does no expose to cash flow interest risk.

The Group has no significant concentration of interest rate risk.

# 3.2 Capital Management

Nigeria, Mutual Benefits Niger Limited by Conference Interafricaine Des Marches D's assurance (CIMA) and Mutual Benefits Liberia The National Insurance Commission (NAICOM), sets and monitors capital requirements for Insurance Companies. The individual subsidiaries are directly supervised by other regulators, i.e, Mutual Benefits Microfinance Bank Limited is regulated by the Central Bank of Limited are being regulated by Central Bank of Liberia respectively

development of the business. The impact of the level of capital on shareholders' return is also recognised and the Group recognises the The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future need to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with greater gearing and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The Group and its individually regulated operations have complied with all externally imposed capital requirements.

operation or activity is based primarily on the regulatory capital, but in some cases the regulatory requirements do not fully reflect the Management uses regulatory capital ratios to monitor its capital base. The allocation of capital between specific operations and activities is, to a large extent, driven by optimisation of the return achieved on the capital allocated. The amount of capital allocated to each varying degree of risk associated with different activities. In such cases, the capital requirements may be flexed to reflect differing risk profiles, subject to the overall level of capital to support a particular operation or activity not falling below the minimum required for regulatory purposes.



For the year ended 31 December 2017



The process of allocating capital to specific operations and activities is undertaken independently of those responsible for the operation by Group Risk and Group Credit, and is subject to review by the Group Credit Committee or the Group Asset and Liability Management Committee (ALCO), as appropriate. The Group ensures it maintains the minimum required capital at all times throughout the year. The table below summarises the minimum required capital across the Group and the regulatory capital held against each of them

# Capital management objectives, policies and approach

The Company has established the following capital management objectives, policies and approach to managing the risks that affect its capital position:

- To maintain the required level of stability of the Company thereby providing a degree of security to policyholders;
- To allocate capital efficiently and support the development of business by ensuring that -returns on capital employed meet the requirements of its capital providers and of its shareholders;
- To retain financial flexibility by maintaining strong liquidity and access to a range of capital markets;
- To align the profile of assets and liabilities taking account of risks inherent in the business;
- To maintain financial strength to support new business growth and to satisfy the requirements of the policyholders, regulators and stakeholders;
- To maintain strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business objectives and maximise shareholders value.

These regulatory capital tests are based upon required levels of solvency, capital and a series of prudent assumptions in respect of the In reporting financial strength, capital and solvency are measured using the rules prescribed by the National Insurance Commission. type of business written The Company's capital management policy for its insurance business is to hold sufficient capital to cover the statutory requirements based on the NAICOM directives, including any additional amounts required by the regulator The Company seeks to optimise the structure and sources of capital to ensure that it consistently maximises returns to the shareholders and policyholders. The Company has had no significant changes in its policies and processes to its capital structure during the past year from previous





#### 3.2 Capital Management

| Company   | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Available capital resources as at 31 December<br>Total shareholders' funds per financial statements<br>Regulatory adjustments | 5,466,843<br>(150,290)    | 4,810,735<br>95,044       |
| Available capital resources Minumum capital based required by regulator   | 5,316,553<br>3,000,000    | 4,905,779<br>3,000,000    |
| Excess in solvency margin   | 2,316,553                 | 1,905,779                 |

The Solvency Margin for the parent as at 31 December 2017 is as follows:

|  | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Admissible assets                        |                           |                           |
| Cash and cash equivalents                | 3,045,348                 | 3,804,953                 |
| Available-for-sale investment securities | 21,553                    | 21,553                    |
| Fair value through profit or loss        | 110,952                   | 64,097                    |
| Loans and receivables                    | 633,143                   | 455,281                   |
| Held-to-maturity financial assets        | 4,366,454                 | 2,030,905                 |
| Assets pledged as collateral             | 168,064                   | 91,188                    |
| Trade receivables                        | 278,159                   | 102,994                   |
| Reinsurance assets                       | 1,086,826                 | 1,057,693                 |
| Deferred acquisition cost                | 312,182                   | 235,053                   |
| Finance lease receivables                | 134,044                   | 147,965                   |
| Investment properties                    | 56,000                    | 56,000                    |
| Investment in subsidiaries               | 4,000,000                 | 4,000,000                 |
| Deposit for shares                       | 410,588                   | 390,588                   |
| Property, plant and equipment            | 2,925,601                 | 3,152,644                 |
| Intangible assets                        | 15,387                    | 33,305                    |
| Statutory deposit                        | 300,000                   | 300,000                   |
| Total                                    | 17,864,301                | 15,944,219                |
| Admissible liabilities                   |                           |                           |
| Insurance contract liabilities           | 4,352,606                 | 3,822,730                 |
| Borrowings                               | 6,509,170                 | 6,258,070                 |
| Trade payables                           | 1,028,272                 | 452,495                   |
| Other liabilities                        | 235,695                   | 287,412                   |
| Current income tax liabilities           | 422,005                   | 217,733                   |
| Total                                    | 12,547,748                | 11,038,440                |
| Solvency margin                          | 5,316,553                 | 4,905,779                 |
|  | 3,000,000                 | 3,000,000                 |

The higher of 15% of Net premium income and minimum Share capital requirement





For the year ended 31 December 2017

#### 3.3 Asset and Liability Management

The Company is exposed to a financial risks through its financial assets, financial liabilities (investment contracts and borrowings), reinsurance assets and insurance liabilities. In particular, the key financial risk is that in the long-term its investment proceeds are not sufficient to fund the obligations arising from its insurance and investment contracts. The most important components of this financial risk are liquidity risk and credit risk.

The Company manages these positions within an ALM framework that has been developed to achieve longterm investment returns in excess of its obligations under insurance and investment contracts. Within the ALM framework, the Group periodically produces reports at portfolio, legal entity and asset and liability class level that are circulated to the Group's key management personnel. The principal technique of the Company's ALM is to match assets to the liabilities arising from insurance and investment contracts by reference to the type of benefits payable to contract holders. For each distinct class of liabilities, a separate portfolio of assets is maintained. The Company has not changed the processes used to manage its risks from previous periods.

The Company's ALM is integrated with the management of the financial risks associated with the Company's other classes of financial assets and liabilities not directly associated with insurance and investment liabilities (in particular, borrowings and investments in foreign operations). The notes below explain how financial risks are managed using the categories utilized in the Company's ALM framework.

The table below hypothecates the total assets of the Company into assets that represents insurance funds, shareholders' funds and other funds such as investment contracts:





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#### 3.3 Asset and Liability Management - Continued

The table below hypothecates the total assets of the Company into assets that represents insurance funds and shareholders' funds:

|  |                              | D         | EC 2017             | DEC 2               | 2016      |              |
|--|------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|
|  | Carrying                     | Insurance | Shareholders        | Carrying            | Insurance | Shareholders |
|  | amount                       | contract  | fund                | amount              | contract  | fund         |
| ASSETS                                     | ₩'000                        | ₩'000     | 000' <del>/</del> 4 | 000' <del>/</del> 4 | ₩'000     | ₩'000        |
| Cash and cash equivalents                  | 3,249,277                    | 2,832,856 | 416,421             | 3,804,953           | 2,897,096 | 907,857      |
| Available-for-sale investment securities   | 21,553                       | -         | 21,553              | 21,553              | -         | 21,553       |
| Fair value through profit or loss          | 110,952                      | 110,952   | -                   | 64,097              | 64,097    | -            |
| Loans and receivables                      | 633,143                      | · -       | 633,143             | 770,941             |           | 770,941      |
| Held-to-maturity financial assets          | 4,457,954                    | 2,759,756 | 1,698,198           | 2,030,905           | 1,050,090 | 980,815      |
| Assets pledged as collateral               | 168,064                      | -         | 168,064             | 91,188              | -         | 91,188       |
| Trade receivables                          | 278,159                      | 278,159   | -                   | 102,994             | 102,994   | -            |
| Reinsurance assets                         | 1,086,826                    | 1,086,826 | -                   | 1,057,693           | 1,057,693 | _            |
| Other receivables and prepayments          | 560,682                      | _         | 560,682             | 319,213             | -         | 319,213      |
| Deferred acquisition cost                  | 312,182                      | _         | 312,182             | 235,053             | _         | 235,053      |
| Finance lease receivables                  | 134,044                      | 134,044   | _                   | 147,965             | 147,965   | -            |
| Investment property                        | 56.000                       | -         | 56,000              | 56,000              |           | 56,000       |
| Investment in subsidiaries                 | 4,000,000                    | _         | 4,000,000           | 4,000,000           | _         | 4,000,000    |
| Intangible assets                          | 15,387                       | _         | 15,387              | 33,305              | _         | 33,305       |
| Property, plants and equipment             | 2,925,601                    | _         | 2,925,601           | 3,152,644           | _         | 3,152,644    |
| 1 2:1                                      |                              |           | 300,000             | 300,000             |           | 300,000      |
| Statutory deposit                          | 300,000                      | -         | 410,588             | 390,588             | -         | 390,588      |
| Deposit for shares Total assets            | 410,588<br><b>18,720,412</b> | 7,202,593 | 11,517,819          | 16,579,092          | 5,319,935 | 11,259,157   |
|  | 10,720,412                   | 7,202,333 | 11,317,019          |                     | 3,319,933 | 11,233,137   |
| Liabilities Insurance contract liabilities | 4 252 606                    | 4,352,606 | _                   | 3,822,730           | 3,822,730 | _            |
|  | 4,352,606                    | 1,028,272 | _                   | 452,495             | 452,495   | _            |
| Trade payables                             | 1,028,272                    | 1,020,272 | 235,695             | 287,412             | 432,493   | 287,412      |
| Other liabilities                          | 235,695                      | -         |                     | 6,258,070           | -         | •            |
| Borrowings                                 | 6,509,170                    | -         | 6,509,170           | 217,733             | -         | 6,258,070    |
| Current income tax liabilities             | 422,005                      | -         | 422,005             | 729,917             | -         | 217,733      |
| Deferred tax liability                     | 705,821                      | -         | 705,821             | 11,768,357          | -         | 729,917      |
| Total liabilities                          | 13,253,569                   | 5,380,878 | 7,872,691           | 11,700,337          | 4,275,225 | 7,493,132    |
| GAP  | 5,466,843                    | 1,821,715 | 3,645,128           | 4,810,735           | 1,044,710 | 3,766,025    |





For the year ended 31 December 2017

#### 3.4 Measurement of financial assets and liabilities

Accounting classification measurement basis and fair value

Set out below is a comparison, by class, of the carrying amounts and fair values of the financial instruments, other than those with carrying amounts that are reasonable zapproximations of fair values:

|                           |      |                     | Group             |               |                     | Company           |                   |
|---------------------------|------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 31 December 2017          | Note | Loans & receivables | Fair value<br>TPL | Fair<br>value | Loans & receivables | Fair value<br>TPL | Fair<br>value     |
|                           |      | <del>N</del> '000   | ₩'000             | ₩'000         | <del>N</del> '000   | ₩'000             | <del>N</del> ′000 |
| Quoted equities           | 23.2 | -                   | 110,952           | 110,952       | -                   | 110,952           | 110,952           |
| Loans and advances        | 23.3 | 12,245,702          | -                 | 12,245,702    | 633,143             | -                 | 633,143           |
| Finance lease receivables | 29   | 145,055             | -                 | 145,055       | 134,044             | -                 | 134,044           |
|                           |      | 12,390,757          | 110,952           | 12,501,709    | 767,187             | 110,952           | 878,139           |

|                           |      |                     | Group             |                   |                     | Company           |               |
|---------------------------|------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 31 December 2016          | Note | Loans & receivables | Fair value<br>TPL | Fair<br>value     | Loans & receivables | Fair value<br>TPL | Fair<br>value |
|                           |      | <del>N</del> '000   | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000   | ₩'000             | ₩'000         |
| Quoted equities           | 23.2 | -                   | 64,097            | 64,097            | -                   | 64,097            | 64,097        |
| Loans and advances        | 23.3 | 12,410,169          | -                 | 12,816,291        | 770,941             | -                 | 778,650       |
| Finance lease receivables | 29   | 420,049             | -                 | 434,416           | 147,965             | -                 | 150,924       |
|                           |      | 12,830,218          | 64,097            | 13,314,804        | 918,906             | 64,097            | 993,671       |

#### 3.5 Fair value hierarchy

The Group's accounting policy on fair value measurements is discussed under note 2.3.12.

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities that are traded inactive markets are based on quoted market prices or dealer price quotations. For all other financial instruments, the group determines fair values using other valuation techniques.

For financial instruments that trade infrequently, and had little price transparency, fair value is less objective, and requires varying degrees of judgement depending on liquidity, concentration, uncertainty of market factors, pricing assumptions and other risk affecting the specific instrument.

#### Valuation models

The group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy, which reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

#### 3.5 Fair value hierarchy - Coutinued

#### Financial instruments in level 1

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1. Instruments included in Level 1 comprise primarily Nigerian Stock Exchange equity investments classified as trading securities or available for sale. If the fair value cannot be measured reliably, these financial instruments are measured at cost, being the fair value of the consideration paid for the acquisition





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of the investment or the amount received on issuing the financial liability. All transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition are also included in the cost of the investment. The group measure its available-sale instrument at costs.

# Financial instruments in level 2

nputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.

# Financial instruments in level 3

observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are Level 3: inputs that are unobservable. This category includes all instruments for which the valuation technique includes inputs not based on valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments for which significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized. The amounts are based on the values recognised in the statement of financial position.

| 31 December 2017          |         |            | Group      |            | O       | Company   |         |                   |
|---------------------------|---------|------------|------------|------------|---------|-----------|---------|-------------------|
|                           | Level 1 | Level 2    | Level 3    | Total      | Level 1 | Level 2   | Level 3 | Total             |
|                           | 000,₩   | 000.₩      | 000.₩      | 000.₩      | 000.₩   | ₩.000     | 000.₩   | 000.₩             |
| Quoted equities           | 110,952 | 1          | ı          | 110,952    | 110,952 | 1         | 1       | 110,952           |
| Loans and advances        | ı       | 1          | 12,245,702 | 12,245,702 | ı       | •         | 633,143 | 633,143           |
| Held-to-maturity          | ı       | 16,840,317 | ı          | 16,840,317 | ı       | 4,457,954 | 1       | 4,457,954         |
| Finance lease receivables | ı       | 1          | 145,055    | 145,055    | ı       | 1         | 134,044 | 134,044           |
|                           | 1       | 16,840,317 | 12,390,757 | 29,231,074 | 1       | 4,457,954 | 767,187 | 5,225,141         |
| 31 December 2016          |         |            |            |            |         |           |         |                   |
| Quoted equities           | 64,097  | ı          | ı          | 64,097     | 64,097  | ı         | 1       | 64,097            |
| Loans and advances        | ı       | ı          | 12,876,291 | 12,876,291 | ı       | 1         | 778,650 | 778,650           |
| Held-to-maturity          | ı       | 8,214,636  | ı          | 8,214,636  | ı       | 2,030,905 | •       | 2,030,905         |
| Finance lease receivables | ı       | I          | 434,416    | 434,416    | I       | ı         | 150,924 | 150,924           |
|                           | 1       | 8,214,636  | 13,310,707 | 21,525,343 | ı       | 2,030,905 | 929,575 | 929,575 2,960,480 |



38 low are the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for those financial instruments in the financial statements: Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

Assets and liabilities for which fair value approximates carrying value

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, reinsurance receivable, other receivables, trade payables, other liabilities and deposit liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

Loans and advances and finance lease receivables

The discount rate equals the prime lending rate as set by the Central Bank of Nigeria at the reporting dates. The fair values are within The fair values of loans and advances are based on cash flows discounted using a rate based on the market interest rate of borrowings. Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy

Non financial asset measured at fair value

Investment property is a recurring fair value measurement valued using the market approach method of valuation. The valuation of the Therefore, the market-approach Method of Valuation was used. See Note 31 for the details of the description of valuation techniques properties is based on the price for which comparable land and properties are being exchanged and/or are being marketed for sale. used and key inputs to valuation on investment properties.

|                     |             |                 | ō       | Group     |           |         | Company | any       |           |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
|                     |             | Level 1 Level 2 | Level 2 | Level 3   | Total     | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3   | Total     |
|                     |             | 000,₩           | 000,₩   | ₩,000     | ₩,000     | ₩,000   | ₩,000   | ₩'000     | ₩,000     |
| Investment property | 31 Dec 2017 | 1               | 1       | 8,566,000 | 8,566,000 | 1       | 1       | 26,000    | 26,000    |
| Building            | 31 Dec 2017 | 1               | ı       | 1,450,000 | 1,450,000 | 1       | ı       | 1,450,000 | 1,450,000 |
| Land                | 31 Dec 2017 | 1               | ı       | 339,282   | 339,282   | 1       | •       | 1         | 1         |
| Investment property | 31 Dec 2016 | ı               | ı       | 8,726,390 | 8,726,390 | ı       | ı       | 56,000    | 26,000    |

During the reporting year ended 31 December 2017, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 and in and out of level 3.

and a willing seller produced a surplus amount of ₦72,617,000 which has been credited to the property, plant and equipment revaluation Surveyors and Valuers (FRC/2015/NIESV/00000010800). The valuation which was based on open market value between a willing buyer The Company's land and building at Aret Adams House were professionally valued on 19 January 2018 by Alabi, Ojo & Makinde Estate account. As a result of the valuation, the revised value of the properties as at 31 December 2017 was ₩1,450,000,000



3.5 Fair value hierarchy - Coutinued



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#### 3.6 Segment information

The Group is organized into three operating segments. These segments distribute their products through various forms of brokers, agencies and direct marketing programs. Management identifies its reportable operating segments by product line consistent with the reports used by the Management Investment and Underwriting Committee. These segments and their respective operations are as follows:

- Assurance business: This segment covers the protection of customers' assets (Particularly their properties, both for personal and commercial business) and indemnification of other parties that have suffered damage as a result of customers accident. All contracts in this segment are short term in nature. Revenue in this segment is derived primarily from insurance premium, investment income, net realised gains on financial assets , and net fair value gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and covers the protection of the Group's customers against the risk of premature death, disability, critical illness and other accidents. Revenue from this segment is derived primarily from insurance premium, investment income, net realized gains on financial assets and net fair value gains on financial assets held for trading.
- Real Estate: The Group undertakes real estate development project with the aim of outright sale or lease of the properties to meet the needs of individual and corporate bodies. The Group offers various products in real estate to meet client needs while promoting value adding business relationships and utilizes a combination of debt and equity finance to provide funds for projects. Revenue from this segment is derived primarily from property sale, fee income and investment income.
- iv Microfinance Banking: The Group undertakes provision of retails and microfinance banking services at the community level. Revenue from this segment is derived primarily interest on micro loans and advances, SME loans, overdraft, fees and commission and investment income.

#### 3.6 Segment information





|  |                       | Assurance business    | usiness         |                   |                      |                              |                           |            |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|
|  |                       |                       |                 |                   | Mutual               | Mutual                       |                           |            |
| dnos                                     | Mutual Plc<br>Nigeria | Mutual Ltd<br>Nigeria | Mutual<br>Niger | Mutual<br>Liberia | Real estate<br>Homes | Microfinance<br>Microfinance | Elimination<br>adjustment | Total      |
|  | ₩,000                 | 000,₩                 | 000,₩           | ₩,000             | 000,₩                | 000,₩                        | 000,₩                     | 000,₩      |
| Cash and cash equivalents                | 3,249,277             | 4,151,584             | 833,814         | 187,844           | 3,774                | 132,772                      | (213,427)                 | 8,345,638  |
| Available-for-sale investment securities | 21,553                | 726,472               | 1               | 111,500           | 1                    | •                            | (10,000)                  | 849,524    |
| Fair value through profit or loss        | 110,952               | 1                     | ı               | 1                 | ı                    | 1                            | ı                         | 110,952    |
| Loans and receivables                    | 633,143               | 10,854,661            | ı               | 805,883           | ı                    | 591,442                      | (639,428)                 | 12,245,702 |
| Held-to-maturity                         | 4,457,954             | 12,382,363            | I               | ı                 | ı                    | 1                            | ı                         | 16,840,317 |
| Assets pledged as collateral             | 168,064               | ı                     | ı               | 1                 | ı                    | 1                            | ı                         | 168,064    |
| Trade receivables                        | 278,159               | 1                     | 208,046         | 143,075           | ı                    | 1                            | ı                         | 629,280    |
| Reinsurance assets                       | 1,086,826             | 1,070,169             | 298,735         | 1                 | ı                    | 1                            | ı                         | 2,455,731  |
| Other receivables                        | 560,682               | 439,538               | 17,145          | 123,055           | 59,079               | 19,161                       | (225,478)                 | 993,182    |
| Deferred acquisition cost                | 312,182               | 173,101               | ı               | 1                 | ı                    | 1                            | ı                         | 485,283    |
| Finance lease receivables                | 134,044               | 11,011                | ı               | 1                 | ı                    | 1                            | ı                         | 145,055    |
| Inventories                              | 1                     | 1                     | 1               | 1                 | 907,822              | I                            | 1                         | 907,822    |
| Investment properties                    | 26,000                | 8,510,000             | 1               | 1                 | ı                    | I                            | 1                         | 8,566,000  |
| Investment in subsidiaries               | 4,000,000             | 896,981               | ı               | ı                 | I                    | ı                            | (4,896,981)               | ı          |
| Intangible assets                        | 15,387                | 1,751                 | 20,940          | ı                 | ı                    | 5,916                        | 1                         | 43,994     |
| Property, plants and equipment           | 2,925,601             | 364,573               | 398,215         | 207,937           | 118                  | 26,488                       | ı                         | 3,922,931  |
| Statutory deposit                        | 300'000               | 200,000               | 1               | 1                 | 1                    | I                            | 1                         | 200,000    |
| Deposit for shares                       | 410,588               | 70,000                | ı               | 1                 | ı                    | ı                            | I                         | 480,588    |
| Goodwill                                 | ı                     | 1                     | 1               | •                 | ı                    | 1                            | 1,543                     | 1,543      |
| Total assets                             | 18,720,412            | 39,852,204            | 1,776,895       | 1,579,294         | 970,793              | 775,779                      | (5,983,771)               | 57,691,606 |
|  |                       |                       |                 |                   |                      |                              |                           |            |



Segment information - Continued



# Notes To The Consolidated And Separate **Financial Statements**

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| Group                                 | Mutual Plc<br>Nigeria | Mutual Ltd<br>Nigeria | Mutual<br>Niger | Mutual<br>Liberia | Real estate<br>Mutual<br>Homes | Microfinance<br>Mutual<br>Microfinance | Elimination<br>adjustment | Total       |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------|
| LIABILITIES                           | 000,₩                 | 000.₩                 | 000,₩           | 000,₹             | 000,₩                          | 000,₩                                  | 000,₩                     | 000,₩       |
| Insurance contract liabilities        | 4,352,606             | 5,156,574             | 526,342         | 263,568           | 1                              | ı                                      | 1                         | 10,299,090  |
| Investment contract liabilities       | ı                     | 26,551,455            | 1               | 12,767            | ı                              | ı                                      | 1                         | 26,564,221  |
| Trade payables                        | 1,028,272             | 1,661,962             | 149,634         | 18,427            | 1                              | ı                                      | 1                         | 2,858,296   |
| Other liabilities                     | 235,695               | 643,659               | 112,947         | 91,723            | 219,946                        | 898'66                                 | (242,609)                 | 1,161,224   |
| Deposit liabilities                   | 1                     | 1                     | 1               | ı                 | ı                              | 472,695                                | (213,427)                 | 259,268     |
| Borrowings                            | 6,509,170             | ı                     | ı               | ı                 | 639,427                        | ı                                      | (639,427)                 | 6,509,170   |
| Current income tax liabilities        | 422,005               | 201,538               | 1               | 1,235             | 45,560                         | 16,837                                 | 1                         | 687,173     |
| Deferred tax liabilities              | 705,821               | 31,069                | •               | •                 | 91,628                         | 5,005                                  | 229,562                   | 1,063,084   |
| Total liabilities                     | 13,253,569            | 34,246,257            | 788,924         | 387,719           | 996,561                        | 594,399                                | (865,901)                 | 49,401,526  |
| EOUITY                                |                       |                       |                 |                   |                                |  |                           |             |
| Share capital                         | 4,000,000             | 250,000               | 330,000         | 488,421           | 20,000                         | 250,000                                | (1,338,421)               | 4,000,000   |
| Treasury shares                       | (250)                 | ı                     | 1               | 1                 | ı                              | ı                                      | ı                         | (250)       |
| Share premium                         | 1                     | 3,750,000             | 1               | ı                 | ı                              | 1                                      | (3,750,000)               | 1           |
| Foreign currency transalation reserve | erve                  | ,                     | 275,298         | 691,306           | ı                              | 1                                      | (55,540)                  | 911,064     |
| Contingency reserve                   | 2,398,485             | 403,280               | •               | 1                 | 1                              | 1                                      | 1                         | 2,801,764   |
| Revaluation reserve                   | 1,339,395             | ı                     | 139,140         | •                 | ı                              | 1                                      | (11,132)                  | 1,467,403   |
| Retained losses                       | (2,270,787)           | 1,202,667             | 186,520         | (67,120)          | (45,768)                       | (113,674)                              | 28,915                    | (1,079,247) |
| Shareholders fund                     | 5,466,843             | 5,605,947             | 930,957         | 1,112,607         | (25,768)                       | 136,326                                | (5,126,178)               | 8,100,734   |
| Owners of the parent                  | 5,466,843             | 5,605,947             | 930,957         | 1,112,607         | (25,768)                       | 136,326                                | (5,126,178)               | 8,100,734   |
| Non-controlling interests in equity   | · >                   | 1                     | 57,014          | 78,968            | ı                              | 45,054                                 | 8,310                     | 189,346     |
| Total equity                          | 5,466,843             | 5,605,947             | 987,971         | 1,191,575         | (25,768)                       | 181,380                                | (5,117,868)               | 8,290,080   |
| Total liabilities and equity          | 18,720,412            | 39,852,204            | 1,776,895       | 1,579,294         | 970,793                        | 977,377                                | (5,983,769)               | 57,691,606  |

3.6 Segment information - Continued





|   |                       | Assur                 | Assurance pusiness | S                 |                                |  |                           |                       |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Group   | Mutual Plc<br>Nigeria | Mutual Ltd<br>Nigeria | Mutual<br>Niger    | Mutual<br>Liberia | Real estate<br>Mutual<br>Homes | Microfinance<br>Mutual<br>Microfinance | Elimination<br>adjustment | Total                 |
|   | ₩,000                 | ₩'000                 | ₩,000              | 000,₩             | 000,₩                          | ₩,000                                  | ₩,000                     | ₩,000                 |
| Gross premium written   | 7,298,974             | 4,963,517             | 1,104,126          | 671,262           | 1                              | ı                                      | ı                         | 14,037,879            |
| Gross premiums income   | 6,986,273             | 4,637,470             | 1,057,955          | 671,262           | ı                              | 1                                      | ı                         | 13,352,960            |
| Premiums ceded to reinsurers                                  | (1,046,287)           | (761,363)             | (78,004)           | 1                 | 1                              | 1                                      | ı                         | (1,885,655)           |
| Net premiums income   | 5,939,986             | 3,876,107             | 979,951            | 671,262           | 1                              | ı                                      | 1                         | 11,467,305            |
| Fee and commission income                                     | 142,249               | 166,109               | 1,287              | 1                 | 1                              | 1                                      | (1)                       | 309,646               |
| Net underwriting income                                       | 6,082,235             | 4,042,216             | 981,238            | 671,262           | 1                              | 1                                      | (1)                       | 11,776,951            |
| Net benefits and claims                                       | 1,914,071             | 2,592,489             | 346,707            | 300,938           | •                              | ı                                      | ī                         | 5,154,205             |
| Increase in individual life fund                              | 1                     | (4,270)               | ı                  | ı                 | ı                              | 1                                      | ı                         | (4,270)               |
| Increase in annuity reserve                                   | ı                     | (22,252)              | ı                  | ı                 | ı                              | 1                                      | ı                         | (22,252)              |
| Underwriting expenses   | 1,621,939             | 1,136,011             | 134,488            | 52,163            | I                              | 1                                      | (1)                       | 2,944,601             |
| Net underwriting expenses                                     | 3,536,010             | 3,701,978             | 481,196            | 353,101           | ı                              | ı                                      | (1)                       | 8,072,284             |
| Underwriting profit   | 2,546,225             | 340,238               | 500,042            | 318,162           | ı                              | 1                                      | ı                         | 3,704,667             |
| Profit on investment contracts                                | 1                     | 955,472               | ı                  | 1                 | 1                              | 1                                      | (63,573)                  | 891,899               |
| Investment income   | 896,167               | 646,222               | 27,998             | 26,877            | 1                              | 1                                      | ı                         | 1,597,262             |
| Net fair value gain/(loss) on assets at FVTPL<br>Other income | 123,731<br>38,312     | (85,390)<br>303,148   | 33,332             | 1 1               | -<br>46,189                    | 56,667                                 | 1 1                       | 38,341<br>477,649     |
| Impairment charge no longer required                          | ı                     | 2,011                 | ı                  | ı                 | ı                              | 1                                      | ı                         | 2,011                 |
| Impairment charges  | 1                     | (78,830)              | 1                  | 1                 | 1                              | (300,307)                              | 1                         | (169,137)             |
| Employees benefit expenses                                    | (846,284)             | (747,233)             | (181,86)           | (113,592)         | (3,300)                        | (131,219)                              | 1                         | (1,939,809)           |
| Other management expenses & FX gain                           | (1,909,060)           | (988,831)             | (259,031)          | (226,522)         | (2,923)                        | (106,134)                              | 63,574                    | (3,428,928)           |
| Result of operating activities                                | 849,091               | 346,807               | 204,160            | 4,925             | 39'68                          | (270,993)                              | _                         | 1,173,955             |
| Finance costs   | 1                     | ı                     | ı                  | 1                 | 1                              | (27,681)                               | (11,751)                  | (39,432)              |
| Finance incomes   | 1                     | 1                     | 1                  | 1                 | 1                              | 154,985                                | 45,585                    | 200,570               |
| Profit before income tax                                      | 849,091               | 346,807               | 204,160            | 4,925             | 39,966                         | (143,688)                              | 33,835                    | 1,335,093             |
| Income tax (expenses)/benefit                                 | (243,815)             | (31,950)              | (63,447)           | (1,233)           | (3,662)                        | 358                                    | 31,164                    | (312,585)             |
| Profit for the year   | 605,276               | 314,857               | 140,713            | 3,692             | 36,304                         | (143,330)                              | 64,999                    | 1,022,508             |
| Profit attributable to:                                       |                       |                       |                    |                   |                                |  |                           |                       |
| Owners of the parent<br>Non-controlling interests             | 605,276               | 314,857               | 129,456<br>11,257  | 3,507             | 36,304                         | (117,916)<br>(25,415)                  | 64,996                    | 1,036,481<br>(13,973) |
|   | 605,276               | 314,857               | 140,713            | 3,692             | 36,304                         | (143,330)                              | 64,996                    | 1,022,508             |
|   |                       |                       |                    |                   |                                |  |                           |                       |





# Notes To The Consolidated And Separate Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Strategic ReportGovernanceFinancial StatementsAppendices

| Mutual P  Niger  Niger  Niger  N'00  N'00 |   | Assurance pusiness           Mutual Ltd         Mu           Nigeria         N           N'000         N'           6,157,695         691, | Asiness<br>Mutual<br>Niger | Mutual    | Keal estate<br>Mutual | Micronnance<br>Mutual | Elimination | Total      |
|---|---|--|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|------------|
| nd cash equivalents<br>ble-for-sale investment securities<br>ue through profit or loss<br>and receivables<br>maturity<br>pledged as collateral  |   | Autual Ltd Nigeria Nigeria N'000 6,157,695   | Mutual<br>Niger            | Mutual    | Mutual                | Mutual                | Elimination | Total      |
| 3,88<br>nt securities<br>loss 7<br>7<br>2,01  | geria<br>1000<br>1953<br>1,553<br>1,097 | Nigeria<br>N'000<br>6,157,695  | Niger                      |           |                       |                       |             | -          |
| 3,8/8 and securities loss 7 7 2,0% 2,0% 100   | ,953<br>,553<br>,097                    | ₩'000<br>6,157,695   | •                          | Liberia   | Homes                 | Microfinance          | adjustment  |            |
| 3,81<br>nt securities<br>loss 7<br>7<br>2,01  | ,953<br>,553<br>,097                    | 6,157,695  | 000,₩                      | 000,₩     | 000,₩                 | ₩,000                 | 000,₩       | 000,₩      |
| nt securities 7 7 2,07  | ,553                                    |  | 691,230                    | 36,933    | 7,557                 | 36,005                | 1           | 10,734,374 |
| loss 2,(  | 760'                                    | 716,472  | 1                          | 111,350   | ı                     | 1                     | 1           | 849,374    |
| 2,0   | ;                                       | 1  | 1                          | 1         | ı                     | 1                     | 1           | 64,097     |
| 2,030,90<br>91,18<br>102,99   | ,941                                    | 11,193,259   | ı                          | 1,057,047 | ı                     | 460,353               | (1,071,432) | 12,410,169 |
| 91,18<br>102,99<br>105,769  | 906'                                    | 6,183,731  |                            |           |                       |                       | 1           | 8,214,636  |
| 102,99<br>1 057 69  | 1,188                                   | 1  | 1                          | •         | 1                     | 1                     | 1           | 91,188     |
| 1 057 69  | ,994                                    | 1  | 168,633                    | 190,989   | ı                     | 1                     | 1           | 462,616    |
| Keinsurance assets  | ,693                                    | 771,068  | 42,978                     | 1         | ı                     | 1                     | 1           | 1,871,739  |
| Other receivables 319,213   | ,213                                    | 521,088  | 79,935                     | 10,676    | 97,564                | 26,199                | (166,655)   | 888,020    |
| Deferred acquisition cost   | ,053                                    | 105,285  | 1                          | •         | 1                     | 1                     | 1           | 340,338    |
| Finance lease receivables   | ,965                                    | 181,810  | 1                          | 90,274    | 1                     | ı                     | ı           | 420,049    |
| Inventories -   | ı                                       | 1  | ı                          | ı         | 1,332,864             | ı                     | ı           | 1,332,864  |
| Investment properties 56,000  | 000                                     | 8,670,390  | 1                          | 1         | 1                     | 1                     | 1           | 8,726,390  |
| Investment in subsidiaries 4,000,000  |   | 896,981  | 1                          | ı         | 1                     | ı                     | (4,896,981) | 1          |
| Investment in associates  | 1                                       | 1  | ı                          | ı         | ı                     | 1                     | ı           | 1          |
| Intangible assets 33,305  | 305,                                    | 3,603  | 32,702                     | 1         | 1                     | 3,920                 | 1           | 73,531     |
| Property, plants and equipment 3,152,644  |   | 505,381  | 143,431                    | 194,119   | 492                   | 28,233                | 1           | 4,024,297  |
| Statutory deposit 300,000   |   | 200,000  | •                          | •         | 1                     | 1                     | 1           | 500,000    |
| Deposit for investment in equity 390,588  | 288                                     | 70,000   | 1                          | 1         | 1                     | ı                     | ı           | 460,588    |
| Goodwill  | ı                                       | ı  | 1                          | ı         | ı                     | ı                     | 1,543       | 1,543      |
| Total assets 16,579,092   |   | 36,176,763   | 1,158,908                  | 1,691,388 | 1,438,476             | 554,711               | (6,133,525) | 51,465,813 |



3.6 Segment information - Continued



|                          | •              |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| >>> Strategic Report     | >>> Governance |
| >>> Financial Statements | » Appendices   |
|                          |                |
|                          |                |

|                                       |                       | Assuranc              | Assurance business |                   | Real estate     | Microfinance           |                           |             |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Group                                 | Mutual Plc<br>Nigeria | Mutual Ltd<br>Nigeria | Mutual<br>Niger    | Mutual<br>Liberia | Mutual<br>Homes | Mutual<br>Microfinance | Elimination<br>adjustment | Total       |
| LIABILITIES                           | 000,₩                 | 000,₩                 | ₩,000              | 000,₩             | ₩,000           | 000,₩                  | 000,₩                     | 000,₹       |
| Insurance contract liabilities        | 3,822,730             | 3,210,013             | 227,786            | 333,677           |                 | 1                      | (192,335)                 | 7,401,872   |
| Investment contract liabilities       | 1                     | 25,944,127            | ı                  | 12,644            | 1               | ı                      | ı                         | 25,956,771  |
| Trade payables                        | 452,495               | 52,100                | 1,730              | 18,381            | 1               | 1                      | 745,512                   | 1,270,219   |
| Other liabilities                     | 287,412               | 1,405,596             | 277,125            | 141,773           | 317,531         | 51,102                 | (769,543)                 | 1,710,996   |
| Deposit liabilities                   | 1                     | ı                     | ı                  | ı                 | 1               | 203,845                | ı                         | 203,845     |
| Borrowings                            | 6,258,070             | ı                     | ı                  | ı                 | 1,050,496       | ı                      | (1,050,496)               | 6,258,070   |
| Current income tax liabilities        | 217,733               | 215,791               | 12,779             | ı                 | 41,328          | 16,212                 | ı                         | 503,843     |
| Deferred tax liabilities              | 729,917               | 58,046                | ı                  | ı                 | 92,197          | 6,542                  | 260,726                   | 1,147,429   |
| Total liabilities                     | 11,768,357            | 30,885,673            | 519,420            | 506,476           | 1,501,553       | 277,701                | (1,006,136)               | 44,453,045  |
| EQUITY                                |                       |                       |                    |                   |                 |                        |                           |             |
| Share capital                         | 4,000,000             | 250,000               | 330,000            | 488,421           | 20,000          | 250,000                | (1,338,421)               | 4,000,000   |
| Treasury shares                       | (250)                 | ı                     | 1                  | ı                 | 1               | İ                      | 1                         | (250)       |
| Share premium                         | ı                     | 3,750,000             | ı                  | ı                 | ı               | ı                      | (3,750,000)               | 1           |
| Foreign currency transalation reserve | ı                     | 1                     | 206,667            | 926'602           | 1               | ı                      | (10,141)                  | 906,502     |
| Contingency reserve                   | 2,179,515             | 353,645               | 1                  | ı                 | 1               | İ                      | 1                         | 2,533,160   |
| Revaluation reserve                   | 1,288,563             | ı                     | ı                  | ı                 | 1               | ı                      | 1                         | 1,288,563   |
| Accumulated losses                    | (2,657,093)           | 937,445               | 68,195             | (46,865)          | (83,077)        | (28,591)               | (28,828)                  | (1,838,814) |
| Shareholders fund                     | 4,810,735             | 5,291,090             | 604,862            | 1,151,532         | (63,077)        | 221,409                | (5,127,390)               | 6,889,161   |
| Owners of the parent                  | 4,810,735             | 5,291,090             | 604,862            | 1,151,532         | (63,077)        | 221,409                | (5,127,390)               | 6,889,161   |
| Non-controlling interests in equity   | ı                     | ı                     | 34,626             | 33,380            | 1               | 55,602                 | ı                         | 123,607     |
| Total equity                          | 4,810,735             | 5,291,090             | 639,488            | 1,184,912         | (63,077)        | 277,011                | (5,127,390)               | 7,012,768   |
| Total liabilities and equity          | 16,579,092            | 36,176,763            | 1,158,908          | 1,691,388         | 1,438,476       | 554,711                | (6,133,526)               | 51,465,813  |
|                                       |                       |                       |                    |                   |                 |                        |                           |             |



3.6 Segment information - Continued



# Notes To The Consolidated And Separate Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

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|  |             | Assurance business | business  |           | Real estate | Microfinance |             |             |
|--|-------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Group                                  | Mutual Plc  | Mutual Ltd         | Mutual    | Mutual    | Mutual      | Mutual       | Elimination | Total       |
|  | Nigeria     | Nigeria            | Niger     | Liberia   | Homes       | Microfinance | adjustment  |             |
|  | 000,₩       | 000,₩              | 000,₩     | 000,₩     | 000,₩       | 000,₩        | 000,₩       | 000,₩       |
| Gross premium written                  | 6,586,846   | 4,351,455          | 661,835   | 543,473   | 1           | 1            | ı           | 12,143,610  |
| Gross premiums income                  | 6,660,747   | 4,123,068          | 655,247   | 543,473   | 1           | ı            | 1           | 11,982,537  |
| Premiums ceded to reinsurers           | (1,515,476) | (173,181)          | (22,452)  | ı         | ı           | 1            | 1           | (1,711,110) |
| Net premiums income                    | 5,145,271   | 3,949,887          | 632,795   | 543,473   | 1           | 1            |             | 10,271,427  |
| Fee and commission income              | 312,481     | 116,754            | 1,287     | 1         | ı           | 1            | 1           | 430,522     |
| Net underwriting income                | 5,457,752   | 4,066,641          | 634,082   | 543,473   | 1           |              | 1           | 10,701,949  |
| Net benefits and claims                | 1,004,168   | 1,850,262          | 176,073   | 318,381   | ı           | 1            | ı           | 3,348,883   |
| Increase in individual life fund       | ı           | (161,532)          | ı         | ı         | ı           | ı            | ı           | (161,532)   |
| Increase in annuity reserve            | ı           | 354,038            | ı         | ı         | ı           | ı            | ı           | 354,038     |
| Underwriting expenses                  | 1,581,501   | 1,244,671          | 989'26    | 56,565    | 1           | 1            | (7,891)     | 2,972,533   |
| Net underwriting expenses              | 2,585,669   | 3,287,439          | 273,760   | 374,946   | 1           |              | (7,891)     | 6,513,922   |
| Underwriting profit                    | 2,872,083   | 779,202            | 360,323   | 168,527   | 1           | ı            | 7,891       | 4,188,027   |
| Profit on investment contracts         | 1           | 819,092            | 1         | 1         | ı           | 1            | (263,626)   | 555,466     |
| Investment income                      | 560,027     | 492,251            | 11,134    | 25,373    | 1           | 1            | (109,020)   | 979,765     |
| Net fair value gain on assets at FVTPL | (53,475)    | (5,275)            | ı         | ı         | 1           | ı            | ı           | (58,750)    |
| Other income                           | 93,715      | 45,516             | 1,122     | 81,285    | 30,411      | 39,194       | (33,758)    | 257,485     |
| Impairment charge no longer required   | 28,247      | ı                  | ı         | ı         | ı           | 33,435       | ı           | 61,682      |
| Impairment charges                     | ı           | (10,574)           | ı         | ı         | 1           | ı            | ı           | (10,574)    |
| Employees benefit expenses             | (931,921)   | (727,912)          | (72,831)  | (70,964)  | (2,794)     | (108,184)    | ı           | (1,914,606) |
| Other management expenses & FX Loss    | (3,817,622) | (1,235,439)        | (162,385) | (180,837) | (15,031)    | (111,942)    | 268,791     | (5,254,465) |
| Result of operating activities         | (1,248,946) | 156,861            | 137,362   | 23,385    | 12,586      | (147,497)    | (129,722)   | (1,195,970) |
| Finance costs                          | 1           | 1                  | 1         | 1         | 1           | (27,681)     | 1           | (27,681)    |
| Finance incomes                        | 1           | 1                  | -         | 1         | 1           | 154,985      | 1           | 154,985     |
| Profit before income tax               | (1,248,946) | 156,861            | 137,362   | 23,385    | 12,586      | (20,192)     | (129,722)   | (1,068,666) |
| Income tax (expenses)/benefit          | (141,581)   | (86,767)           | (44,697)  | (913)     | (4,073)     | 411          | i i         | (277,620)   |
| Profit for the year                    | (1,390,527) | 70,094             | 92,664    | 22,473    | 8,513       | (19,781)     | (129,722)   | (1,346,286) |
| Profit attributable to:                |             |                    |           |           |             |              |             |             |
| Owners of the parent                   | (1,390,527) | 70,094             | 85,252    | 21,349    | 8,513       | (15,825)     | (129,722)   | (1,350,866) |
| Non-controlling interests              | ı           | ı                  | 7,413     | 1,124     | 1           | (3'926)      | 1           | 4,580       |
| Loss after tax                         | (1,390,527) | 70,094             | 92,664    | 22,473    | 8,513       | (19,781)     | (129,722)   | (1,346,286) |

Segment information - Continued







| 4   | Gross premium income  |       | GROU                      | Р                         | COMP                      | ANY                       |   |
|-----|---|-------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|
|     | Ŋ   | lotes | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | \ |
| 4.1 | Gross premium written                                       |       |                           |                           |                           |                           | / |
|     | Non-life<br>Life (Group life and individual life)           |       | 8,840,857<br>5,197,022    | 7,615,657<br>4,217,078    | 7,298,974                 | 6,586,846                 |   |
|     | Annuity   |       | -                         | 310,875                   | _                         |                           |   |
|     |   |       | 14,037,879                | 12,143,610                | 7,298,974                 | 6,586,846                 |   |
|     | Changes in unearned premium                                 |       |                           |                           |                           |                           |   |
|     | Non-life  |       | (358,873)                 | 67,314                    | (312,701)                 | 73,901                    |   |
|     | Life (Group life and individual life)                       |       | (326,046)                 | (228,387)                 |                           | <u> </u>                  |   |
|     |   |       | (684,919)                 | (161,073)                 | (312,701)                 | 73,901                    |   |
|     | Gross premium income  |       | 13,352,960                | 11,982,537                | 6,986,273                 | 6,660,747                 |   |
| 4.2 | Premiums ceded to reinsurers                                |       |                           |                           |                           |                           |   |
|     | Outward premium - Non life                                  |       | 1,252,418                 | 1,197,141                 | 1,174,413                 | 1,174,688                 |   |
|     | Outward premium - life                                      |       | 761,363                   | 173,181                   | <del>-</del>              | -                         |   |
|     | Changes in prepaid re-insurance                             |       | (128,126)                 | 340,788                   | (128,126)                 | 340,788                   |   |
|     |   |       | 1,885,655                 | 1,711,110                 | 1,046,287                 | 1,515,476                 |   |
| 4.3 | Net premium income  |       | 11,467,305                | 10,271,427                | 5,939,986                 | 5,145,271                 |   |
| 5   | Fees and commission income                                  |       |                           |                           |                           |                           |   |
|     | Commission received from reinsurance                        |       | 94,919                    | 223,499                   | 142,249                   | 105,458                   |   |
|     | Commission received from co-insurance                       |       | 214,727                   | 207,023                   |                           | 207,023                   |   |
|     |   |       | 309,646                   | 430,522                   | 142,249                   | 312,481                   |   |
| 6   | Net benefits and claims                                     |       |                           |                           |                           |                           |   |
|     | Claims paid   |       | 4,870,058                 | 3,220,168                 | 2,038,841                 | 1,487,493                 |   |
|     | Change in outstanding claims                                |       | 1,864,309                 | 870,474                   | 217,274                   | (74,536)                  |   |
|     | Claims recoveries Change in outstanding claims - Reinsurers |       | (2,270,525)               | (406,640)                 | (837,996)                 | (253,039)                 |   |
|     | Change in outstanding claims - Reinsurers                   |       | 690,363<br>5,154,205      | (335,119)<br>3,348,883    | 495,952<br>1,914,071      | (155,750)<br>1,004,168    |   |
| 7   | Underwriting expenses                                       |       |                           |                           |                           | <u> </u>                  |   |
|     | Amortisation of deferred acquisition costs                  | 28.1  | 1,622,654                 | 1,530,788                 | 1,104,691                 | 1,101,947                 |   |
|     | Maintenance costs   | 7.1   | 1,321,947                 | 1,441,745                 | 517,248                   | 479,554                   |   |
|     |   |       | 2,944,601                 | 2,972,533                 | 1,621,939                 | 1,581,501                 |   |





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| 7.1 | Maintenance costs  | GROUF                                | •                                    | СОМРА                        | NY                           |
|-----|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|     | No   | otes                                 |                                      |                              |                              |
|     |  | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000            | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000            | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000    | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000    |
|     | Agency expenses on vehicle insurance business<br>Tracking expenses on insured vehicles<br>Agency expenses on travel insurance business | 54,781<br>156,492<br>153,035         | 51,419<br>143,936<br>157,151         | 54,781<br>156,492<br>153,035 | 51,419<br>143,936<br>157,151 |
|     | Administrative charges-Group Life Agency allowance Agency training   | 5,858<br>155,738<br>6,319            | 6,435<br>151,641<br>21,855           | -<br>25,480<br>-             | -<br>21,144<br>-             |
|     | Transport & Travelling-Corporate Superintending and surveyors fees Actuary valuation report fee  | 62,648<br>91,200<br>3,700            | 76,202<br>74,456<br>5,288            | 91,200<br>2,100              | -<br>74,456<br>2,188         |
|     | Stamp duty expenses Training and Forum for marketers Agency unit manager allowance   | 2,336<br>194,153<br>194,183          | 2,415<br>167,013<br>217,797          | 2,100<br>-<br>-              | -<br>-<br>-                  |
|     | Business promotion expenses<br>Value added tax   | 71,508                               | 26,269                               | -<br>-                       | -<br>-<br>-                  |
|     | Underwriting medical expenses  Marketing expenses  | 2,758<br>167,238<br><b>1,321,947</b> | 5,094<br>334,774<br><b>1,441,745</b> | 34,160<br><b>517,248</b>     | 29,260<br><b>479,554</b>     |
| 8   | Profit on investment contracts   |                                      |                                      |                              |                              |
|     | Interest income<br>Rental income on Alpha Court<br>Investment related expenses   | 3,280,959<br>80,011<br>(63,573)      | 2,890,406<br>94,039<br>(250,033)     | -                            | -                            |
|     | Surrender fee Guaranteed interest Acquisition cost on investment policies  | 514,648<br>(2,041,115)<br>(879,031)  | 314,785<br>(1,628,443)<br>(865,288)  | -<br>-<br>-                  | -<br>-<br>-                  |
|     |  | 891,899                              | 555,466                              | -                            | _                            |
| 9   | Investment income  |                                      |                                      |                              |                              |
|     | Interest income on loans and advances Dividend income Interest income on fixed term deposit  | 34,203<br>202<br>518,968             | 34,657<br>35,948<br>428,028          | 23,404<br>202<br>311,696     | 21,065<br>35,948<br>216,162  |
|     | Interest income on statutory deposit Interest income on lease Interest from current accounts with banks                                | 75,422<br>31,795<br>5,229            | 56,641<br>77,092<br>3,306            | 45,253<br>14,800<br>719      | 30,634<br>57,833<br>1,356    |
|     | Interest from current accounts with banks Interest income from treasury bills Rental income  | 910,829<br>20,614                    | 3,306<br>332,303<br>11,790           | 479,478<br>20,615            | 1,356<br>185,239<br>11,790   |
|     |  | 1,597,262                            | 979,765                              | 896,167                      | 560,027                      |





#### Net fair value gain/(loss) on assets at FVTPL

| Wet fair value gain, (loss) on assets at i   | VIIL     | GROU                      | Р                         | СОМ                       | PANY                      |
|--|----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|  | Notes    | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
| Fair value gain/(loss) on financial assets through profit or loss                  | 23.2     | 46,855                    | (29,366)                  | 46,855                    | (29,366)                  |
| Fair value gain/(loss) on pledged assets<br>Fair value loss in investment property | 24<br>31 | 76,876<br>(85,390)        | (24,109)<br>(5,275)       | 76,876<br>-               | (24,109)<br>-             |
|  |          | 38,341                    | (58,750)                  | 123,731                   | (53,475)                  |
| 1 Other income   |          |                           |                           |                           |                           |
| Profit on sale of property and equipment<br>Bank charges income                    |          | 8,000                     | 16,643<br>598             | 1,895                     | 13,600                    |
| Net income from sale of properties   |          | 39,958                    | 90                        | -                         | -                         |
| Micro finance fees and commission<br>Default charges                               |          | 47,473<br>5,371           | 13,115<br>19,763          | -                         | -                         |
| Commission on turnover Others  |          | 3,822<br>20,796           | 5,718<br>38,184           | -                         | -                         |
| Insurance claim received   |          | 254                       | 1,251                     | 254                       | 1,251                     |
| Release of expired deposit premiums  |          | 286,734                   | -                         | -                         | 17,321                    |
| Sundry income  |          | 36,165                    | 78,865                    | 36,163                    | 61,543                    |
| Income from logistics activities Net foreign exchange gain                         |          | -<br>29,076               | 81,285<br>1,973           | -                         | -<br>-                    |
|  |          | 477,649                   | 257,485                   | 38,312                    | 93,715                    |





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#### 12 Impairment charge no longer required

|                    |      | GROU                      | JP                        | COMPAN                    | 1Y            |
|--------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
|                    | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |
| Other receivables  | 27.5 | 2,011                     | -                         | -                         | -             |
| Trade receivables  | 12.1 | -                         | 28,247                    | -                         | 28,247        |
| Loans and advances |      | -                         | 33,435                    | -                         | -             |
|                    |      | 2,011                     | 61,682                    | -                         | 28,247        |

12.1 This represents amount received on premium receivable that had been impaired in the previous year.

#### 13 Impairment charges

|                                |        | GRO                       | UP                        | COMPAN                    | NΥ                        |
|--------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| in thousands of Nigerian Naira | Note   | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
| Loans and advances             | 23.3.2 | 90,307                    | -                         | -                         | -                         |
| Finance lease receivables      | 29     | 78,830                    | -                         | -                         | -                         |
| Other assets and receivables   | 27     | -                         | 10,574                    | -                         | -                         |
|                                |        | 169,137                   | 10,574                    | -                         | -                         |

#### 14 Employee benefit expenses

|                                    | 1,939,809 | 1,914,606 | 846,284 | 931,921 |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Defined contribution pension costs | 218,686   | 126,449   | 185,388 | 90,748  |
| Wages and salaries                 | 1,721,123 | 1,788,157 | 660,896 | 841,173 |

In accordance with Pension Reform Act 2014, the Group contributes 10% each of the qualifying staff's salary (Basic, transport, and housing), whilst the employees contribute 8%. The contributions are recognised as employee benefits expense as and when due.





15 Management expenses

| Management expenses                              | GR                        | OUP                       | COMPANY                   |               |  |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--|
| Note   | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |  |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 34 | 699,713                   | 648,442                   | 451,418                   | 398,898       |  |
| Repairs and maintainance                         | 431,150                   | 308,947                   | 123,641                   | 71,075        |  |
| Directors fee and allowance                      | 358,577                   | 391,090                   | 277,074                   | 286,993       |  |
| Legal and consultancy fees                       | 313,733                   | 462,585                   | 174,465                   | 261,324       |  |
| Training and recruitment                         | 305,922                   | 304,981                   | 286,991                   | 293,970       |  |
| Rents and Rates                                  | 148,989                   | 142,307                   | 34,134                    | 16,286        |  |
| Transport and travelling                         | 141,656                   | 122,380                   | 97,778                    | 89,780        |  |
| Insurance supervisory fee                        | 117,145                   | 127,072                   | 40,339                    | 45,651        |  |
| Bank charges                                     | 106,244                   | 122,700                   | 29,005                    | 45,055        |  |
| Public relations and advertising                 | 105,486                   | 114,704                   | 66,414                    | 68,520        |  |
| Medical expenses                                 | 81,506                    | 29,635                    | 51,382                    | 8,743         |  |
| Motor vehicle running expenses                   | 68,994                    | 63,165                    | 19,508                    | 29,871        |  |
| Telecommunication expenses                       | 64,265                    | 86,306                    | 20,501                    | 49,596        |  |
| Other expenses                                   | 56,224                    | 58,257                    | 5,701                     | 19,538        |  |
| Amortisation of intangible assets 33             | 54,986                    | 46,705                    | 31,651                    | 33,629        |  |
| Business enternainments                          | 44,673                    | 40,010                    | 26,721                    | 27,999        |  |
| Utilities  | 39,643                    | 30,463                    | 33,207                    | 23,928        |  |
| Printing and stationery                          | 38,323                    | 42,050                    | 14,212                    | 19,597        |  |
| Donations  | 36,449                    | 24,420                    | 12,835                    | 4,188         |  |
| Auditors' remunerations                          | 33,547                    | 34,002                    | 15,000                    | 13,650        |  |
| Insurance  | 33,451                    | 44,139                    | 23,542                    | 32,113        |  |
| Security expenses                                | 23,780                    | 26,535                    | 14,386                    | 10,180        |  |
| Subscriptions                                    | 22,111                    | 22,526                    | 11,607                    | 11,655        |  |
| Conference and seminar expenses                  | 17,300                    | 31,150                    | 17,300                    | 31,150        |  |
| Fines and penalties                              | 32,027                    | -                         | 31,425                    | -             |  |
| Newspapers and periodicals                       | 882                       | 880                       | 665                       | 356           |  |
| Bad debt written off                             | -                         | 38,681                    | -                         | -             |  |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant & equipment  | 440                       | 213                       |                           | <u> </u>      |  |
|  | 3,451,213                 | 3,364,345                 | 1,931,345                 | 1,893,745     |  |

#### 16 Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)

| Exchange gain on foreign bank balances |      | 273,385   | 294,855     | 273,385   | 261,098     |
|--|------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| Exchange loss on foreign loan          | 43.1 | (251,100) | (2,184,975) | (251,100) | (2,184,975) |
|  |      | 22,285    | (1,890,120) | 22,285    | (1,923,877) |

The exchange loss on foreign loan represents the impact of translation of 2,250,000,000 Japanese Yen (JPY) denominated Europe Bounds as at 31 December 2017 to the Company's functional currency (NGN) at the reporting date. To hedge against future exchange losses that may arise on conversion of foreign currency denominated loan balances, the Group has started investing a proportion of its financial assets in foreign currency.





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| 17   | 17 Finance costs   |          | GR                        | OUP                       | COMPANY                   |               |  |
|------|--|----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--|
|      |  | Note     | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |  |
|      | Interest charge on deposits  |          | 38,225                    | 26,066                    | -                         | -             |  |
|      | Other charges  |          | 1,207<br><b>39,432</b>    | 1,615<br><b>27,681</b>    | -                         | <u> </u>      |  |
| 18   | Finance income   |          |                           |                           |                           |               |  |
|      | Interest income on Micro loans   |          | 198,111                   | 131,295                   | -                         | -             |  |
|      | Interest on Eazy cash product  |          | -                         |                           | -                         | -             |  |
|      | Interest income on overdraft   |          | 2,459                     | 16,300                    | -                         | -             |  |
|      | Interest income on treasury bills  |          | -                         | 3,359                     | -                         | -             |  |
|      | Income from funds placement  |          | 200,570                   | 4,024<br><b>154,985</b>   |                           |               |  |
| 19   | Income tax expense   |          | 200,370                   | 134,505                   |                           |               |  |
| 19.1 | Current income tax charge  |          |                           |                           |                           |               |  |
|      | Company income tax   |          | 69,387                    | 165,764                   | -                         | 117,263       |  |
|      | Education tax  |          | 15,200                    | 15,921                    | 11,516                    | 15,343        |  |
|      | Information technology tax   |          | 9,432                     | 1,569                     | 8,727                     | ·<br>-        |  |
|      | Minimum tax  |          | 324,697                   | 83,015                    | 269,454                   | _             |  |
|      | Total current income tax expense   | 44       | 418,716                   | 266,270                   | 289,697                   | 132,607       |  |
| 19.2 | Deferred tax   |          |                           |                           |                           |               |  |
|      | Relating to origination and reversal of                                    |          |                           |                           |                           |               |  |
|      | temporary differences  |          | (106,131)                 | 11,350                    | (45,882)                  | 8,974         |  |
|      | Total current income tax expense   |          | (106,131)                 | 11,350                    | (45,882)                  | 8,974         |  |
|      | Total income tax expenses  |          | 312,585                   | 277,620                   | 243,815                   | 141,581       |  |
| 19.3 | Reconciliation of tax charge   |          |                           |                           |                           |               |  |
|      | Profit before income tax   |          | 1,335,093                 | (1,068,666)               | 849,091                   | (1,248,946)   |  |
|      | Tax at Nigerian's statutory income tax rate of 30% (2016: 30%)  Effect of: |          | 400,528                   | (320,600)                 | 254,727                   | (374,684)     |  |
|      | Tax exempt income  |          | (713,411)                 | (645,912)                 | (478,445)                 | (185,454)     |  |
|      | Expenses not deductible for tax purpose                                    | ς.       | 259,059                   | 1,142,571                 | 177,836                   | 686,375       |  |
|      | Tax rate differential on fair value loss                                   | <b>.</b> | 17,078                    | 1,142,371                 | 177,030                   | -             |  |
|      | Information technology tax   |          | 9,432                     | 1,569                     | 8,727                     | -<br>-        |  |
|      | Education tax  |          | 15,200                    | 15,921                    | 11,516                    | 15,343        |  |
|      | Mininum tax  |          | 324,697                   | 83,015                    | 269,454                   | -             |  |
|      |  |          | 312,583                   | 277,620                   | 243,815                   | 141,581       |  |





For the year ended 31 December 2017

#### 20 Dividends proposed

|   |          | GRO                       | DUP                       | COMP                      | ANY           |
|---|----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
|   | Note     | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |
| Proposed for approval at AGM (no recognised as a liability as equity dividends on ordinary shares at 31 | y        |                           |                           |                           |               |
| December)   |          | 160,000                   | -                         | 160,000                   |               |
| Proposed dividend for 2017: No.02(201   | 16: Nil) | 160,000                   | _                         | 160,000                   | -             |

#### 21 Earnings/(loss) per share

#### 21.1 Earnings/(loss) per share - Basic

Basic earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, excluding ordinary shares purchased by the Company and held as treasury shares.

| Note   2017   2016   N'000        |   |      | GROUP     |             | COMPANY   |             |  |
|--|------|---|------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| from continuing operation       1,036,481       (1,350,866)       605,276       (1,390,527)         Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic earnings per share       21.2       7,999,500       7,999,500       7,999,500       7,999,500         Basic earnings per ordinary share (kobo)       13       (17)       8       (17)         21.2       Weighted average number of ordinary shares - basic         Issued ordinary shares at 1 January Effect of treasury shares held       8,000,000  |      |   | Note |           |             |           | <b>)</b>    |  |
| shares for basic earnings per share       21.2       7,999,500       7,999,500       7,999,500       7,999,500         Basic earnings per ordinary share (kobo)       13       (17)       8       (17)         21.2 Weighted average number of ordinary shares - basic         Issued ordinary shares at 1 January Effect of treasury shares held       8,000,000       8,0  |      |   | ers  | 1,036,481 | (1,350,866) | 605,276   | (1,390,527) |  |
| 21.2 Weighted average number of ordinary shares - basic         Issued ordinary shares at 1 January Effect of treasury shares held       8,000,000 8,000,000 8,000,000 8,000,000 (500)       8,0   |      | y ,                                     | 21.2 | 7,999,500 | 7,999,500   | 7,999,500 | 7,999,500   |  |
| shares - basic         Issued ordinary shares at 1 January       8,000,000       8,000,000       8,000,000       8,000,000         Effect of treasury shares held       (500)       (500)       (500)  |      | Basic earnings per ordinary share (kobo | o)   | 13        | (17)        | 8         | (17)        |  |
| Effect of treasury shares held (500) (500) (500)   | 21.2 | •                                       |      |           |             |           |             |  |
|  |      | ,                                       |      |           |             |           |             |  |
| As at 31 December 7,999,500 7,999,500 7,999,500 7,999,500  |      | Effect of treasury shares held          |      |           | . ,         |           | <u> </u>    |  |
|  |      | As at 31 December                       |      | 7,999,500 | 7,999,500   | 7,999,500 | 7,999,500   |  |

#### 21.3 Earnings per share- Diluted

The calculation of diluted earnings per share has been based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The company has no potential dilutive ordinary shares during the year (2016: Nil). Hence, the weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic and dilutive is the same so also the Dilutive and Basic earnings per share.





#### 22 Cash and cash equivalents

|   |      | GR                        | OUP                       | COMP                      | ANY           |
|---|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
|   | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |
| Cash on hand  |      | 10,558                    | 8,350                     | 5,317                     | 4,677         |
| Cash in banks   |      | 1,709,604                 | 3,058,422                 | 226,019                   | 446,765       |
| Short-term deposits                                       | 22.1 | 6,625,476                 | 6,860,196                 | 3,017,941                 | 2,965,877     |
| Treasury bills with original maturity of less than 90days |      | -                         | 807,406                   | -                         | 387,634       |
|   |      | 8,345,638                 | 10,734,374                | 3,249,277                 | 3,804,953     |

#### 22.1 Short-term deposits

Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group. All short-term deposits are subject to an average variable interest rate of 11% per annum (2016: 11%).

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the cash and cash equivalents comprise balances with maturity of three months or less.

#### 23 Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are summarized below by measurement category:

|  |      | GR                        | OUP                       | COMPANY                   |               |  |
|--|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--|
|  | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |  |
| Available-for-sale investment securities | 23.1 | 849,524                   | 849,374                   | 21,553                    | 21,553        |  |
| Fair value through profit or loss        | 23.2 | 110,952                   | 64,097                    | 110,952                   | 64,097        |  |
| Loans and receivables                    | 23.3 | 12,245,701                | 12,410,169                | 633,143                   | 770,941       |  |
| Held-to-maturity                         | 23.4 | 16,840,317                | 8,214,636                 | 4,457,954                 | 2,030,905     |  |
|  |      | 30,046,494                | 21,538,276                | 5,223,602                 | 2,887,496     |  |
|  |      |                           |                           |                           |               |  |
| Current                                  |      | 20,243,769                | 9,398,657                 | 5,057,563                 | 282,284       |  |
| Non-current                              |      | 12,139,620                | 12,139,620                | 166,039                   | 2,605,212     |  |
|  |      | 30,046,494                | 21,538,276                | 5,223,602                 | 2,887,496     |  |

The Group's available-for-sale financial assets are carried at cost less allowance for impairment (if any) as there were no reliable observable data to determine their fair values at the reporting date.





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#### 23.1 Available-for-sale investment securities

|  |          | GRO                          | OUP                                    | COMPANY                    |                            |  |
|--|----------|------------------------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
|  | Note     | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000    | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000              | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000  | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000  |  |
| Unquoted investments   | 23.1.1   | 1,021,879                    | 1,021,729                              | 193,908                    | 193,908                    |  |
| Allowance for impairment   | 23.1.3   | (172,355)<br>849,524         | (172,355)<br>849,374                   | (172,355)<br>21,553        | (172,355)<br>21,553        |  |
| 23.1.1 Analysis of investments in unlisted e   | entities | 015,521                      | 015,571                                | 21,000                     | 21,333                     |  |
| Empire Aviation Limited<br>Global Haulage Limited<br>Mutual Model Transport Limited (M | 1MTL)    | 122,355<br>50,000<br>1,000   | 122,355<br>50,000<br>1,000             | 122,355<br>50,000<br>1,000 | 122,355<br>50,000<br>1,000 |  |
| ICHL Limited  Motor Way Assets Limited  Avanage Nigeria Limited                        | · · -,   | 316,471<br>330,000<br>70,000 | 316,471<br>330,000<br>70,000           |                            |                            |  |
| Leasing Company of Liberia<br>WAICA Reinsurance Corporation Pl<br>Other investments    | с        | 61,100<br>20,553<br>50,400   | 60,950<br>20,553<br>50,400             | -<br>20,553<br>-           | -<br>20,553<br>-           |  |
| 23.1.2 Movement in unlisted entities   |          | 1,021,879                    | 1,021,729                              | 193,908                    | 193,908                    |  |
| At 1 January Additions during the year   |          | 1,021,729                    | 966,391<br>20,553                      | 193,908<br>-               | 173,355<br>20,553          |  |
| Transfer from deposit for shares Foreign exchange translation reser At 31 December     | ves      | 150<br><b>1,021,879</b>      | 70,000<br>(35,215)<br><b>1,021,729</b> | -<br>-<br>193,908          | -<br>-<br>193,908          |  |
| 23.1.3 Analysis of impaired unlisted investi   | nents    | 1,021,022                    | 1,021,122                              |                            |                            |  |
| Empire Aviation Limited<br>Global Haulage Limited                                      |          | 122,355<br>50,000            | 122,355<br>50,000                      | 122,355<br>50,000          | 122,355<br>50,000          |  |
| 23.1.4 The movement in impairment  |          | 172,355                      | 172,355                                | 172,355                    | 172,355                    |  |
| 23.1.4 The movement in impairment  At 1 January  During the year                       |          | 172,355<br>-                 | 272,355                                | 172,355<br>-               | 172,355<br>-               |  |
| At 31 December   |          | 172,355                      | 172,355                                | 172,355                    | 172,355                    |  |





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## 23.2 Investment securities - fair value through profit or loss

|  | GROUI |                           | UP                        | COMPANY                   |                           |  |
|--|-------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
|  | Note  | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |  |
| Quoted shares  |       | 110,952                   | 64,097                    | 110,952                   | 64,097                    |  |
| Movement in listed entities  |       |                           |                           |                           |                           |  |
| At 1 January   |       | 64,097                    | 93,463                    | 64,097                    | 93,463                    |  |
| Fair value gain/(loss)   |       | 46,855                    | (29,366)                  | 46,855                    | (29,366                   |  |
| At 31 December   |       | 110,952                   | 64,097                    | 110,952                   | 64,097                    |  |
| Analysis of investments in listed entities                             | 5     |                           |                           |                           |                           |  |
| Africa Prudential Registrars Plc                                       |       | 363                       | 262                       | 363                       | 26                        |  |
| Access Bank of Nigeria Plc   |       | 941                       | 529                       | 941                       | 52                        |  |
| Cadbury Plc  |       | 5,730                     | 3,762                     | 5,730                     | 3,76                      |  |
| Costain West Africa Plc  |       | 100                       | -                         | 100                       |                           |  |
| Diamond Bank Plc   |       | 1,860                     | 1,091                     | 1,860                     | 1,09                      |  |
| Ecobank Transnational Inc  |       | 5,960                     | 3,604                     | 5,960                     | 3,60                      |  |
| First Bank Holdings Plc  |       | 18,392                    | 7,002                     | 18,392                    | 7,00                      |  |
| First City Monument Bank Plc   |       | 7,605                     | 5,652                     | 7,605                     | 5,65                      |  |
| Guaranty Trust Bank Plc  |       | 9,428                     | 5,715                     | 9,428                     | 5,71                      |  |
| Sterling Bank Plc  |       | 13,552                    | 9,536                     | 13,552                    | 9,53                      |  |
| United Bank for Africa Plc   |       | 29,218                    | 12,765                    | 29,218                    | 12,76                     |  |
| UBA Capital Plc  |       | 1,214                     | 939                       | 1,214                     | 93                        |  |
| Unity Bank Plc   |       | 309                       | 321                       | 309                       | 32                        |  |
| Universal Insurance Company Plc  |       | 2,500                     | 2,500                     | 2,500                     | 2,50                      |  |
| Wema Bank Plc  |       | 52                        | 54                        | 52                        | 54                        |  |
| Lafarge WAPCO Plc  |       | 7,309                     | 6,668                     | 7,309                     | 6,66                      |  |
| West African Provincial Insurance Plc<br>Zenith International Bank Plc |       | 9<br>6,410                | 9<br>3,688                | 9<br>6,410                | 2 60                      |  |
| Zemun miternational Dank Pic   |       | 0,410                     | 3,088                     | 0,410                     | 3,688                     |  |







#### 23.3 Loans and advances

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market other than those that the Group intends to sell in the short term or that it has designated as at fair value through profit or loss or available for sale. Details of balances of loans and receivables at the year end are as presented below:

|                                     |        | GR                        | OUP                       | COMP                      | ANY           |
|-------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
|                                     | Note   | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |
| Term loans<br>Overdrafts            |        | 11,470,177<br>370,304     | 11,809,226<br>18,953      | 205,000                   | 315,660       |
| Staff loans                         |        | 524,646                   | 611,108                   | 428,143                   | 455,281       |
| Gross loans and advances            |        | 12,365,127                | 12,439,287                | 633,143                   | 770,941       |
| Allowance for individual impairment | 23.3.2 | (119,425)                 | (29,118)                  | -                         | -             |
| Allowance for collective impairment | 23.3.2 | 12,245,702                | 12,410,169                | 633,143                   | 770,941       |
|                                     |        | <del>N</del> '000         | ₩'000                     | <del>N</del> '000         | ₩'000         |
| Current                             |        | 3,292,500                 | 3,214,926                 | 488,657                   | 282,284       |
| Non-current                         |        | 8,953,202                 | 9,195,243                 | 144,486                   | 488,657       |
|                                     |        | 12,245,702                | 12,410,169                | 633,143                   | 770,941       |

23.3.1 The Company granted loans to staff, related companies and third parties for income generation, the break down of loans and recievables granted are as stated below:

|  | GR                        | OUP                       | COMPANY                   |                           |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Note                                     | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
| Prime Exploration and Production Limited | 10,162,578                | 10,010,310                |                           |                           |
| Mutual Homes and Properties Limited      | -                         | -                         | =                         | <b>-</b> .                |
| Staff mortgage loan                      | 205,000                   | 305,000                   | 205,000                   | 305,000                   |
| Others                                   | 1,102,599                 | 1,493,916                 | -                         | 10,660                    |
| Gross loans and advances                 | 11,470,177                | 11,809,226                | 205,000                   | 315,660                   |
|  |                           |                           |                           |                           |
| Impairment on loans and advances         | 2017                      | 2016                      | 2017                      | 2016 \                    |
| allowance for specific impairment        | <del>N</del> '000         | <del>N</del> '000         | <del>N</del> '000         | <del>N</del> '000 /       |

|                                   |    | 2017    | 2010              | 2017              | 2010                |
|-----------------------------------|----|---------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| allowance for specific impairment |    | ₩'000   | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 / |
| Balance, begining of the year     |    | 29,118  | 62,553            | -                 | _                   |
| Impairment charged for the year   | 13 | 90,307  | -                 | -                 | -                   |
| Write-offs                        |    | -       | (33,435)          | -                 | -                   |
| Balance, end of the year          |    | 119,425 | 29,118            | -                 | -                   |
|                                   |    |         |                   |                   |                     |

#### 23.3.2 Credit quality of loans and advances is summarised as follows:

|                                | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Neither past due nor impaired  | 12,245,702                | 12,410,169                | 633,143                   | 770,941                   |
| Past due but not impaired      | -                         | -                         | -                         | -                         |
| Individually impaired          | 119,425                   | 29,118                    | -                         | _                         |
| Gross                          | 12,365,127                | 12,439,287                | 633,143                   | 770,941                   |
| Less: allowance for impairment | (119,425)                 | (29,118)                  | -                         | -                         |
| Net balance                    | 12,245,702                | 12,410,169                | 633,143                   | 770,941                   |
|                                |                           |                           |                           |                           |





#### **23.3.3** The Group monitors concentrations of credit risk by borrowers; individual or corporate.

|                          | GROU                 | GROUP              |                      | NY                 |
|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
|                          | Loans to individuals | Loans to corporate | Loans to individuals | Loans to corporate |
| 31 December 2017         |                      |                    |                      |                    |
| Gross                    | 730,298              | 11,634,829         | 428,143              | 205,000            |
| Allowance for impairment | -                    | (119,425)          | -                    | -                  |
| Net Balance              | 730,298              | 11,515,404         | 428,143              | 205,000            |
| 31 December 2016         |                      |                    |                      |                    |
| Gross                    | 806,928              | 11,632,359         | 455,281              | 315,660            |
| Allowance for impairment | -                    | (29,118)           | -                    | -                  |
| Net Balance              | 806,928              | 11,603,241         | 455,281              | 315,660            |

|      |                                | GR                | OUP       | COMPANY           |           |  |
|------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|--|
| 23.4 | Held-to-maturity               | 2017              | 2016      | 2017              | 2016      |  |
|      | Treasury bills and bonds       | <del>N</del> '000 | N'000     | <del>N</del> '000 | N'000     |  |
|      | in thousands of Nigerian Naira |                   |           |                   |           |  |
|      | NIGTB 04 Jan 2018              | 191,089           | -         | 191,089           | -         |  |
|      | NIGTB 01 Feb 2018              | 1,004,737         | -         | 363,843           | -         |  |
|      | NIGTB 12 April 2018            | 1,000,000         | -         | _                 | -         |  |
|      | NIGTB 19 April 2018            | 1,145,000         | -         | _                 | -         |  |
|      | NIGTB 31 May 2018              | 382,000           | -         | -                 | -         |  |
|      | NIGTB 5 July 2018              | 28,000            | -         | -                 | =         |  |
|      | NIGTB 12 July 2018             | 8,934,073         | -         | 2,759,756         | =         |  |
|      | NIGTB 6 Sept 2018              | 3,103,209         | -         | 691,818           | =         |  |
|      | DMBK EUR 2019                  | 204,586           | -         | 204,586           | -         |  |
|      | United Capital                 | 91,500            | -         | 91,500            | =         |  |
|      | KOGI BOND 2020                 | 470,383           | -         | -                 | -         |  |
|      | KOGI BOND 2022                 | 285,739           | -         | 155,361           | -         |  |
|      | NIGTB 20 July 2017             | -                 | 1,000,000 | -                 | -         |  |
|      | NIGTB 27 July 2017             | -                 | 760,000   | -                 | -         |  |
|      | NIGTB 01 June 2017             | -                 | 6,304,636 | -                 | 2,030,905 |  |
|      | NIGTB 13 July 2017             | -                 | 150,000   | -                 | -         |  |
|      |                                | 16.840.317        | 8.214.636 | 4.457.954         | 2.030.905 |  |

## 23.4.1 The movement in held-to-maturity financial assets

| GROUP |                           | COMPANY   |  |  |
|-------|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| Note  | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000   | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000  | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000  |
|       | 8,214,636                 | -   | 2,030,905  | -  |
|       | 16,252,540                | 7,693,808   | 3,565,863  | 1,766,043  |
|       | 1,774,479                 | 520,828   | 692,382  | 264,862  |
|       | (9,401,338)               | -   | (1,831,196)  | -  |
|       | 16,840,317                | 8,214,636   | 4,457,954  | 2,030,905  |
|       | Note                      | Note 2017<br>N'000<br>8,214,636<br>16,252,540<br>1,774,479<br>(9,401,338) | Note 2017 2016<br>N'000 N'000<br>8,214,636 -<br>16,252,540 7,693,808<br>1,774,479 520,828<br>(9,401,338) - | Note 2017 2016 2017 N'000 N'000 2017 N'000 2 |







#### 24 Assets pledged as collateral

| Assets pleaged as collateral |      | GROUP             |                   | СОМ               | PANY              |
|------------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                              | Note | 2017              | 2016              | 2017              | 2016              |
|                              |      | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 |
| Opening balance              |      | 91,188            | 115,297           | 91,188            | 115,297           |
| Fair value gain/(loss)       |      | 76,876            | (24,109)          | 76,876            | (24,109)          |
| Closing balance              |      | 168,064           | 91,188            | 168,064           | 91,188            |

These are quoted financial instruments held on lien by providers of short term borrowings for the purpose of securing the debt. The debt providers maintain possession of the Quoted instruments but do not have ownership unless default. Pledged assets are measured at fair value as at year end.

Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc purchased quoted shares of N400 million with a Margin facility from Guaranty Trust Bank Plc (see Note 43). There is an on-going litigation on this investment arising from the additional investment cover requested for by the Bank due to the fall in the value of the shares purchased which was rejected by the Company.

The directors, having sought the advice of professional counsel, are of the opinion that no significant liability will crystalise from this litigation therefore, fair value gain/(loss) has been recognized in the consolidated and separate financial statements.

The movement in the carrying amount is the fair value change in respect of the market price as at year end.

#### 25 Trade receivables

|      |   |      | GROUP                     |                           | COMPANY                   |                           |
|------|---|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|      |   | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
|      | Trade receivable  |      | 629,280                   | 462,616                   | 278,159                   | 102,994                   |
|      | Current<br>Non-current  |      | 629,280<br>-              | 462,616<br>-              | 278,159<br>-              | 102,994<br>-              |
|      |   |      | 629,280                   | 462,616                   | 278,159                   | 102,994                   |
| 25.1 | The age analysis of gross insurance receivables as at the end of the year are as follows: |      |                           |                           |                           |                           |
|      | 0 – 90 days   |      | 629,280                   | 462,616                   | 278,159                   | 102,994                   |
|      | 91 – 180 days<br>Above 180 days   |      | -                         | -                         | -                         | -                         |
|      | Above 100 days  |      | 629,280                   | 462,616                   | 278,159                   | 102,994                   |
| 25.2 | Movement in impairment of insurance receivables   |      |                           |                           |                           |                           |
|      | Balance, beginning of the year  |      | -                         | 330,221                   | -                         | 28,761                    |
|      | Reversal during the year  |      | -                         | (28,247)                  | -                         | (28,247)                  |
|      | Write off   |      | -                         | (301,974)                 | -                         | (514)                     |
|      |   |      | -                         | -                         | -                         | -                         |
|      | Net   |      | 629,280                   | 462,616                   | 278,159                   | 102,994                   |





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1,086,826

1,057,693

| Reinsurance assets                           | GRO                       | GROUP                     |                           | PANY          |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Note   | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |
| Reinsurance share of outstanding claims 26.1 | 215,417                   | 905,780                   | 178,777                   | 674,729       |
| Reinsurance receivable                       | 786,600                   | 112,248                   | 487,865                   | 69,271        |
| Co-assurance claims receivable               | 1,088,418                 | 162,746                   | 76,945                    | 98,580        |
| Prepaid reinsurance 26.2                     | 365,296                   | 690,965                   | 343,239                   | 215,113       |
|  | 2,455,731                 | 1,871,739                 | 1,086,826                 | 1,057,693     |
| Current Non-current                          | 2,455,731                 | 1,871,739                 | 1,086,826                 | 1,057,693     |

Reinsurance receivables are to be settled on demand and the carrying amount is not significantly different from their fair value.

2,455,731

1,871,739

26.1 The movement in reinsurers' share of claims reported and loss adjustment expenses is as follows:

|  |             |                           | GROUP                     |                           | COMPANY                   |  |
|--|-------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
|  | Note        | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |  |
| At 1 January                                       |             | 905,780                   | 671,450                   | 674,729                   | 518,979                   |  |
| Changes in reinsurance share of outstanding claims | 6           | (690,363)                 | 335,119                   | (495,952)                 | 155,750                   |  |
| At 31 December                                     |             | 215,417                   | 905,780                   | 178,777                   | 674,729                   |  |
| The movement in prepaid reinsurance                |             |                           |                           |                           |                           |  |
| At 1 January                                       |             | 690,965                   | 579,872                   | 215,113                   | 555,901                   |  |
| Additions during the year                          |             | 1,559,986                 | 1,822,203                 | 1,174,413                 | 1,174,688                 |  |
| Recognised in profit or loss                       | 4.2         | (1,885,655)               | (1,711,110)               | (1,046,287)               | (1,515,476                |  |
| At 31 December                                     |             | 365,296                   | 690,965                   | 343,239                   | 215,113                   |  |
| Other receivables and prepayments                  |             |                           |                           |                           |                           |  |
| Prepayments  |             | 189,777                   | 292,350                   | 119,078                   | 197,333                   |  |
| Loan to policy holders                             |             | -                         | 4,184                     | _                         |                           |  |
| Other bank balances                                | 27.1        | 74,249                    | 74,332                    | 63,601                    | 63,60                     |  |
| Investment receivables                             | 27.2        | 16,757                    | 16,757                    | 16,757                    | 16,75                     |  |
| Other assets                                       | 27.3        | 75,968                    | 99,395                    | -                         |                           |  |
| Due from related companies                         |             | -                         | _                         | 155,508                   | 86,68                     |  |
| Sundries receivables                               |             | 283,675                   | 100,554                   | 125,169                   | 8,17                      |  |
| Share issue expenses - ongoing                     |             | 132,180                   | _                         | 132,180                   |                           |  |
| Directors current account                          |             | 36,399                    | 57,918                    | 28,748                    | 27,02                     |  |
| Property development                               |             | 21,922                    | 28,686                    | -                         |                           |  |
| VAT input recoverable on investment                |             | 198,750                   | 202,500                   | -                         |                           |  |
| Trade receivables of non-insurance su              | ubsidiaries | 50,254                    | 102,277                   | -                         |                           |  |
|  |             | 1,079,931                 | 978,953                   | 641,041                   | 399,57                    |  |
| Allowance for impairment on other                  |             |                           |                           |                           |                           |  |
| receivables  | 27.4        | (86,749)                  | (90,933)                  | (80,359)                  | (80,359                   |  |
|  |             | 993,182                   | 888,020                   | 560,682                   | 319,21                    |  |
| Current  |             | 993,182                   | 888,020                   | 560,682                   | 319,21                    |  |
| Non-current  |             | 002 102                   | - 000 020                 | -<br>560 692              | 210 21                    |  |
|  |             | 993,182                   | 888,020                   | 560,682                   | 319,2                     |  |







#### Other receivables and prepayments - Continued 27

| 27.1 Other bank balances   | GR                        | GROUP                     |                           | COMPANY         |  |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Not  | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000   |  |
| Balance held in Skye Bank Jericho<br>Balance held in Guaranty Trust Bank Plc | 2,533<br>61,067           | 2,533<br>61.067           | 2,533<br>61,067           | 2,533<br>61,067 |  |
| Balance held in Unity Bank Plc   | 1                         | 1                         | 1                         | 1               |  |
| Other bank balances  | 10,648<br><b>74.249</b>   | 10,731<br><b>74.332</b>   | 63.601                    | 63.601          |  |

This is made up of bank reversals in the bank statement of the company with inadequate information to identify the customers. The entry is corrected once the detailed information is obtained from the bank.

| 27.2 | 27.2 Investment receivables        |      | GI                        | ROUP                      | COMPANY                   |                         |
|------|------------------------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
|      |                                    | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000           |
|      | Placement with Profound Securities |      | 16,757<br><b>16,757</b>   | 16,757<br><b>16.757</b>   | 16,757<br><b>16.757</b>   | 16,757<br><b>16,757</b> |
|      |                                    |      | 10,737                    | 10,737                    | 10,737                    | 10,737                  |
| 27.3 | Other assets                       |      | 2017                      | 2016                      | 2017                      | 2016                    |
|      |                                    |      | <del>N</del> '000         | <del>N</del> '000         | <del>N</del> '000         | <del>N</del> '000       |
|      | WHT recoverable - OPL              |      | 67,402                    | 83,610                    | _                         | -                       |
|      | Private placement                  |      | -                         | 5,500                     | -                         | -                       |
|      | Stock of cheque                    |      | 2,176                     | 2,640                     | -                         | -                       |
|      | Excess interest charges            |      | 6,390                     | 6,390                     | -                         | -                       |
|      | ATM Receivables                    |      | -                         | 1,255                     | -                         | -                       |
|      |                                    |      | 75,968                    | 99,395                    | -                         | -                       |

## 27.4 Allowance for impairment charges on other receivables

|                         | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Other bank balances     | 63,602                    | 63,602                    | 63,602                    | 63,602        |
| Investment receivable   | 16,757                    | 16,757                    | 16,757                    | 16,757        |
| Excess interest charges | 6,390                     | 6,390                     | -                         | -             |
| Property buyer          | -                         | 4,184                     | -                         | -             |
|                         | 86,749                    | 90,933                    | 80,359                    | 80,359        |

| 7.5 The movement in impairment |    | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br>N'000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
|--------------------------------|----|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Balance, beginning of the year |    | 90,933                    | 81,900                    | 80,359        | 81,900                    |
| Additions during the year      | 13 | -                         | 10,574                    | _             | -                         |
| Write-offs during the year     |    | _                         | (1,541)                   | _             | (1,541)                   |
| Write back during the year     | 12 | (4,184)                   | _                         | -             | -                         |
|                                |    | 86,749                    | 90,933                    | 80,359        | 80,359                    |





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#### 28 Deferred acquisition costs

|  | GRO                       | UP                        | COMPA                     | NY                        |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Note   | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
| Deferred acquisition cost - Fire                 | 41,570                    | 36,849                    | 41,570                    | 36,849                    |
| Deferred acquisition cost - Gen Accident         | 72,416                    | 57,268                    | 72,416                    | 57,268                    |
| Deferred acquisition cost - Motor                | 86,275                    | 65,764                    | 86,275                    | 65,764                    |
| Deferred acquisition cost - Marine               | 49,067                    | 41,315                    | 49,067                    | 41,315                    |
| Deferred acquisition cost - Bond                 | 3,205                     |                           | 3,205                     | -                         |
| Deferred acquisition cost - Oil & Gas & aviation | 18,754                    | 33,857                    | 18,754                    | 33,857                    |
| Life Business                                    | 213,997                   | 105,285                   | -                         |                           |
|  | 485,283                   | 340,338                   | 312,182                   | 235,053                   |

## **28.1** The movement in deferred acquisition costs is as follows:

| '   |      | GF                        | ROUP                      | COM                       | PANY                |
|---|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
|   | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000       |
| Balance, beginning of the year  |      | 340,338                   | 322,609                   | 235,053                   | 261,798             |
| Additions during the year   |      | 1,767,599                 | 1,548,517                 | 1,181,820                 | 1,075,202           |
| Amortisation in the year  | 7    | (1,622,654)               | (1,530,788)               | (1,104,691)               | (1,101,947)         |
| Balance, end of year  |      | 485,283                   | 340,338                   | 312,182                   | 235,053             |
| Current<br>Non-current  |      | 485,283                   | 340,338                   | 312,182                   | 235,053             |
|   |      | 485,283                   | 340,338                   | 312,182                   | 235,053             |
|   |      | 2017                      | 2016                      | 2017                      | 2016                |
| Finance lease receivables   |      | ₩'000                     | <del>N</del> '000         | <del>N</del> '000         | <del>N</del> '000 / |
| Gross amount  |      | 399,240                   | 664,985                   | 289,634                   | 333,043             |
| Unearned interest   |      | (56,052)                  | (125,633)                 | (36,287)                  | (65,775)            |
| Net investment in finance lease<br>Less:                                | 29.1 | 343,188                   | 539,352                   | 253,347                   | 267,268             |
| Allowance for individual impairment Allowance for collective impairment |      | (198,133)<br>-            | (119,303)<br>-            | (119,303)                 | (119,303)<br>-      |
|   |      | 145,055                   | 420,049                   | 134,044                   | 147,965             |
|   |      | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000             | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000       |
| Current   |      | 81,711                    | 318,530                   | 70,700                    | 46,446              |
| Non-current   |      | 63,344                    | 101,519                   | 63,344                    | 101,519             |
|   |      | 145,055                   | 420,049                   | 134,044                   | 147,965             |

The Company grants finance leases to clients for purchase of motor vehicles and motor cycles.

|                                     | 2017              | 2016              | 2017              | 2016                |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Allowance for individual impairment | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 / |
| Balance, begining of the year       | 119,303           | 119,303           | 119,303           | 119,303             |
| Addition during the year            | 78,830            | -                 | -                 | -                   |
| Write-offs                          | -                 | -                 | -                 |                     |
| Balance, end of the year            | 198,133           | 119,303           | 119,303           | 119,303             |

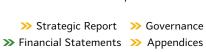
Allowance for impairment of \$78.8million made during the year was for finance lease receivables due but yet to be settled for over 360 days.





29.1

29.2



| Movement in finance lease                  |            | GR                        | OUP                       | COMP                      | ANY           |
|--|------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
|  | Note       | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |
| Balance at the beginning of the year       |            | 539,352                   | 1,164,168                 | 267,268                   | 788,030       |
| Additions                                  |            | -                         | 8,527                     | -                         | 8,525         |
| Interest on finance leases                 |            | 31,795                    | 77,092                    | 14,800                    | 57,833        |
| Payment                                    |            | (227,959)                 | (742,500)                 | (28,721)                  | (587,119)     |
| Foreign exchange difference                |            | -                         | 32,066                    | _                         | <u> </u>      |
|  |            | 343,188                   | 539,352                   | 253,347                   | 267,268       |
| Credit quality of finance lease receivable | le is sumn | narised as follo          | ws:                       |                           |               |
| Neither past due nor impaired              |            | 145,055                   | 420,049                   | 134,044                   | 147,965       |
| Past due but not impaired                  |            | -                         | · <u>-</u>                | -                         | · -           |
| Individually impaired                      |            | 198,133                   | 119,303                   | 119,303                   | 119,303       |
| Gross                                      |            | 343,188                   | 539,352                   | 253,347                   | 267,268       |
| Less: allowance for impairment             |            | (119,303)                 | (119,303)                 | (119,303)                 | (119,303)     |
| Net balance                                |            | 223,885                   | 420,049                   | 134,044                   | 147,965       |

The Group monitors concentrations of credit risk by borrowers; individual or corporate.

|                          | GROU                 | JP                 | COMPA                | NY                 |
|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
|                          | Loans to individuals | Loans to corporate | Loans to individuals | Loans to corporate |
| 31 December 2017         |                      |                    |                      |                    |
| Gross                    | -                    | 343,188            | _                    | 267,268            |
| Allowance for impairment | -                    | (119,303)          | -                    | (119,303)          |
| Net Balance              | -                    | 223,885            | -                    | 147,965            |
| 31 December 2016         |                      |                    |                      |                    |
| Gross                    | -                    | 539,352            | _                    | 267,268            |
| Allowance for impairment | -                    | (119,303)          | -                    | (119,303)          |
| Net Balance              | -                    | 420,049            | -                    | 147,965            |
| 30 Inventories           |                      |                    |                      |                    |
| Construction in progress | 906,502              | 1,331,502          | -                    | _                  |
| Building raw materials   | 1,320                | 1,362              | -                    | -                  |
|                          | 907,822              | 1,332,864          | -                    | -                  |
| Current                  | 907,822              | 1,362              | -                    | _                  |
| Non-current              | -                    | 1,331,502          | -                    | -                  |
|                          | 907,822              | 1,332,864          | -                    | -                  |

Included in Inventories are plots of Land purchased for the construction of buildings for resale. The Landed properties also encompass cost of construction of the buildings meant for resale, cost of conversion and other such direct costs incurred in bringing the properties to their present location and condition in line with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 2. The Company's inventories are reported at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Highlighted below are details of Buildings under construction and Landed properties.





**COMPANY** 

# 31 Investment properties

|  |      | ٥.                        |                           |                           |                           |
|--|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| r  | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
| At the beginning of the year                           |      | 8,726,390                 | 8,731,665                 | 56,000                    | 56,000                    |
| Disposal   |      | (75,000)                  | -                         | -                         | -                         |
| Fair value loss  |      | (85,390)                  | (5,275)                   | _                         | _                         |
|  |      | 8,566,000                 | 8,726,390                 | 56,000                    | 56,000                    |
| The items of investment properties are as shown below: |      |                           |                           |                           |                           |
| Mutual Tulip Estate                                    | i    | 770,000                   | 798,140                   | -                         | -                         |
| Property at Ikeja GRA- Sasegbon                        | ii   | 650,000                   | 625,000                   | _                         | -                         |
| Property at Ikeja Alausa                               | iii  | 300,000                   | 285,000                   | -                         | -                         |
| Property at Ikota                                      | iv   | 56,000                    | 56,000                    | 56,000                    | 56,000                    |
| Property at Sango/Idiroko - Mogga                      | V    | 80,000                    | 84,250                    | -                         | -                         |
| Property at Sango/Idiroko - Caxtonjo                   | vi   | 50,000                    | 50,000                    | -                         | -                         |
| Property at Onireke, Ibadan                            | vii  | 550,000                   | 538,000                   | -                         | _                         |
| Mutual Alpha Court duplex, Costain, Lagos              | viii | 4,140,000                 | 4,218,000                 | -                         | -                         |
| Property at Asokoro, Abuja                             | ix   | 700,000                   | 702,000                   | _                         | _                         |
| Property at Akure Plots (5,500                         | .,   | 200,000                   | 220,000                   | -                         | _                         |
| Square Meters)   | Х    | 200,000                   |                           |                           |                           |
| Property at Paradise Estate, Anthony                   | хi   | 200,000                   | 230,000                   | _                         | -                         |
| Estate   |      |                           |                           |                           |                           |
| Property at Ado Ekiti Land                             | xii  | 700,000                   | 750,000                   | -                         | -                         |
| Property at Oyingbo, Lagos                             | xiii | 170,000                   | 170,000                   | _                         |                           |
|  |      | 8,566,000                 | 8,726,390                 | 56,000                    | 56,000                    |
| Movement in Investment properties shown below:         |      | Bal as at 1.1.2017        | Fair value gain/loss      | Disposal                  | Bal as at 31.12.2017      |
|  |      | ₩'000                     | ₩'000                     | <del>N</del> '000         | ₩'000                     |
| Mutual Tulip Estate                                    |      | 798,140                   | (28,140)                  | -                         | 770,000                   |
| Property at Ikeja GRA- Sasegbon                        |      | 625,000                   | 25,000                    | -                         | 650,000                   |
| Property at Ikeja Alausa                               |      | 285,000                   | 15,000                    | -                         | 300,000                   |
| Property at Ikota                                      |      | 56,000                    | -                         | -                         | 56,000                    |
| Property at Sango/Idiroko - Mogga                      |      | 84,250                    | (4,250)                   | -                         | 80,000                    |
| Property at Sango/Idiroko - Caxtonjo                   |      | 50,000                    |                           | -                         | 50,000                    |
| Property at Onireke, Ibadan                            |      | 538,000                   | 12,000                    | -                         | 550,000                   |
| Mutual Alpha Court duplex, Costain,                    |      | 4,218,000                 | (3,000)                   | (75,000)                  | 4,140,000                 |
| Lagos  Proportiu et Acaleero, Abuia                    |      |                           |                           | ( -1)                     |                           |
| Property at Algura Plats (5.320                        |      | 702,000                   | (2,000)                   |                           | 700,000                   |
| Property at Akure Plots (5,320 Square Meters)          |      | 220,000                   | (20,000)                  | -                         | 200,000                   |
| Propertyat Paradise Estate, Anthony                    |      |                           |                           |                           |                           |
| Estate   |      | 230,000                   | (30,000)                  | -                         | 200,000                   |
| Property at Ado Ekiti Land                             |      | 750,000                   | (50,000)                  | _                         | 700,000                   |
| Property at Oyingbo, Lagos                             |      | 170,000                   | (55,555)                  | _                         | 170,000                   |
| Balance at the end of the year                         |      | 8,726,390                 | (85,390)                  | (75,000)                  | 8,566,000                 |
|  |      |                           |                           |                           |                           |

**GROUP** 





#### 31 Investment properties - Continued

Investment properties are stated at fair value, which has been determined based on valuations performed by Messr Alabi, Ojo & Makinde Consulting (FRC/2015/NIESV/00000010800) and Messr Arigbede & Co Estate Surveyors and Valuers (FRC/2014/0000004634), accredited independent valuers as at 31 December 2017. The valuers are specialists in valuing these types of investment properties. The determination of fair value of the investment property was supported by market evidence. The modalities and process of valuation utilized extensive analysis of market data and other sectors specific pecularities corroborated with available data derived from previous experiences.

Valuations are performed on an annual basis and the fair value gains and losses were recorded within the profit or loss.

The Group enters into operating lease arrangements for all of its investment properties. The rental income arising during the year amounted to \$\frac{100}{626},000\$ (2016: \$\frac{105}{829},000\$) which is included in investment income. Direct operating expenses arising in respect of such properties during the year are included in within operating and administrative expenses.

There are no restrictions on the realisability of investment property or remittance of income and proceeds of disposal. The Company has no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs or enhancement.

|   |      | GRO          | OUP                       | COI                       | MPANY  |
|---|------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------|
| Note  |      | 2017<br>'000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 |        |
| Rental income derived from investment properties                | 100  | ,626         | 105,829                   | 20,615                    | 11,790 |
| Fair value loss on investment properties                        | (85, | 390)         | (5,275)                   |                           |        |
| Investment properties related expenses                          | (24, | 453)         | (100,000)                 |                           |        |
| Profit arising from investment properties carried at fair value | (9   | ,217)        | 554                       | 20,615                    | 11,790 |

Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on investment properties:

The valuation of the properties is based on the price for which comparable land and properties are being exchanged hands or are being marketed for sale. Therefore, the market-approach Method of Valuation. By nature, detailed information on concluded transactions is difficult to come by. They have therefore relied on past transactions and recent adverts in deriving the value of the subject properties.

#### i Mutual Tulip Estate

Land property of 11.40 Hectares with industrial development potential lying, situate and being at Isheri Oke Village, off Lagos/Ibadan Expressway, Ifo Local Government Area, Ogun State in Nigeria was purchased at a cost of N747million. The landed property was revalued to N770 million by Messrs Alabi, Ojo & Makinde Consulting Estate Surveyors and Valuers as at 31 December 2017. The subsisting title to the subject is vested in the Company through a Deed of Assignment.

#### ii Property at Ikeja GRA- Sasegbon

Land property of 5,942.065 square metres of land located at 7b&9 Sasegbon Street, GRA lkeja Lagos state in Nigeria was purchased at a cost of N593million. The landed property was revalued to N650 million by Messrs Alabi, Ojo & Makinde Consulting Estate Surveyors and Valuers as at 31 December 2017. The subsisting title to the subject is a deed of assignment.





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#### 31 Investment properties - Continued

Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on investment properties:

#### iii Property at Ikeja Alausa

Land property of 1,515.601 square metres of land located at Alausa central business district Lagos state in Nigeria was purchased at a cost of \text{\text{\text{N177}million}}. The landed property was revalued to \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{lagos}}}}} state Surveyors and Valuers as at 31 December 2017. The subsisting title to the subject is vested in Deed of Assignment in favour of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc.

#### iv Property at Ikota

The property is situated at Olori Bolaji Akinloye Street, Ikota Villa Estate, Off Lekki-Epe express way, Lagos State. The property has a registered title and there is an executed Deed of Assignment in favour of the Company. The property is 5-bedroom detached house. It measures a gross floor area of approximately 148.84 square meters. It is a building on two floors. The ground foor is provided with a sitting room, kitchen, store, a guest bedroom en-suite with toilet and bathroom. It was revalued at N56million by Messr Alabi, Ojo & Makinde Consulting Estate Surveyors and Valuers as at 31 December 2017.

#### v Property at Sango/Idiroko - Mogga

Landed property of 4040 square metres of land located at Sango/Idiroko road, opposite Mogga Petroleum, Onibukun village, Ota Atan, Ogun state in Nigeria was purchased at a cost of N90million. The landed property was valued to N80 million by Messrs Alabi, Ojo & Makinde Consulting Estate Surveyors and Valuers as at 31 December 2017. The subsisting title to the subject is vested in the Deed of Assignment in favour of Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited.

#### vi Property at Sango/Idiroko - Caxtonjo

Land property of 3665.6 square metres of land located at Sango/Idiroko road, opposite Caxtonjo Oil Onibukun village, Ota Atan, Ogun state in Nigeria was purchased at a cost of \text{\textit{H}60million}. The landed property was valued to \text{\textit{H}50 million} by Messrs Alabi, Ojo & Makinde Consulting Estate Surveyors and Valuers as at 31 December 2017. The subsisting title to the subject is vested in the Deed of Assignment in favour of Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited.

#### vii Property at Onireke, Ibadan

The property occupy 6808.179 square meters of land located at kudeti Avenue, Commercial Reservation Onireke, Ibadan, Oyo State in Nigeria was transferred from Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc to Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited in 2014. The property was transferred at a cost of N543,791,845 and revalued to N550 million by Messrs Alabi, Ojo and Makinde Consulting as at 31 December 2017. The subsisting title to the subject is a certificate of Occupancy in favour of the Company.

#### viii Mutual Alpha Court duplex, Costain, Lagos

This represents 53 unsold units of the 60 units Terrace Triplex housing scheme located at Costain Iporin, Lagos. The property was constructed by Mutual Benefits Homes and Properties Limited and was transferred to the Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited in 2014 as part settlement of loan. As at 31 December 2017, 53 units were revalued at N4.14 billion by Messr Alabi, Ojo & Makinde Consulting Estate Surveyors and Valuers. The subsisting title is vested in Deed of Assignment between Mutual Benefits Homes and Properties Limited and Mutual Life Assurance Limited.

#### ix Property At Abuja (Asokoro District, Abuja)

This is a six bedroom detached house (207.12 square meters) on a rectagular shaped site covering and approximately land area of 800 square meters, situated at 78 Yahubu Gowon Crescent, Asokoro, Abuja, The property was purchased at a cost of N666.25million. The property was valued at N700million by Messr Alabi, Ojo & Makinde Consulting Estate Surveyors and Valuers as at 31 December 2017. The subsisting title to the subject land is a deed of assignment in favour of the Company.





#### 31 Investment properties - Continued

Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on investment properties:

#### x Property at Akure Plots (5,320 Square Meters)

Land property of 5,320 square meters of land located at Akure, Ondo State, Nigeria was transferred to the Company from Mutual Homes and Properties Limited at a fair value of N350million. The valuation was done by Messrs Arigbede & Co. Estate Surveyors and Valuers. The subsisting title to the subject is vested in the Deed of Assignment between Mutual Benefits Home and Properties Limited and Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited. The property was valued at N200million by Messrs Arigbede & Co. Estate Surveyors and Valuers as at 31 December 2017.

#### xi Property at Paradise Estate, Anthony Estate

Land property of 9 plots of land located at Paradise Estate, Anthony Estate, Lagos, Nigeria was transferred to the Company from Mutual Homes and Properties Limited at a fair value of N250million. The property was valued at N200million by Messr Alabi, Ojo & Makinde Consulting, Estate Surveyors and Valuers as at 31 December 2017. The subsisting title to the subject is vested in letters of Allocation issued by Land Bureau, Governor's office of Lagos State Government dated 2007.

#### xii Property at Ado Ekiti Land

Land property consisting of 27,658 Hectares of land located at Ado-Ekiti, Ekiti State Nigeria was transferred to the Company from Mutual Homes and Properties Limited at a fair value of N700million. The property was valued at N700million by Messrs Arigbede & Co. Estate Surveyors and Valuers as at 31 December 2017. The subsisting title to the subject a deed of assignment in favour of the Company.

#### xiii Property at Oyingbo, Lagos

Property of 461 square meters of land located at Apapa Road, Ebute-Metta, Lagos State, Nigeria was transferred at a value of \text{\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$}}}\$180million. The title is held in perpetuity and Deed of Assignment in favour of the Company is ongoing. The property was valued at \text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$}}}\$170million} by Messr Alabi, Ojo and Makinde Consulting, Estate Surveyors and Valuers as at 31 December 2017. The subsisting title to the subject is vested in the Land Certificate and registered at the Land Registry Office in Lagos State.

#### 32 Investments in subsidiaries

The Company's investment in Mutual Benefits Life assurance Limited is as stated below:

|                       | COMP                      | PANY                          |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
|                       | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000     |
| Opening balance       | 4,000,000                 | 2,000,000                     |
| Additional investment | 4,000,000                 | 2,000,000<br><b>4,000,000</b> |
|                       |                           |                               |

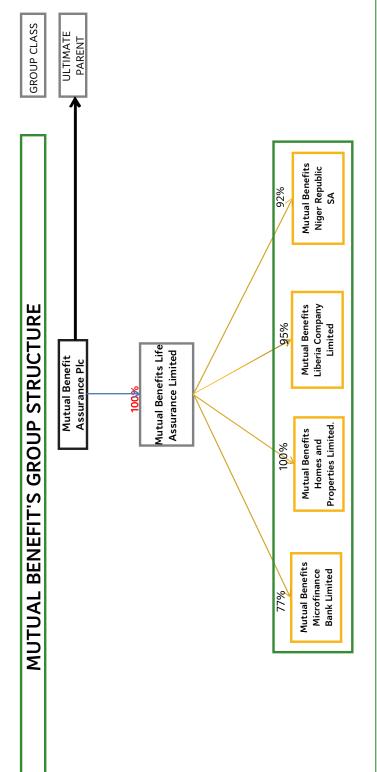
The additional investment is in respect of 100,000,000 units of ordinary shares of Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited at N20 each in 2016.





Investments in subsidiaries

32



| Company name   | Nature of business   | Country of origin | Relationship          | % of equity controlled | NCI | Status   | Year of<br>control |
|--|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----|----------|--------------------|
| 1 Mutual Benefits Life Assurance                               | Insurance            | Nigeria           | Direct - Subsidiary   | 100%                   | 1   | Set up   | Dec 2007           |
| 2 Mutual Benefits Microfinance Bank Ltd                        | Banking              | Nigeria           | Indirect - Subsidiary | 77%                    | 23% | Acquired | Jan 2009           |
| 3 Mutual Benefits Homes and Properties Ltd Property developmen | Property development | Nigeria           | Indirect - Subsidiary | 100%                   | 1   | Set up   | Jan 2008           |
| 4 Mutual Benefits Liberia                                      | Insurance            | Liberia           | Indirect - Subsidiary | %36                    | 2%  | Set up   | Jan 2008           |
| 5 Mutual Benefits Niger Republic                               | Insurance            | Niger Republic    | Indirect - Subsidiary | 95%                    | %8  | Set up   | Jan 2014           |
|  |                      |                   |                       |                        |     |          |                    |



#### 32 Investments in subsidiaries continued

#### **Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited**

Mutual Life Assurance Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc.The principal activity of the Company is the underwriting of life insurance policies.

#### **Mutual Benefits Microfinance Bank**

Mutual Benefits Microfinance Bank was incorporated in Nigeria in January 2008 and its principal activity involves the provision of retail banking services to both individual and corporate customers. Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited obtained control of the company with acquisition of 80% of the voting rights of the Company in January 2009. The shareholding of Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Ltd in the Company was reduced to 77% with the additional shares issues in 2017.

#### Mutual Benefits Homes and Properties Ltd

Mutual Benefits Homes and Properties Limited was incorporated in December 2007 to provide property development services to corporate and individual customers. The Company was established as a wholly owned subsidiary of Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited.

#### Mutual Benefits Liberia

Mutual Benefit Assurance Company Liberia was incorporated on 29 August 2007 and commenced operations on 2 January 2008. It is into underwriting of all classes of non-Life and life businesses. It is 95% owned by Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited.

#### Mutual Benefits Niger Republic

Mutual Benefits Niger S.A commenced operations on 2 January 2014. It is into underwriting of all classes of non-life businesses. It is 92% owned by Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited.

#### 33 Intangible assets: Software

|                                       |      | GF                        | ROUP                      | COM                                     | IPANY         |
|---------------------------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------|
|                                       | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000               | 2016<br>N'000 |
| Cost:                                 |      | , 11000                   | 11 000                    | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 11 000        |
| Balance at the beginning of the year  |      | 293,042                   | 248,720                   | 163,512                                 | 153,881       |
| Additions                             |      | 21,796                    | 18,759                    | 13,725                                  | 9,631         |
| Foreign exchange difference           |      | 12,002                    | 25,563                    | -                                       | -             |
|                                       |      | 326,840                   | 293,042                   | 177,237                                 | 163,512       |
| Amortization:                         |      |                           |                           |   |               |
| Balance at the beginning of the year  |      | 219,511                   | 159,073                   | 130,207                                 | 96,578        |
| Amortisation charge                   | 15   | 54,986                    | 46,705                    | 31,643                                  | 33,629        |
| Foreign exchange difference           |      | 8,348                     | 13,733                    | -                                       | -             |
|                                       |      | 282,846                   | 219,511                   | 161,850                                 | 130,207       |
|                                       |      |                           |                           |   |               |
| Carrying amount at the end of the yea | r    | 43,994                    | 73,531                    | 15,387                                  | 33,305        |





3,922,931

419,896 **537,917** 

410,098

32,310 **47,544** 

628,513 **791,774** 

2,092,832

339,282 118,900

| 34 | Property, plant and equipments (Group)  | ıts (Gro | (dn                          |   |                         |  |  |  |  |                     |                              | 9:11                                |   |
|----|---|----------|------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|---------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
|    |   | Note     | Leasehold<br>Note properties | Land  | Land &<br>Building In   | Land & Leasehold Plant and<br>Building Improvement machinery | Plant and<br>machinery                       | ۶  | Furniture<br>Motor fittings and I<br>ehicles equipment       | Trading<br>booth    | Organisa -<br>tional<br>cost | Capital<br>work-in<br>progress      | Total   |
|    | Cost/revaluation:<br>1 January 2016<br>Additions<br>Reclassification<br>Disposal<br>Foreign exchange difference |          | ₩'000<br>154,126             | <b>N'000 78,900</b>                           | N'000<br>2,243,070<br>- | N'000<br>1,266,390<br>217,053<br>-<br>67,227                 | <b>№'000 341,613</b> 11,800 - (33,293) 4,438 | ₩'000<br>765,357<br>325,202<br>-<br>(67,150)<br>31,909 | N'000<br>1,317,128<br>162,284<br>6,887<br>(14,564)<br>16,991 | ₩'000<br>3,799<br>- | N'000                        | ₩°000<br>6,887<br>-<br>-<br>(6,887) | ₩'000<br>6,137,895<br>716,340<br>-<br>(115,007)<br>160,565    |
|    | 31 December 2016  |          | 154,126                      | 118,900                                       | 2,243,070               | 1,550,670  | 324,558                                      | 324,558 1,055,318                                      | 1,488,726  | 3,799               | 114,751                      |                                     | 6,899,792   |
|    | Additions<br>Disposal<br>Revaluation adjustment<br>Foreign exchange difference<br>31 December 2017              |          | 154,126                      | 63,668<br>139,139<br>17,575<br><b>339,282</b> | 72,617                  | 57,341<br>-<br>466<br>1,608,477                              | 1,162<br>(65,887)<br>-<br>31<br>259,864      | 142,576<br>(32,912)<br>289<br>1,165,271                | 102,232<br>(7,136)<br>-<br>9,358<br>1,593,180                | 3,799               | - 114,751                    | 1 1 1 1 1                           | 366,979<br>(105,935)<br>211,756<br>27,719<br><b>7,400,311</b> |
|    | As at 1 January 2016<br>Charge for the year<br>Disposal<br>Foreign exchange difference                          |          | 154,126<br>-<br>-            | 1 1 1 1                                       | 129,977<br>46,439<br>-  | 551,229<br>200,467<br>-<br>7,200                             | 279,883<br>27,979<br>(33,087)<br>2,240       | 474,900<br>159,570<br>(67,150)<br>26,489               | 732,833<br>213,987<br>(9,214)<br>13,202                      | 3,799               | 114,751<br>-<br>-            | 1 1 1 1                             | 2,287,373<br>648,442<br>(109,451)<br>49,131                   |
|    | 31 December 2016  |          | 154,126                      | ı   | 176,416                 | 758,896  | 277,015                                      | 593,809  | 950,809  | 3,799               | 114,751                      | ı                                   | 2,875,495   |
|    | Charge for the year<br>Disposal<br>Foreign exchange difference  |          | -<br>-<br>-<br>154 126       | 1 1 1   | 46,439                  | 220,989  | 16,380<br>(65,866)<br>26<br>26               | 194,035<br>(32,912)<br>240<br>240                      | 221,870<br>(5,813)<br>6,418                                  | 2 799               | 114 751                      | 1 1 1                               | 699,713<br>(104,591)<br>6,763                                 |
|    | Carrying amounts at:  |          | 031.60                       |   | 000,727                 | 100,000  | 000,122                                      | 711.001  | 102,011  | 0010                | 24                           | •                                   | 000,000   |

No leased assets are included in the above property, plant and equipment and the Group had no capital commitments as at 31 December 2017. The capital work-in progress is a control account for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment for which advance payments have been made but assets yet to be completed, delivered and put to use. None of the assets have been pledged as collateral.







34 Property, plant and equipment (Company)

|                           | Leasehold  | :<br>:    | Leasehold                      | Leasehold Plant and | Motor    | Furnitures<br>Motor fittings and | Total     |
|---------------------------|------------|-----------|--------------------------------|---------------------|----------|----------------------------------|-----------|
|                           | properties | Building  | Building Improvement machinery | machinery           | vehicles | equipment                        |           |
| Cost/revaluation:         | ₩,000      | 000,₩     | ₩,000                          | ₩,000               | ₩,000    | ₩,000                            | ₩,000     |
| As at 1 January 2016      | 154,126    | 2,321,970 | 338,727                        | 60,384              | 493,633  | 918,611                          | 4,287,451 |
| Additions                 |            |           | 178,904                        | 11,180              | 249,835  | 74,269                           | 514,185   |
| Disposal                  | 1          |           | 1                              | 1                   | (52,150) | ı                                | (52,150)  |
| 31 December 2016          | 154,126    | 2,321,970 | 517,628                        | 71,564              | 691,318  | 992,880                          | 4,749,486 |
| Additions                 | •          |           | 40,996                         | 1                   | 89,932   | 20,830                           | 151,758   |
| Disposal                  | 1          |           | 1                              | (1,137)             | (23,512) | (3,843)                          | (28,492)  |
| Revaluation adjustment    | •          | 72,617    |                                |                     |          |                                  | 72,617    |
| 31 December 2017          | 154,126    | 2,394,587 | 558,624                        | 70,427              | 757,738  | 1,009,867                        | 4,945,369 |
| Accumulated depreciation: |            |           |                                |                     |          |                                  |           |
| As at 1 January 2016      | 154,126    | 169,210   | 117,527                        | 51,773              | 294,802  | 462,656                          | 1,250,094 |
| Charge for the year       | •          | 46,439    | 94,581                         | 3,830               | 106,297  | 147,751                          | 398,898   |
| Disposal                  | •          |           |                                | 1                   | (52,150) |                                  | (52,150)  |
| 31 December 2016          | 154,126    | 215,649   | 212,108                        | 55,603              | 348,949  | 610,407                          | 1,596,842 |
| Charge for the year       | 1          | 46,439    | 110,744                        | 4,537               | 142,084  | 147,614                          | 451,418   |
| Disposal                  | 1          |           | 1                              | (1,137)             | (23,512) | (3,843)                          | (28,492)  |
| 31 December 2017          | 154,126    | 262,088   | 322,852                        | 59,003              | 467,521  | 754,178                          | 2,019,768 |
| Carrying amounts at:      |            |           |                                |                     |          |                                  |           |
| 31 December 2017          | '          | 2,132,499 | 235,772                        | 11,424              | 290,217  | 255,689                          | 2,925,601 |
|                           |            |           |                                |                     |          |                                  |           |
| 31 December 2016          | 1          | 2,106,321 | 305,520                        | 15,961              | 342,369  | 382,473                          | 3,152,644 |

No leased assets are included in the above property, plant and equipment and the company had no capital commitments as at 31 December 2017. None of the assets have been pledged as collateral.





#### 34 Property, plant and equipments (Company)

i The Company's land and building at Aret Adams House were professionally valued on 19 January 2018 by Alabi, Ojo & Makinde Estate Surveyors and Valuers (FRC/2015/NIESV/00000010800). The valuation which was based on open market value between a willing buyer and a willing seller produced a surplus amount of \text{\tex

The cost to date at the date of the initial revaluation in 2012 was \(\frac{\text{\text{\text{4}}}}{130,161,000}\). The property was valued in an open market by reference to the cost approach to value and the Income Approach to value was adopted to cross check the market value.

ii If land and buildings were measured using the cost model, the carrying amounts would be as follows:

|                          | GR                        | ROUP                      | СОМ                       | COMPANY       |  |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--|
|                          | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |  |
| Cost                     | 312,729                   | 130,161                   | 130,161                   | 130,161       |  |
| Accumulated depreciation | (13,016)                  | (10,413)                  | (13,016)                  | (10,413)      |  |
|                          | 299,713                   | 119,748                   | 117,145                   | 119,748       |  |



#### 35 Statutory deposit

This represents amounts deposited with the Central Bank of Nigeria (CBN) pursuant to Section 10(3) of the Insurance Act, 2003. This amount is not available for the day-to-day use in the working capital of the Company and so it is excluded from the cash and cash equivalents. Interest earned at annual average rate of 11.04% per annum (2016: 11.94%) on statutory deposits are included in investment income (Note 9).

The deposit has been tested for adequacy as at 31 December 2017 and found to be adequate.

|    |                                  |      | GRO                                   | OUP                       | COMI                      | PANY                      |
|----|----------------------------------|------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|    |                                  | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000             | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
|    | Statutory deposit                |      | 500,000<br><b>500,000</b>             | 500,000<br><b>500,000</b> | 300,000<br><b>300,000</b> | 300,000<br><b>300,000</b> |
| 36 | Deposit for investment in equity |      | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000             | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000             |
|    | Mutual Exploration               | 36.1 | 480,588<br>480,588                    | 460,588<br>460,588        | 410,588<br>410,588        | 390,588<br>390,588        |
|    |                                  |      | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | <u> </u>                  | <u> </u>                  | <u>'</u>                  |

**36.1** This represents the deposit for shares in Mutual Exploration and Production Limited.

#### 37 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired entities at the dates of acquisition (provided that the acquisitions fulfil the definition of business combination in accordance with IFRS 3).

|                                  |      | GR                        | OUP           |
|----------------------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------|
|                                  | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |
| Mutual Microfinance Bank Limited |      | 1,543                     | 1,543         |
|                                  |      | 1,543                     | 1,543         |

Acquisitions of subsidiaries are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the fair value of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed and where applicable, the consideration for the acquisition includes any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, measured at its acquisition-date fair value. Considerations were not made by way of share exchange but in cash exchange as at the dates of the acquisitions.

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversible.





#### Impairment test on goodwill

The goodwill recognized represents the price paid above the 80% of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of CGU (Mutual Benefits Microfinance Bank Limited) at the acquisition date, 1 January 2009.

Annual impairment testing of goodwill in accordance with the requirements of IAS 36 'Impairment of Assets' is carried out by comparing the carrying amount of the CGU to its recoverable amount, being the higher of the CGU's value-in-use or fair value less costs to sell. An impairment charge is recognized when the recoverable amount is less than the carrying value. Value-in-use is calculated as the net present value of the projected risk-adjusted cash flows of the CGU. The cash flows attributable to the value of the CGU are based on past experience of operating results. These cash flows are based on the expected free cash flow growth for the entity over a 5 year period.

Impairment assessment has been performed for the year, and no losses on goodwill was recognized as the recoverable amount of the CGU as at 31 December 2017 was greater than its carrying amount and is thus not impaired.

The recoverable amount of N296 million (2016: N344 million) was determined using a value-in-use computation.

#### Assumptions Approach used to determining value-in-use

- Discount rate: the discount rates have been calculated based on the Group's weighted average cost of capital and risks specific to the CGU being tested. Pre-tax rates of 23% was determined as at 31 December 2017.
- Long term growth rates: This is the weighted average growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period and it is based on the estimated growth rate for Nigeria.

The assumptions used in the impairment testing of the CGU are as follows:

|  | 2017    | 2016    |
|--|---------|---------|
| Carrying amount of the CGU               | 181,379 | 277,011 |
| Discount rate                            | 23%     | 23%     |
| Period covered by management projections | 5 years | 5 years |
| Long-term growth rate                    | 2.0%    | 2.5%    |

#### Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis performed around the base case assumptions has indicated that for the CGU, the following changes in

|                         | Change required<br>to trigger<br>impairment | required to   |
|-------------------------|---|---------------|
| Forecast free cash flow | 39% reduction                               | 50% reduction |
| Discount rate           | 50% higher                                  | 16% higher    |
| Long-term growth rate   | 2480% lower                                 | 359% lower    |

Management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which the CGU recoverable amount is based would not cause its carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.









| Non-Life business   38.1   2,394,078   1,828,770   1,926,358   1,709,18   1,152,47   1,364   1,364   1,364   1,464   | Insurance contract liabilities | GR                   | OUP                                   | COMPANY   |           |                    |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| Outstanding claims 38.1 6,078,210 3,865,911 1,926,358 1,709,18   Unearned premiums 38.2 4,220,880 3,535,961 2,426,248 2,113,54   |                                | Note                 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |           |           | 2016<br>N'000      |
| Unearned premiums  |                                |                      | <b>/</b> ₩ 000                        | ₩ 000     | ₩ 000     | <del> \\</del> 000 |
| 10,299,090   |                                |                      |                                       | •         |           | 1,709,183          |
| Current  | Unearned premiums              | 38.2                 |                                       |           |           | 2,113,547          |
| Non-current  |                                |                      | 10,299,090                            | 7,401,872 | 4,352,606 | 3,822,730          |
| 10,299,090   | Current                        |                      | 10,299,090                            | 7,401,872 | 4,352,606 | 3,822,730          |
| Non-Life business   38.1.1   2,394,078   1,828,770   1,926,358   1,709,18  | Non-current                    |                      |                                       |           | -         |                    |
| Non-Life business 38.1.1 2,394,078 1,828,770 1,926,358 1,709,18 Life business 38.1.2 3,684,132 2,037,141 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —   |                                |                      | 10,299,090                            | 7,401,872 | 4,352,606 | 3,822,730          |
| Life business 38.1.2 3,684,132 2,037,141 - 1,709,18  1. Non-Life business:    Non-Life outstanding claims   1,819,801   1,272,158   1,352,081   1,152,47   1,926,358   1,709,08  | 1 Outstanding claims           |                      |                                       |           |           |                    |
| 1,709,18   | Non-Life business              | 38.1.1               | 2,394,078                             | 1,828,770 | 1,926,358 | 1,709,183          |
| Non-Life business:   Non-Life outstanding claims   Claims reported by policyholders   1,819,801   1,272,158   1,352,081   1,152,47   556,612   574,277   555,612   574,277   574,277   575,612   574,277   575,612   574,277   575,612   574,277   575,612   574,277   575,612   574,277   575,612   574,277   575,612   574,277   575,612   574,277   575,612   574,277   5 | Life business                  | 38.1.2               |                                       |           | -         |                    |
| Non-Life outstanding claims   Claims reported by policyholders   1,819,801   1,272,158   1,352,081   1,152,47   556,612   574,277   556,612   574,277   556,612   574,277   556,612   574,277   556,613   1,709,082   1,828,770   1,926,358   1,709,082   1,828,770   1,804,553   1,709,083   1,783,712   1,746,813   2,256,116   1,412,852   1,746,813   2,256,116   1,412,852   1,746,813   2,256,116   1,412,852   1,746,813   2,256,116   1,412,852   1,746,813   2,256,116   1,412,852   1,709,082   1,828,770   1,926,358   1,709,082   1,828, |                                |                      | 6,078,210                             | 3,865,911 | 1,926,358 | 1,709,183          |
| Claims reported by policyholders         1,819,801         1,272,158         1,352,081         1,152,47           Claims incurred but not reported (IBNR)         574,277         556,612         574,277         556,61           Movement in Non-life outstanding claims           At 1 January         1,828,770         1,804,553         1,709,083         1,783,71           Claims incurred in the current year         2,839,252         1,746,813         2,256,116         1,412,85           Claims paid during the year         (2,273,944)         (1,722,596)         (2,038,841)         (1,487,493           Claims paid during the year         (2,273,944)         (1,722,596)         (2,038,841)         (1,487,493           Analyis of Non-life outstanding claims per class of insurance         792,752         287,967         325,032         268,11           Marine         146,897         101,172         146,897         101,17           Fire         245,146         211,472         245,146         211,47           General accident         715,888         711,797         715,888         711,79           Oil & Gas and Aviation         493,395         516,362         493,395         416,52           The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims         1,828,770         1,926,35  | 1.1 Non-Life business:         |                      |                                       |           |           |                    |
| State  |                                |                      |                                       |           |           |                    |
| Movement in Non-life outstanding claims  | Claims reported by policyhold  | ers                  |                                       |           |           |                    |
| Movement in Non-life outstanding claims           At 1 January         1,828,770         1,804,553         1,709,083         1,783,71           Claims incurred in the current year         2,839,252         1,746,813         2,256,116         1,412,85           Claims paid during the year         (2,273,944)         (1,722,596)         (2,038,841)         (1,487,493           Analyis of Non-life outstanding claims per class of insurance         792,752         287,967         325,032         268,11           Motor         792,752         287,967         325,032         268,11           Marine         146,897         101,172         146,897         101,172           Fire         245,146         211,472         245,146         211,472           General accident         715,888         711,797         715,888         711,797           Oil & Gas and Aviation         493,395         516,362         493,395         416,52           2,394,078         1,828,770         1,926,358         1,709,08           The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims         1,819,801         1,272,158         1,352,081         1,152,47           91         180         -         -         -         -         -           0  | Claims incurred but not repor  | tea (IBNR)           |                                       |           |           |                    |
| At 1 January   |                                |                      | 2,394,076                             | 1,020,770 | 1,920,336 | 1,709,083          |
| Claims incurred in the current year       2,839,252       1,746,813       2,256,116       1,412,85         Claims paid during the year       (2,273,944)       (1,722,596)       (2,038,841)       (1,487,493)         Analyis of Non-life outstanding claims per class of insurance       Motor       792,752       287,967       325,032       268,11         Marine       146,897       101,172       146,897       101,172         Fire       245,146       211,472       245,146       211,47         General accident       715,888       711,797       715,888       711,797         Oil & Gas and Aviation       493,395       516,362       493,395       416,52         The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims       30       1,272,158       1,352,081       1,152,47         91       180       -       -       -       -       -         91       180       -       -       -       -         181       270       -       -       -       -         271       360       -       -       -       -       -         181       270       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         181 <td></td> <td><u>nding claims</u></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>   |                                | <u>nding claims</u>  |                                       |           |           |                    |
| Claims paid during the year         (2,273,944)         (1,722,596)         (2,038,841)         (1,487,493)           Analyis of Non-life outstanding claims per class of insurance         792,752         287,967         325,032         268,11           Marine         146,897         101,172         146,897         101,17           Fire         245,146         211,472         245,146         211,47           General accident         715,888         711,797         715,888         711,79           Oil & Gas and Aviation         493,395         516,362         493,395         416,52           The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims         70         1,819,801         1,272,158         1,352,081         1,152,47           91         180         -         -         -         -         -           91         180         -         -         -         -         -           271         360         -         -         -         -         -         -           361 and above         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -<  |                                |                      |                                       |           |           | 1,783,719          |
| Analyis of Non-life outstanding claims per class of insurance   Motor   792,752   287,967   325,032   268,111   Marine   146,897   101,172   146,897   101,175   146,897   101,175   146,897   101,175   146,897   101,175   146,897   101,175   146,897   101,175   146,897   101,175   146,897   101,175   146,897   101,175   146,897   101,175   146,897   101,175   11,797   15,888   711,797   715,888   711,797   715,888   711,797   715,888   711,797   715,888   711,797   715,888   711,797   715,888   711,797   715,888   711,797   715,888   711,797   715,888   711,797   715,888   711,797   715,888   711,797   715,888   711,797   715,888   711,799,08   1,828,770   1,926,358   1,709,08   1,819,801   1,272,158   1,352,081   1,152,475   1,819   1,152,475   1,152 |                                | ıt year              |                                       |           |           |                    |
| Analyis of Non-life outstanding claims per class of insurance  Motor 792,752 287,967 325,032 268,111  Marine 146,897 101,172 146,897 101,175  Fire 245,146 211,472 245,146 211,472  General accident 715,888 711,797 715,888 711,79  Oil & Gas and Aviation 493,395 516,362 493,395 416,52  2,394,078 1,828,770 1,926,358 1,709,08  The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims  0 - 90 1,819,801 1,272,158 1,352,081 1,152,47  91 - 180   | Claims paid during the year    |                      |                                       |           |           |                    |
| per class of insurance           Motor         792,752         287,967         325,032         268,111           Marine         146,897         101,172         146,897         101,17           Fire         245,146         211,472         245,146         211,47           General accident         715,888         711,797         715,888         711,79           Oil & Gas and Aviation         493,395         516,362         493,395         416,52           2,394,078         1,828,770         1,926,358         1,709,08           The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims           0         - 90         1,819,801         1,272,158         1,352,081         1,152,47           91         - 180          -         -           181         - 270          -         -           271         - 360          -         -           361 and above          -         -         -           No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life         2,394,078         1,828,770         1,926,358         1,709,08  |                                |                      | 2,394,078                             | 1,828,770 | 1,926,358 | 1,709,083          |
| Motor         792,752         287,967         325,032         268,11           Marine         146,897         101,172         146,897         101,172           Fire         245,146         211,472         245,146         211,472           General accident         715,888         711,797         715,888         711,797           Oil & Gas and Aviation         493,395         516,362         493,395         416,52           The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims           0         - 90         1,819,801         1,272,158         1,352,081         1,152,47           91         - 180          -         -           181         - 270          -         -           271         - 360          -         -           361 and above          -         -           No aging - IBNR         574,277         556,612         574,277         556,612           No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life         -         -         -         -   | Analyis of Non-life outstand   | ing claims           |                                       |           |           |                    |
| Marine       146,897       101,172       146,897       101,172         Fire       245,146       211,472       245,146       211,472         General accident       715,888       711,797       715,888       711,797         Oil & Gas and Aviation       493,395       516,362       493,395       416,52         2,394,078       1,828,770       1,926,358       1,709,08         The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims         0       - 90       1,819,801       1,272,158       1,352,081       1,152,47         91       - 180        -       -         181       - 270        -       -         271       - 360        -       -         361 and above        -       -       -         No aging - IBNR       574,277       556,612       574,277       556,612         No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life   |                                |                      |                                       |           |           |                    |
| Fire       245,146       211,472       245,146       211,47         General accident       715,888       711,797       715,888       711,79         Oil & Gas and Aviation       493,395       516,362       493,395       416,52         2,394,078       1,828,770       1,926,358       1,709,08         The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims         0 - 90       1,819,801       1,272,158       1,352,081       1,152,47         91 - 180        -         181 - 270        -         271 - 360        -         361 and above        -         No aging - IBNR       574,277       556,612       574,277       556,61         No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life   | Motor                          |                      |                                       |           |           | 268,119            |
| General accident       715,888       711,797       715,888       711,797         Oil & Gas and Aviation       493,395       516,362       493,395       416,52         2,394,078       1,828,770       1,926,358       1,709,08         The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims         0       -       90       1,819,801       1,272,158       1,352,081       1,152,47         91       -       180       -       -       -       -         181       -       270       -       -       -       -         271       -       360       -       -       -       -         361 and above       -       -       -       -       -         No aging - IBNR       574,277       556,612       574,277       556,61         No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life  |                                |                      |                                       |           |           | 101,172            |
| Oil & Gas and Aviation     493,395     516,362     493,395     416,52       2,394,078     1,828,770     1,926,358     1,709,08       The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims       0     - 90     1,819,801     1,272,158     1,352,081     1,152,47       91     - 180      -       181     - 270      -       271     - 360      -       361 and above      -     -       No aging - IBNR     574,277     556,612     574,277     556,61       2,394,078     1,828,770     1,926,358     1,709,08       No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life  |                                |                      |                                       |           |           | 211,472            |
| 2,394,078     1,828,770     1,926,358     1,709,08       The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims       0 - 90     1,819,801     1,272,158     1,352,081     1,152,47       91 - 180      -       181 - 270      -       271 - 360      -       361 and above      -       No aging - IBNR     574,277     556,612     574,277     556,61       2,394,078     1,828,770     1,926,358     1,709,08       No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life  |                                |                      |                                       |           |           |                    |
| The aging analysis of Non-life outstanding claims  0 - 90  | Oil & Gas and Aviation         |                      |                                       |           |           |                    |
| outstanding claims         0 - 90       1,819,801       1,272,158       1,352,081       1,152,47         91 - 180        -       -         181 - 270        -       -         271 - 360        -       -         361 and above        -       -         No aging - IBNR       574,277       556,612       574,277       556,61         2,394,078       1,828,770       1,926,358       1,709,08         No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life  |                                |                      | 2,394,078                             | 1,828,770 | 1,926,358 | 1,709,083          |
| 0 - 90       1,819,801       1,272,158       1,352,081       1,152,47         91 - 180        -       -         181 - 270        -       -         271 - 360        -       -         361 and above        -       -         No aging - IBNR       574,277       556,612       574,277       556,61         2,394,078       1,828,770       1,926,358       1,709,08         No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life   |                                | <u>.</u><br><u>e</u> |                                       |           |           |                    |
| 91 - 180   |                                |                      |                                       |           |           |                    |
| 181 - 270       -       -       -         271 - 360       -       -       -         361 and above       -       -       -         No aging - IBNR       574,277       556,612       574,277       556,61         2,394,078       1,828,770       1,926,358       1,709,08    No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life   |                                |                      | 1,819,801                             | 1,272,158 | 1,352,081 | 1,152,471          |
| 271 - 360       -       -       -         361 and above       -       -       -         No aging - IBNR       574,277       556,612       574,277       556,61         2,394,078       1,828,770       1,926,358       1,709,08    No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life   |                                |                      | -                                     | -         | -         | -                  |
| 361 and above No aging - IBNR 574,277 556,612 574,277 556,612 2,394,078 1,828,770 1,926,358 1,709,08.  No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life   |                                |                      | -                                     | -         | -         | -                  |
| No aging - IBNR 574,277 556,612 574,277 556,61<br>2,394,078 1,828,770 1,926,358 1,709,08<br>No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life  |                                |                      | -                                     | -         | -         | -                  |
| 2,394,078 1,828,770 1,926,358 1,709,08.  No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life   |                                |                      |                                       |           |           |                    |
| No. of claimants for each age range of Non-life  | _No aging - IBNR               |                      |                                       |           |           | 556,612            |
|  |                                |                      |                                       | 1,828,770 | 1,926,358 | 1,709,083          |
| outstanding claims 1,760 1,525 1,123 1,02  |                                | e range of Non-li    | fe                                    |           |           |                    |
|  | outstanding claims             |                      | 1,760                                 | 1,525     | 1,123     | 1,023              |

The ageing of the outstanding claims is measured from the date of the issuance of discharge vouchers to the reporting date for 2017 and 2016 reporting dates





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# 38.1.2 Life business:

| Life business:                            |        | GR                        | OUP                       |           |   |
|---|--------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|---|
|   | Note   | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | $\rangle$ |   |
| Life outstanding claims                   |        |                           |                           | /         |   |
| Outstanding claims                        |        | 3,020,193                 | 1,315,072                 | _         | - |
| Claims incurred but not reported (IBNR    | 2)     | 663,939                   | 722,069                   | _         | - |
|   | ·/     | 3,684,132                 | 2,037,141                 | -         | - |
| Analyis of life outstanding claims per    |        |                           |                           |           |   |
| class of insurance                        |        | 2 207 000                 | 4 522 575                 |           |   |
| Group life                                | į.     | 3,207,089                 | 1,533,575                 | =         |   |
| Individual life                           | ii     | 79,925                    | 84,195                    | -         |   |
| Annuity                                   | iii    | 397,118                   | 419,371                   |           |   |
|   |        | 3,684,132                 | 2,037,141                 | -         |   |
| Movement in group life outstanding claim  | ms     |                           |                           |           |   |
| At 1 January                              |        | 1,533,575                 | 597,472                   | -         |   |
| Claims incurred in the current year       |        | 3,992,120                 | 2,324,917                 | =         |   |
| Claims paid during the year               |        | (2,318,606)               | (1,388,814)               | -         |   |
|   |        | 3,207,089                 | 1,533,575                 | -         |   |
| Movement in individual life outstanding   | claims |                           |                           |           |   |
| At 1 January                              |        | 84,195                    | 245,727                   | _         |   |
| Premiums written in the year              |        | 1,289,494                 | 1,219,464                 | _         |   |
| Premiums earned during the year           |        | (1,289,494)               | (1,219,464)               | _         |   |
| Claims incurred in the current year       |        | 59,591                    | 77,975                    |           |   |
| Claims paid during the year               |        | (59,591)                  | (77,975)                  |           |   |
| Changes in actuarial valuation            |        | (4,270)                   | (161,532)                 |           |   |
| At 31 December                            |        | 79,925                    | 84,195                    | -         |   |
| Movement in annuity                       |        |                           |                           |           |   |
| At 1 January                              |        | 419,371                   | 65,332                    | _         |   |
| Claims incurred in the current year       |        | 45,691                    | 30,784                    |           |   |
| Claims paid during the year               |        | (45,692)                  | (30,783)                  | -         |   |
| Changes in actuarial valuation            |        | (22,252)                  | 354,038                   | -         |   |
|   |        | 397,118                   | 419,371                   | -         |   |
| The aging analysis of life outstanding cl | aims   |                           |                           |           |   |
| 0 - 90                                    |        | 2,623,075                 | 895,702                   | _         |   |
| 91 - 180                                  |        | -                         | -                         | _         |   |
| 181 - 270                                 |        | -                         | -                         | -         |   |
| 271 - 360                                 |        | -                         | -                         | -         |   |
| 361 and above                             |        | _                         | -                         | _         |   |
| No aging - Annuity                        |        | 397,118                   | 419,371                   | _         |   |
| No aging - IBNR                           |        | 663,939                   | 722,068                   | _         |   |
|   |        | 3,684,132                 | 2,037,141                 | _         |   |

The ageing of the outstanding claims is measured from the date of the issuance of discharge vouchers to the reporting date for 2017 and 2016 reporting dates







| 3.2 | Unearned premiums                         |      | GF                            | ROUP                          | OUP COM                   |                           |
|-----|---|------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|     |   | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000     | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000     | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
|     | Non-Life business                         |      | 2,490,377                     | 2,223,277                     | 2,426,248                 | 2,113,547                 |
|     | Life business                             |      | 1,730,503<br><b>4,220,880</b> | 1,312,684<br><b>3,535,961</b> | 2,426,248                 | 2,113,547                 |
| i   | The movement in unearned premium          |      |                               |                               |                           |                           |
|     | At 1 January                              |      | 3,535,961                     | 3,374,888                     | 2,113,547                 | 2,187,449                 |
|     | Premiums written in the year              |      | 14,037,879                    | 12,143,610                    | 7,298,974                 | 6,586,846                 |
|     | Premiums earned during the year           |      | (13,352,960)                  | (11,982,537)                  | (6,986,273)               | (6,660,748)               |
|     | At 31 December                            |      | 4,220,880                     | 3,535,961                     | 2,426,248                 | 2,113,547                 |
| ii  | The movement in non-life unearned premium |      |                               |                               |                           |                           |
|     | At 1 January                              |      | 2,223,277                     | 2,267,057                     | 2,113,547                 | 2,187,449                 |
|     | Premiums written in the year              |      | 8,840,857                     | 7,615,657                     | 7,298,974                 | 6,586,846                 |
|     | Premiums earned during the year           |      | (8,573,757)                   | (7,659,437)                   | (6,986,273)               | (6,660,748)               |
|     |   |      | 2,490,377                     | 2,223,277                     | 2,426,248                 | 2,113,547                 |
| iii | Analysis of Non-life unearned premium     |      |                               |                               |                           |                           |
|     | Motor                                     |      | 1,058,598                     | 919,909                       | 1,058,598                 | 919,909                   |
|     | Marine                                    |      | 335,403                       | 258,411                       | 335,403                   | 258,411                   |
|     | Fire                                      |      | 231,295                       | 200,341                       | 231,295                   | 200,341                   |
|     | Aviation, oil and gas                     |      | 223,890                       | 338,743                       | 223,890                   | 338,743                   |
|     | General accidents                         |      | 641,191                       | 505,873                       | 577,062                   | 396,144                   |
|     |   |      | 2,490,377                     | 2,223,277                     | 2,426,248                 | 2,113,547                 |
| iv  | Analysis of life unearned premium         |      |                               |                               |                           |                           |
|     | Group Life                                |      | 1,730,503                     | 1,312,684                     | _                         | -                         |
|     |   |      | 1,730,503                     | 1,312,684                     | -                         | -                         |
|     | The movement in life unearned premium     |      |                               |                               |                           |                           |
|     | At 1 January                              |      | 1,312,684                     | 1,107,831                     | -                         | -                         |
|     | Premiums written in the year              |      | 5,197,022                     | 4,527,953                     | -                         | -                         |
|     | Premiums earned during the year           |      | (4,779,203)                   | (4,323,100)                   |                           |                           |
|     |   |      | 1,730,503                     | 1,312,684                     | _                         | -                         |





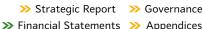
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| 39   | Investment contract liabilities  |          | GR                              | ROUP                            | COMPANY                   |                           |  |
|------|--|----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
|      |  | Note     | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000       | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000       | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |  |
|      | Group deposit administration   |          | 261,650                         | 233,274                         |                           |                           |  |
|      | Individual deposit administration                                      |          | 26,302,571<br>26,564,221        | 25,723,497<br>25,956,771        |                           |                           |  |
|      | Current  |          | 11,061,718                      | 11,061,718                      |                           |                           |  |
|      | Non-current  |          | 15,502,503<br><b>26,564,221</b> | 14,895,053<br><b>25,956,771</b> |                           |                           |  |
|      | The movement in deposit administration                                 | funds    |                                 |                                 |                           |                           |  |
|      | Balance at the beginning of the year                                   |          | 25,956,771                      | 24,217,581                      |                           |                           |  |
|      | Deposits received during the year<br>Guaranteed interest               |          | 11,985,338                      | 12,338,438                      |                           |                           |  |
|      | Withdrawals during the year  |          | 2,041,115<br>(13,419,003)       | 1,628,443<br>(12,227,691)       |                           |                           |  |
|      | Balance at the end of the year   |          | 26,564,221                      | 25,956,771                      |                           |                           |  |
| 40   | Trade payables   |          |                                 |                                 |                           |                           |  |
|      | Reinsurance payables   |          | 265,243                         | 115,803                         | 115,352                   | 49,226                    |  |
|      | Co-Insurance payables  |          | 885,197                         | 6,239                           |                           | 604                       |  |
|      | Deferred commission  |          | 83,221                          | 130,866                         | 77,290                    | 47,116                    |  |
|      | Commission payable   | 40.1     | 571,490<br>1,053,145            | 224,434<br>792,877              | 281,146<br>554,484        | 141,900<br>213,649        |  |
|      | Deposits for premium   | 40.1     | 2,858,296                       | 1,270,219                       | 1,028,272                 | 452,495                   |  |
|      | Current  |          | 2,858,296                       | 1,270,219                       | 1,028,272                 | 452,495                   |  |
|      | Non-current  |          | _                               |                                 | -                         | <u> </u>                  |  |
|      |  |          | 2,858,296                       | 1,270,219                       | 1,028,272                 | 452,495                   |  |
| 40.1 | The movement in deposit for premiun                                    | n during | the year is as                  | follows:                        |                           |                           |  |
|      | Balance at the beginning of the year                                   |          | 792,877                         | 595,228                         | 213,649                   | 157,552                   |  |
|      | Addition during the year   |          | 747,760                         | 351,034                         | 409,729                   | 134,419                   |  |
|      | Reclassified to premium income during                                  |          |                                 | (138,385)                       | (68,894)                  | (78,322)                  |  |
|      | Reclassified as investment contract liabilities d                      |          |                                 | (15,000)                        | -                         | -                         |  |
|      | Reclassified as other income during the Balance at the end of the year | year     | (286,734)<br><b>1,053,145</b>   | 792,877                         | -<br>554,484              | 213,649                   |  |
|      | parance at the end of the year   |          | 1,055,145                       | 132,011                         | 224,404                   | 213,043                   |  |

Deposit for premium represents premium received on general business, life insurance contracts and investment contracts for which the policy holders are yet to be identified at the reporting date. However, the Company employs all resources at its disposal to ensure prompt identification of the policy holders and subsequent reclassification to appropriate financial statement area as neccessary.









| Other liabilities                   |      | GRO                       | OUP                       | COMPANY                   |                           |
|-------------------------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                                     | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
| Accruals                            |      | 165,360                   | 612,083                   | 49,971                    | 59,451                    |
| Rent received in advance            |      | 30,663                    | 29,070                    | 4,424                     | 3,987                     |
| Dividend Payable                    |      | 89,141                    | 89,141                    | 89,141                    | 89,141                    |
| PAYE                                |      | 3,954                     | 4,472                     | 502                       | 1,015                     |
| VAT payable                         |      | 401,280                   | 413,497                   | _                         |                           |
| WHT payable                         |      | 28,711                    | 31,669                    | 1,435                     | 5,536                     |
| Staff pension                       |      | 6,976                     | 3,503                     | · _                       |                           |
| Salary control account              |      | 34,962                    | -                         | _                         | -                         |
| Deferred income                     |      | 52                        | 964                       | 52                        | 964                       |
| Amount due to Directors             |      | 4,019                     | 18,051                    | _                         | -                         |
| National Housing Fund               |      | 2,466                     | 6,647                     | 2,036                     | 6,184                     |
| Cooperative                         |      | 3,131                     | 3,185                     | · _                       |                           |
| Provision for NAICOM levy           |      | 116,627                   | 131,994                   | 39,627                    | 51,994                    |
| Deposit for facility management     |      | 43,268                    | 37,418                    | · -                       |                           |
| Professional fee                    |      | 5,000                     | 57,806                    | 5,000                     | 57,806                    |
| Medical fees payable                |      | 9,284                     | ·<br>-                    | 9,284                     |                           |
| Other Creditors                     |      | 166,004                   | 197,370                   | 34,223                    | 11,334                    |
| Land deduction                      |      |                           | -                         | _                         |                           |
| Deposit for properties by customers |      | 50,317                    | 74,126                    | -                         | -                         |
|                                     |      | 1,161,224                 | 1,710,996                 | 235,695                   | 287,412                   |
| Current                             |      | 1,161,224                 | 1,710,996                 | 235,695                   | 287,412                   |
| Non-current                         |      | 1,161,224                 | 1,710,996                 | 235,695                   | 287,412                   |
| Deposit liabilities                 |      | 1,101,221                 | 1,7 10,230                | 200,000                   | 207,112                   |
| Current                             |      | 129,649                   | 78,858                    | -                         |                           |
| Time                                |      | -                         | 37,522                    | -                         |                           |
| Savings                             |      | 129,619                   | 87,465                    | -                         |                           |
|                                     |      | 259,268                   | 203,845                   | _                         |                           |

259,268

259,268

203,845

203,845



Current

Non-current



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### 43 **Borrowings**

|      | 20.1.01192  |      | GR                        | OUP                       | 2017<br>N'000<br>400,870<br>6,108,300<br>6,509,170 | ANY           |  |
|------|---|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|---------------|--|
|      |   | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |  | 2016<br>N'000 |  |
|      | GTBank margin facility                                    | 43.2 | 400,870                   | 400,870                   | 400,870  | 400,870       |  |
|      | Loan from Daewoo Securities Limited                       | 43.3 | 6,108,300                 | 5,857,200                 | 6,108,300  | 5,857,200     |  |
|      |   |      | 6,509,170                 | 6,258,070                 | 6,509,170  | 6,258,070     |  |
|      | Current   |      | -                         | -                         | _  | _             |  |
|      | Non-current   |      | 6,509,170                 | 6,258,070                 | 6,509,170  | 6,258,070     |  |
|      |   |      | 6,509,170                 | 6,258,070                 | 6,509,170  | 6,258,070     |  |
| 43.1 | The movement in borrowings during the year is as follows: |      |                           |                           |  |               |  |
|      | Balance, beginning of the year                            |      | 6,258,070                 | 4,073,095                 | 6,258,070  | 4,073,095     |  |
|      | Impact of foreign exchange rate change                    | es   | 251,100                   | 2,184,975                 | 251,100  | 2,184,975     |  |
|      | Balance at the end of the year                            |      | 6,509,170                 | 6,258,070                 | 6,509,170  | 6,258,070     |  |

# 43.2 GTBank margin facility

The Company obtained a margin loan facility of N600 million from Guaranty Trust Bank Plc to finance working capital requirements for Margin trading at 16% per annum on the 19 June 2007 out of which N450 million was utilised. The facility was secured by lien on shares financed and an upfront 50% margin contribution (representing a 150% cover). The Bank was to dispose of the warehoused shares to liquidate the facility whenever the cover falls to 130%. Repayment of the facility was to be from proceeds of sale of shares financed.

There is however an on-going litigation on this facility arising from the rejection by the Company of the additional investment cover requested for by the Bank due to the fall in the value of the shares purchased against which the facility was initially secured. The directors, having sought the advice of professional counsel, are of the opinion that no significant liability other than the amount already recognised will crystalise from this litigation.

### 43.3

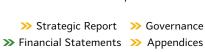
| Loan from Daewoo Securities Limited     | GRO               | OUP               | СОМР              | ANY       |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Note                                    | 2017              | 2016              | 2017              | 2016      |
| Hote                                    | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | ₩'000     |
| Balance at 1 January                    | 5,857,200         | 3,672,225         | 5,857,200         | 3,672,225 |
| Impact of foreign exchange rate changes | 251,100           | 2,184,975         | 251,100           | 2,184,975 |
|   | 6,108,300         | 5,857,200         | 6,108,300         | 5,857,200 |

The Company issued two zero coupon global bonds with options in the aggregate sum of 2,500,000,000 Japanese Yen (JPY). Daewoo Securities (Europe) Limited acted as the bondholder, financial advisor and paying agent to the issues.

The first tranche in the sum of 1,750,000,000 Japanese Yen (JPY) is due for redemption in year 2020 while the second tranche in the sum of 750,000,000 Japanese Yen (JPY) is due in year 2027. The Bonds were issued with the options to subscribe for the ordinary shares of the Company.







Subsequently, in 2009, Daewoo Securities (Europe) Limited called for the repayment of the bonds and an amount of N421,455,030 (equivalent to JPY250,000,000) was redeemed.

As at 31 December 2014, confirmation received from Daewoo Securities Limited indicated an outstanding balance of JPY4,710,900,101 ( $\aleph$ 6,612,690,000) in respect of the bonds .

However, there is a litigation in respect of these bonds. In view of the Litigation, the terms and conditions of the bonds are no longer being complied with by both the issuer and the subscriber. The implication for noncompliance with the terms and conditions by the Company are that in the event that the outcome of litigation is unfavourable penalties may be awarded.

During the year, the professional opinion obtained from the counsel of the Company, Bayo Osipitan & Co specified that there is high unlikelihood that the coupon rate and penal interest will be payable by Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc because a high chance of success is anticipated in the on going court case.

### 44 Current income tax liabilities

|   |          | GRO                        | DUP                        | COMP                      | COMPANY                   |  |  |
|---|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
|   | Note     | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000  | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000  | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |  |  |
| At the beginning of the year:                                   |          | 503,843                    | 521,385                    | 217,733                   | 317,932                   |  |  |
| Current income tax charge                                       |          |                            |                            |                           |                           |  |  |
| Company income tax  |          | 69,387                     | 165,764                    | -                         | 117,263                   |  |  |
| Education tax   |          | 15,200                     | 15,921                     | 11,516                    | 15,343                    |  |  |
| Information technology tax                                      |          | 9,432                      | 1,569                      | 8,727                     | -                         |  |  |
| Minimum tax   |          | 324,697                    | 83,015                     | 269,454                   |                           |  |  |
|   | 19.1     | 418,716                    | 266,270                    | 289,697                   | 132,607                   |  |  |
| Payments during the year  |          | (235,386)                  | (283,812)                  | (85,425)                  | (232,806)                 |  |  |
| Balance at the end of the year                                  |          | 687,173                    | 503,843                    | 422,005                   | 217,733                   |  |  |
| Deferred tax liabilities  | 45.1     | (1,063,084)<br>(1,063,084) | (1,147,429)<br>(1,147,429) | (705,821)<br>(705,821)    | (729,917)<br>(729,917)    |  |  |
| Movement in Deferred income tax liabilities                     |          |                            |                            |                           |                           |  |  |
| Balance, beginning of year                                      |          | 1,147,429                  | 1,136,079                  | 729,917                   | 720,943                   |  |  |
| Charge in income statement for                                  | the year | (106,130)                  | 11,350                     | (45,881)                  | 8,974                     |  |  |
| Charge in other comprehensive in                                |          | 21,785                     | -                          | 21,785                    | -                         |  |  |
| Balance at the end of the year                                  |          | 1,063,084                  | 1,147,429                  | 705,821                   | 729,917                   |  |  |
| Deferred income tax liability is attributable to the following: |          |                            |                            |                           |                           |  |  |
| Property, plant and equipment                                   |          | 1,025,222                  | 852,340                    | 705,821                   | 729,917                   |  |  |
| Investment property   |          | 37,862                     | 295,089                    | -                         | - 700 647                 |  |  |
|   |          | 1,063,084                  | 1,147,429                  | 705,821                   | 729,917                   |  |  |





# 45.2 Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets relating to the Group's life business have not been recognised in respect of the following items because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the life business can use the benefits therefrom.

|                               |      |   | GROUP             |       |      | COMPANY          |   |       |  |
|-------------------------------|------|---|-------------------|-------|------|------------------|---|-------|--|
|                               | Note |   | 2017              | :     | 2016 | 201              | 7 | 2016  |  |
|                               | Note |   | <del>N</del> '000 | ₩     | 000  | <del>N</del> '00 | 0 | ₩'000 |  |
| Property, plant and equipment |      |   | 260,655           | 219   | ,379 |                  | _ | _     |  |
| Tax losses                    |      | 3 | 3,291,313         | 2,309 | ,080 |                  |   |       |  |
| Balance, end of year          |      | 3 | ,551,967          | 2,528 | ,459 |                  | - | -     |  |

| 46   | Share capital  |          | GROU                      | ROUP COMPAN'              |                           |                           |
|------|--|----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|      |  | Note     | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
|      | Share capital comprises:   |          |                           |                           |                           |                           |
| 46.1 | <b>Authorized:</b> 20,000,000,000 (2016: 10,000,000,000) Ordinary shares of 50k each         | )        | 10,000,000                | 5,000,000                 | 10,000,000                | 5,000,000                 |
| 46.2 | Issued and fully paid:<br>8,000,000, 000 (2016:8,000,000,000)<br>Ordinary shares of 50k each |          | 4,000,000                 | 4,000,000                 | 4,000,000                 | 4,000,000                 |
|      | There was no movement in share capit   | al accou | unt during the yea        | ır.                       |                           |                           |
| 47   | Treasury shares  |          |                           |                           |                           |                           |
|      | Company's shares held  |          | 250                       | 250                       | 250                       | 250                       |

Treasury share: this represents the market value of shares of the Company held by the Company through its investment in quoted securities of the Nigerian Stock Exchange.

### 48 Foreign currency translation reserve

This comprises exchange differences resulting from the translation to Naira of the results and financial position of Group companies that have a functional currency other than Naira. Mutual Benefits Liberia Limited and Mutual Benefits Niger Republic Limited have functional currencies other than Naira.







### 49 **Contingency reserve**

In compliance with Section 21 (1) of Insurance Act 2003, the contingency reserve for non-life insurance business is credited with the greater of 3% of total premiums, or 20% of the profits. This shall accumulate until it reaches the amount of greater of minimum paid-up capital or 50 percent of net premium. While for life business, the contingency reserves is credited with an amount equal to 1% of gross premium or 10% of net profit (whichever is greater) and accumulated until it reached the amount of minimum paid up capital.

|  |      | GF                        | ROUP                      | COM                       | PANY                      |
|--|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1  | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
| Balance, beginning of the year           |      | 2,533,160                 | 2,292,040                 | 2,179,515                 | 1,981,910                 |
| Transfer from retained earnings          |      | 268,604                   | 241,120                   | 218,970                   | 197,605                   |
| Balance, end of year                     |      | 2,801,764                 | 2,533,160                 | 2,398,485                 | 2,179,515                 |
| Analysis per business segment            |      |                           |                           |                           |                           |
| Non-life business                        |      | 2,398,485                 | 2,179,515                 | 2,398,485                 | 2,179,515                 |
| Life business                            |      | 403,279                   | 353,645                   | _                         | -                         |
|  |      | 2,801,764                 | 2,533,160                 | 2,398,485                 | 2,179,515                 |
| Non-life business                        |      |                           |                           |                           |                           |
| Balance, beginning of the year           |      | 2,179,515                 | 1,981,910                 | 2,179,515                 | 1,981,910                 |
| Transfer from retained earnings          |      | 218,970                   | 197,605                   | 218,970                   | 197,605                   |
| Balance, end of year                     |      | 2,398,485                 | 2,179,515                 | 2,398,485                 | 2,179,515                 |
| Life business                            |      |                           |                           |                           |                           |
| Balance, beginning of the year           |      | 353,645                   | 310,130                   | _                         | -                         |
| Transfer from retained earnings          |      | 49,634                    | 43,515                    | _                         | -                         |
| Balance, end of year                     |      | 403,279                   | 353,645                   | -                         | -                         |
| Revaluation reserve                      |      |                           |                           |                           |                           |
| Balance, beginning of the year           |      | 1,288,563                 | 1,288,563                 | 1,288,563                 | 1,288,563                 |
| Revaluation surplus on Land and building | 1    | 211,756                   | -                         | 72,617                    | -                         |
| Tax on revaluation surplus               | •    | (21,785)                  | -                         | (21,785)                  | -                         |
| NCI Portion of revaluation surplus       |      | (11,131)                  | -                         | -                         | -                         |
| •  |      | 1,467,403                 | 1,288,563                 | 1,339,395                 | 1,288,563                 |

This is revaluation surplus in respect of building in line with the Company's accounting policies.

### 51 **Accumulated losses**

50

The accumulated losses represents the loss retained in the business over the periods. See statement of changes in equity for movement in retained losses.





# 52 Non-controlling interests in equity

|                                       |      | GR                        | ROUP                      |  |
|---------------------------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
|                                       | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |  |
| Opening balance                       |      | 123,607                   | 127,154                   |  |
| Addition during the year              | 52.1 | 14,867                    | -                         |  |
| Changes in equity                     |      | 8,310                     | -                         |  |
| Dividend                              |      | -                         | (8,127)                   |  |
| Share from total comprehensive income |      | 42,562                    | 4,580                     |  |
| Balance as at year end                |      | 189,346                   | 123,607                   |  |

This relates to additional ordinary shares of 14,867,000 issued by the subsidiary which was fully taken by the Non-controlling interest.

The table below summarises the information relating to the Group's subsidiaries that have material Non-Controlling Interest (NCI) before any intra-group eliminations.

# **Mutual Benefits Microfinance Bank Ltd**

|   |      | GRO                       | OUP                       |         |
|---|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------|
|   | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | \<br>_/ |
| NCI percentage                          |      | 23%                       | 20%                       |         |
| Cash and cash equivalents               |      | 132,772                   | 36,005                    |         |
| Loans and receivables                   |      | 591,442                   | 460,353                   |         |
| Other receivables                       |      | 19,161                    | 26,199                    |         |
| Intangible assets                       |      | 5,916                     | 3,920                     |         |
| Property, plants and equipment          |      | 26,488                    | 28,233                    |         |
| Other liabilities                       |      | (99,863)                  | (51,102)                  |         |
| Deposit liabilities                     |      | (472,695)                 | (203,845)                 |         |
| Current income tax liabilities          |      | (16,837)                  | (16,212)                  |         |
| Deferred tax liabilities                |      | (5,005)                   | (6,542)                   |         |
| Net assets                              |      | 181,379                   | 277,011                   |         |
| Carrying amount of NCI                  |      | 45,055                    | 55,602                    |         |
| Income                                  |      | 257,237                   | 227,614                   |         |
| Expenses                                |      | (277,786)                 | (247,806)                 |         |
| Profit before tax                       |      | (110,856)                 | (20,192)                  |         |
| Profit after tax                        |      | (110,498)                 | (19,781)                  |         |
| Profit allocated to NCI                 |      | (25,415)                  | (3,956)                   |         |
| Cash flows from operating activities    |      | 109,916                   | (100,654)                 |         |
| Cash flows from investing activities    |      | (5,659)                   | 14,184                    |         |
| Cash flows from financing activities    |      | (2,490)                   | (1,000)                   |         |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalen | its  | 101,767                   | (87,470)                  |         |
|   |      |                           |                           |         |







### 53 Reconciliation of (loss)/profit before income tax to cash flows provided by operating activities:

| , <b>.</b>   |            | GF                        | ROUP                      | COMPANY                   |                     |  |
|--|------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|--|
|  | Note       | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000       |  |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax  |            | 1,335,093                 | (1,068,666)               | 849,091                   | (1,248,946)         |  |
| Adjustments for non-cash items:  |            |                           |                           |                           |                     |  |
| Fair value (gain)/loss on pledged assets<br>Amortisation of deferred acquisition costs | 10<br>28.1 | (76,876)<br>1,622,654     | 24,109<br>1,530,788       | (76,876)<br>1,104,691     | 24,109<br>1,101,947 |  |
| Fair value (gain)/loss on financial assets through profit or loss                      | 10         | (46,855)                  | 29,366                    | (46,855)                  | 29,366              |  |
| Net impairment (reversal)/charge on trade and other receivables                        | 13         | (2,011)                   | (17,673)                  | -                         | 28,247              |  |
| Impairment reversal on finance lease receivables                                       | 12         | 78,830                    | -                         | -                         | -                   |  |
| Interest income on finance leases<br>Bad debt written off                              | 28.1       | (31,795)<br>-             | (77,092)<br>38,681        | (14,800)<br>-             | (57,833)<br>-       |  |
| Impairment charge/(reversal) on loan and advances                                      | 13         | 90,307                    | (33,435)                  | -                         |                     |  |
| Fair value loss on investment property   | 10         | 85,390                    | 5,275                     | - 21 (51                  | -                   |  |
| Amortisation of intangible assets Depreciation of property and equipments              | 33<br>34   | 54,986<br>699,713         | 46,705<br>648,442         | 31,651<br>451,418         | 33,629<br>398,898   |  |
| Gain on disposal of property and equipments  |            | (8,000)                   | (16,643)                  | (1,895)                   | (13,600)            |  |
| Loss on disposal of property & equipment   | 15         | 440                       | 213                       | (1,055)                   | (13,000)            |  |
| Foreign exchange gain on finance lease   | 28.1       | -                         | (32,066)                  | _                         | _                   |  |
| Foreign exchange gain on cash and cash equivalents                                     | 16         | (273,385)                 | (294,855)                 | (273,385)                 | (261,098)           |  |
| Foreign exchange loss foreign domiciliary borrowings                                   | 43.1       | 251,100                   | 2,184,975                 | 251,100                   | 2,184,975           |  |
| Cash flow from operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities     |            | 3,779,591                 | 2,968,125                 | 2,274,140                 | 2,219,694           |  |
| Trade receivables  |            | (166,664)                 | (243,339)                 | (175,165)                 | (66,472)            |  |
| Reinsurance assets   |            | (583,992)                 | (457,139)                 | (29,133)                  | 166,497             |  |
| Other receivables and prepayment   |            | (1,895,693)               | 341,152                   | (933,851)                 | 186,084             |  |
| Deferred acquisition cost  |            | (1,767,599)               | (1,548,517)               | (1,181,820)               | (1,075,202)         |  |
| Inventories Insurance contract liabilities - Claims                                    |            | 425,042<br>2,212,299      | 200,300<br>1,152,827      | 217,175                   | -<br>(74,536)       |  |
| Insurance contract liabilities - Unearned  | nremii     |                           | 161,073                   | 312,701                   | (73,902)            |  |
| Trade payables   | premie     | 1,588,077                 | 453,564                   | 575,777                   | 174,746             |  |
| Other liabilities  |            | (549,772)                 | 623,858                   | (51,717)                  | 50,832              |  |
| Loans and receivables  |            | (1,932,569)               | (2,262,836)               | 137,790                   | (11,098)            |  |
| Investment contract liabilities  |            | 607,450                   | 1,739,190                 | -                         | -                   |  |
| Deposit liabilities  |            | 55,423                    | (306,022)                 | _                         | -                   |  |
| Income tax paid  | 44         | (235,386)                 | (283,812)                 | (85,425)                  | (232,806)           |  |
| Net cash flow from operating activities  |            | 2,221,126                 | 2,538,424                 | 1,060,472                 | 1,263,838           |  |





# 54 Supplementary statement of profit or loss information

i Employees, other than the executive directors, whose duties were wholly or mainly discharged in Nigeria, received emoluments (excluding pension contribution and other allowances) in the following ranges:

|  |      | GROUP |                           |                           | COMPANY                   |  |      |
|--|------|-------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|------|
|  | Note |       | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 |  | 2016 |
|  |      |       |                           |                           |                           |  |      |
| ₩220,001 - ₩720,000                              |      |       | 106                       | 107                       | 7                         |  | 31   |
| ₩720,001 - ₩1,400,000                            |      |       | 184                       | 163                       | 62                        |  | 49   |
| N1,400,001 - N2,050,000                          |      |       | 75                        | 62                        | 25                        |  | 28   |
| ₩2,050,001 - ₩2,330,000                          |      |       | 38                        | 46                        | 24                        |  | 30   |
| N2,330,001 - N2,840,000                          |      |       | 20                        | 10                        | 7                         |  | 4    |
| N2,840,001 − N3,000,000                          |      |       | 9                         | 11                        | 5                         |  | 8    |
| <del>N</del> 3,000,001 – <del>N</del> 4,500,000  |      |       | 51                        | 46                        | 30                        |  | 26   |
| <del>N</del> 4,500,001 – <del>N</del> 5,950,000  |      |       | 15                        | 8                         | 12                        |  | -    |
| <del>N</del> 5,950,001 – <del>N</del> 6,800,000  |      |       | 12                        | 12                        | 9                         |  | 10   |
| ₩6,800,001 - ₩7,800,000                          |      |       | 10                        | 21                        | -                         |  | 11   |
| <del>N</del> 7,800,001 − <del>N</del> 8,600,000  |      |       | 4                         | 6                         | -                         |  | 4    |
| <del>N</del> 8,600,001 – <del>N</del> 11,800,000 |      |       | 13                        | 14                        | 8                         |  | 8    |
| Above <del>N</del> 11,800,000                    |      |       | 10                        | 13                        | 4                         |  | 7    |
| Balance, end of year                             |      |       | 547                       | 519                       | 193                       |  | 216  |

The average number of full time persons employed by the Company during the year was as followed:

|                      |       | GRO               | UP                | COME              | PANY              |
|----------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                      | Note  | 2017              | 2016              | 2017              | 2016              |
|                      | 11000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 |
| Executive Directors  |       | 6                 | 7                 | 2                 | 3                 |
| Management staff     |       | 128               | 123               | 71                | 81                |
| Non management staff |       | 419               | 396               | 122               | 135               |
|                      |       | 553               | 526               | 195               | 219               |

### ii Directors' remuneration:

Remuneration paid to the directors of the Company was as follows:

|                          |      | GF                        | ROUP                      | COMPANY                   |                           |
|--------------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                          | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
| Executive compensation   |      | 317,500                   | 317,435                   | 206,400                   | 213,319                   |
| Directors fees           |      | 13,750                    | 53,857                    | 13,750                    | 53,857                    |
| Other directors expenses |      | 98,602                    | 67,417                    | 68,602                    | 43,417                    |
|                          |      | 429,852                   | 438,709                   | 288,752                   | 310,593                   |





### 54 Supplementary statement of profit or loss information - Continued

The directors' remuneration shown above (excluding pension contributions and other allowances):

|                                   |      | GRO                       | UP                        | COMPANY                   |                 |  |
|-----------------------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|
|                                   | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000   |  |
| Chairman<br>Highest paid director |      | 7,200<br>55,757           | 35,200<br>130,757         | 5,200<br>45,125           | 5,200<br>75,000 |  |

The emoluments of all other directors fell within the following range:

|  |      | GR                | OUP   | COM               | PANY              |
|--|------|-------------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
|  | Note | 2017              | 2016  | 2017              | 2016              |
|  |      | <del>N</del> '000 | ₩'000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 |
| <del>N</del> 500,000- <del>N</del> 1,000,000 |      | 3                 | 3     | 0                 | 0                 |
| Above <del>N</del> 2,000,000                 |      | 12                | 12    | 9                 | 9                 |
|  |      | 15                | 15    | 9                 | 9                 |

### 55 **Related parties**

### Parent

Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc (incorporated in Nigeria) is the ultimate parent of the group.

Transactions between Mutual Benefits Assurance and the subsidiaries also meet the definition of related party transactions. Where these are eliminated on consolidation, they are not disclosed in the consolidated financial statements.

# Transactions with key management personnel

The Group's key management personnel, and persons connected with them are considered to be related parties for disclosure purposes. The definition of key management includes close members of family of key personnel and any entity over which key management exercise control. The key management personnel have been identified as the executive and non-executive directors of the Group. Close members of family are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by that individual in their dealings with Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc.

The volume of related party transactions, outstanding balances at the period end, and related expense and income for the period are as follows:

|  |      | GRO                       | DUP                       | COMPANY                   |                           |  |
|--|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| r                                      | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |  |
| Key management compensation            |      |                           |                           |                           |                           |  |
| Salaries and other short-term benefits |      | 317,500                   | 380,993                   | 206,400                   | 276,877                   |  |
| Directors fees and allowance           |      | 83,328                    | 107,754                   | 13,750                    | 10,116                    |  |
| Defined contribution pension           |      | 6,768                     | 6,602                     | 4,368                     | 4,202                     |  |
| Other directors expenses               |      | 30,000                    | 24,000                    | -                         | -                         |  |
|  |      | 437,596                   | 519,349                   | 224,518                   | 291,195                   |  |





# 55 Related parties - Continued

# Transactions with key management personnel

|                                 |      | GR                        | ROUP                      | COMPANY                   |               |  |
|---------------------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--|
|                                 | Note | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br>N'000 |  |
| Loans and advances to directors |      |                           |                           |                           |               |  |
| Opening balance                 |      | 76,054                    | 98,418                    | -                         | 10,000        |  |
| Granted during the year         |      | -                         | 11,000                    | -                         |               |  |
| Repayment                       |      | (54,004)                  | (33,364)                  | -                         | (10,000)      |  |
| Balance as at 31 December       |      | 22,050                    | 76,054                    | -                         | <del>-</del>  |  |
| Interest earned                 |      | 6,464                     | 18,643                    | <del>-</del>              | 500           |  |

Loans to key management personnel include mortgage loans and other personal loans which are given under terms that are no more favourable than those given to other staff. Mortgage loans are secured by the underlying assets. All other loans are unsecured.

No provision has been recognised in respect of loans given to key management personnel (2016:Nil).

During the year, the Company carried out transactions with some entities related to it. Details of these transactions and outstanding balances are stated below:

| Name of related party                    |                        |                      | GRO                       | DUP                       |
|--|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|  | Nature of relationship | Types of transaction | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
| Receivables                              |                        |                      |                           |                           |
| Mutual Homes & Properties Ltd            | Subsidiary             | Loans                | 639,427                   | 1,050,496                 |
| Mutual Benefits Microfinance Bank Ltd    | Subsidiary             | Current account      | 3,937                     | 11,900                    |
| Mutual Benefits Microfinance Bank Ltd    | Subsidiary             | Fixed deposit        | 209,489                   | 176,483                   |
| Prime Exploration and Production Limited | Directors              | Loan                 | 10,162,578                | -                         |
| Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Limited   | Subsidiary             | Intercompany         | 155,508                   | 86,686                    |
| Mutual Benefits Liberia                  | Subsidiary             | Intercompany         | 25,235                    | 20,936                    |







# 56 Contingent liabilities

### Litigation and claims

The Company has a contingent liability of 2.46 billion Japanese Yen (JPY) equivalent to N6.7 billion in 2017 (2016:N6.4 billion) in respect of the convertible bond issued in 2007 in which Daewoo Securities (Europe) acted as paying agent and subscriber to the bond. This liability arose as a result of disagreement between amount confirmed by Daewoo Securities as at 31 December 2014 and the balance in the books of the Company as analysed below:

|   | JYP       | N'000      |
|---|-----------|------------|
| Balance confirmed by Daewoo Securities as at 31 December 2014 | 4,710,900 | 12,789,151 |
| Balance admitted by Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc             | 2,250,000 | 6,108,300  |
| Disputed Balance  | 2,460,900 | 6,680,851  |

The ongoing litigation between Daewoo Securities and Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc remained unresolved, therefore the contingent liabilities continued to be carried in the books as 2.46 billion Japanese Yen (JPY) (2017:N6.7billion)

|                                 | COM                       | PANY                      |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                                 | 2017<br><del>N</del> '000 | 2016<br><del>N</del> '000 |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax | 849,091                   | (1,248,946)               |
| Disputed balance                | (6,680,851)               | (6,406,215)               |
| Revised position - loss         | (5,831,760)               | (7,655,161)               |
| Net assets                      | 5,466,843                 | 4,810,735                 |
| Disputed balance                | (6,680,851)               | (6,406,215)               |
| Revised net asset               | (1,214,008)               | (1,595,480)               |

In addition the Company is presently involved in Seventeen (17) litigations as defendants with estimated claims of  $\frac{1}{2}$  (2016:  $\frac{1}{2}$ 12,060,000). In the directors' opinion, after taking appropriate legal advice, the outcome of these legal claims will not give rise to any significant loss at 31 December 2017.

### ii Capital commitments

The Directors are of the opinion that all known liabilities and commitments which are relevant in assessing the Company's state of financial affairs have been taken into account in the preparation of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

### 57 Contravention of laws and regulations

The Company contravened certain laws and regulations during the year. Details of the contraventions and the appropriate penalties are as follows:

Late filing of 2012-2015 annual account to Sec Refilling of 2016 annual returns to NAICOM 30,925,000 500,000

### 58 Event after the reporting date

There were no events after the reporting date that requires disclosure or adjustment in the consolidated and separate financial statements that has not been disclosed or adjusted.





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|  | General accident | Aviation & oil and gas | Bond    | Marine    | Motor     | > Fire    | Dec 2017<br>Total     | Dec 2016    |
|--|------------------|------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|-------------|
|  | ₩′000            | ₩,000                  | ₩,000   | 000,₩     | 000,₩     | 000,₩     | ₩,000                 | 000,₩       |
| Gross premium written  | 1,519,573        | 1,388,838              | 43,519  | 844,751   | 2,702,947 | 799,346   | 7,298,974             | 6,586,846   |
| Changes in unexpired premium                                     | (65,101)         | (59,500)               | (1,864) | (36,191)  | (115,799) | (34,245)  | (312,701)             | 73,901      |
| Gross premium earned   | 1,454,472        | 1,329,338              | 41,655  | 808,560   | 2,587,147 | 765,101   | 6,986,273             | 6,660,747   |
| Premiums ceded to reinsurers                                     | (217,636)        | (198,913)              | (6,233) | (120,987) | (387,123) | (115,395) | (115,395) (1,046,287) | (1,515,476) |
| Net premium earned   | 1,236,836        | 1,130,425              | 35,422  | 687,573   | 2,200,025 | 649,705   | 5,939,986             | 5,145,271   |
| Commission received  | 32,294           | 24,418                 | 1,277   | 20,470    | 45,323    | 18,467    | 142,249               | 312,481     |
| Total underwriting income  | 1,269,130        | 1,154,843              | 36,699  | 708,043   | 2,245,348 | 668,172   | 6,082,235             | 5,457,752   |
| Gross claims paid  | 436 673          | 387 948                | ı       | 735 966   | 755 021   | 773 783   | 2 038 841             | 1 487 494   |
| Change in outstanding claims                                     | 42,747           | 37,981                 | ,       | 23,102    | 73,919    | 21,860    | 199,609               | (74,536)    |
| Gross claim incurred   | 479,369          | 425,929                |         | 259,068   | 828,940   | 245,144   | 2,238,450             | 1,412,958   |
| Reinsurance recoveries   | 64.403           | 57.223                 | •       | 34.806    | 111.368   | 32.935    | 300.735               | 253.039     |
| Due from re-insurers   | 5,063            | 4,499                  | •       | 2,736     | 8,756     | 2,589     | 23,644                | 155,750     |
| Gross recoveries   | 69,466           | 61,722                 | 1       | 37,542    | 120,124   | 35,524    | 324,379               | 408,789     |
| Net benefits and claims  | 409,903          | 364,207                | 1       | 221,526   | 708,816   | 209,619   | 1,914,071             | 1,004,169   |
| Net income   | 859,227          | 790,636                | 36,699  | 486,517   | 1,536,531 | 458,553   | 4,168,163             | 4,453,584   |
| UNDERWRITING EXPENSES  |                  |                        |         |           |           |           |                       |             |
| Amortised deferred acquisition costs Other underwriting expenses | (229,986)        | (210,199)              | (6,587) | (127,852) | (409,088) | (120,980) | (1,104,691)           | (1,101,947) |
| Underwriting profit  | 476,207          | 580,437                | 30,112  | 358,665   | 763,231   | 337,573   | 2,546,225             | 2,872,083   |





| `   | 31 Dec.              | 31 Dec                  | 31 Dec.                 | 31 Dec.                 | 31 Dec.               |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
|   | 2017                 | 2016                    | 2015                    |                         |                       |
|   | ₩'000                | <del>N</del> '000       | <del>N</del> '000       | <del>N</del> ′000       | <del>N</del> '000     |
| ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents          | 8,345,638            | 10,734,374              | 14,016,106              | 13,207,978              | 3,702,341             |
| Financial assets:                         | 0,343,030            | 10,734,374              | 14,010,100              | 13,207,976              | 3,702,341             |
| Available-for-sale investment securit     | ies 849,524          | 849,374                 | 694,036                 | 549,418                 | 825,933               |
| Fair value through profit or loss         | 110,952              | 64,097                  | 93,463                  | 128,201                 | 219,113               |
| Loans and receivables                     | 12,245,702           | 12,410,169              | 11,799,273              | 9,096,984               | 11,834,606            |
| Held-to-maturity                          | 16,840,317           | 8,214,636               | -                       | -                       | -                     |
| Assets pledged as collateral              | 168,064              | 91,188                  | 115,297                 | 129,467                 | 121,712               |
| Trade receivables                         | 629,280              | 462,616                 | 208,703                 | 66,515                  | 316,894               |
| Reinsurance assets                        | 2,455,731            | 1,871,739               | 1,414,600               | 1,562,803               | 862,608               |
| Other receivables                         | 993,182              | 888,020                 | 1,454,498               | 1,386,475               | 1,177,989             |
| Deferred acquisition costs                | 485,283              | 340,338                 | 322,609                 | 260,153                 | 361,815               |
| Finance lease receivables                 | 145,055              | 420,049                 | 1,044,864               | 518,455                 | 786,978               |
| Inventories                               | 907,822              | 1,332,864               | 1,533,164               | 3,020,272               | 3,574,848             |
| Investment properties                     | 8,566,000            | 8,726,390               | 8,731,665               | 6,984,764               | 1,846,398             |
| Investments in associates                 | _                    | -                       | 6,116                   | -                       | -                     |
| Intangible assets                         | 43,994               | 73,531                  | 89,646                  | 99,133                  | 26,393                |
| Property, plant and equipment             | 3,922,931            | 4,024,297               | 3,850,522               | 5,905,509               | 5,436,785             |
| Statutory deposit                         | 500,000              | 500,000                 | 500,000                 | 500,000                 | 500,000               |
| Deposit for shares                        | 480,588              | 460,588                 | 417,587                 | 515,479                 | 371,255               |
| Deferred tax assets                       | -                    | -                       | -                       | 97,097                  | 89,696                |
| Goodwill                                  | 1,543                | 1,543                   | 1,543                   | 17,980                  | 190,108               |
| Total assets                              | 57,691,606           | 51,465,813              | 46,293,692              | 44,046,683              | 32,245,472            |
|   |                      |                         |                         |                         |                       |
| LIABILITIES                               | 40 200 000           | 7 404 070               | 6 007 070               | 5 40 4 5 47             | 5 550 450             |
| Insurance contract liabilities            | 10,299,090           | 7,401,872               | 6,087,972               | 5,194,547               | 5,558,453             |
| Investment contract liabilities           | 26,564,221           | 25,956,771              | 24,217,581              | 20,857,951              | 14,936,770            |
| Trade payables                            | 2,858,296            | 1,270,219               | 816,655                 | 81,322                  | 178,284               |
| Other liabilities                         | 1,161,224            | 1,710,996               | 1,285,888               | 5,569,823               | 3,713,282             |
| Deposit liabilities                       | 259,268              | 203,845                 | 509,867                 | 485,281                 | 277,369               |
| Book overdraft                            | -<br>6 E00 170       | 6 250 070               | 4 072 00E               | 6,605                   | 248,038<br>3,791,739  |
| Borrowings Current income tax liabilities | 6,509,170            | 6,258,070               | 4,073,095               | 3,619,988               | 455,980               |
| Deferred tax liabilities                  | 687,173<br>1,063,084 | 503,843                 | 521,385                 | 505,961                 | •                     |
| Total liabilities                         | 49,401,526           | 1,147,429<br>44,453,045 | 1,136,079<br>38,648,522 | 1,237,469<br>37,558,947 | 701,262<br>29,861,177 |
| Total liabilities                         | 49,401,520           | 44,433,043              | 30,040,322              | 37,336,947              | 29,001,177            |
| EQUITY                                    |                      |                         |                         |                         |                       |
| Share capital                             | 4,000,000            | 4,000,000               | 4,000,000               | 4,000,000               | 4,000,000             |
| Treasury shares                           | (250)                | (250)                   | (250)                   | (250)                   | (250)                 |
| Foreign currency transalation reserve     | 911,064              | 906,502                 | 184,491                 | 127,775                 | 14,606                |
| Contingency reserve                       | 2,801,764            | 2,533,160               | 2,292,040               | 1,942,418               | 1,436,756             |
| Revaluation reserve                       | 1,467,403            | 1,288,563               | 1,288,563               | 1,288,563               | 1,288,563             |
| Accumulated losses                        | (1,079,247)          | (1,838,814)             | (246,829)               | (893,909)               | (4,597,996)           |
| Shareholders's fund                       | 8,100,734            | 6,889,161               | 7,518,015               | 6,464,597               | 2,141,679             |
| 0 (1)                                     | 0.400 === :          |                         |                         |                         | 0.446.5=5             |
| Owners of the parent                      | 8,100,734            | 6,889,161               | 7,518,015               | 6,464,597               | 2,141,679             |
| Non-controlling interests in equity       | 189,346              | 123,607                 | 127,154                 | 23,139                  | 242,616               |
| Total equity                              | 8,290,080            | 7,012,768               | 7,645,169               | 6,487,736               | 2,384,295             |
| Total liabilities and equity              | 57,691,606           | 51,465,813              | 46,293,691              | 44,046,683              | 32,245,472            |
|   |                      |                         |                         |                         |                       |





|                                    | 2017              | 2016              | 2015              | 2014              | 2013              |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                                    | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> ′000 | <del>N</del> ′000 | <del>N</del> '000 |
| Gross premium written              | 14,037,879        | 12,143,610        | 14,598,070        | 15,451,048        | 8,125,494         |
| Premium earned                     | 13,352,960        | 11,982,537        | 13,801,208        | 15,535,631        | 7,680,854         |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax    | 1,335,093         | (1,068,666)       | 1,195,271         | 4,980,892         | 911,075           |
| Income tax expense                 | (312,585)         | (277,620)         | (303,500)         | (758,954)         | (355,325)         |
| Profit/(loss) after income tax     | 1,022,508         | (1,346,286)       | 891,771           | 4,221,938         | 555,750           |
| Transfer to contingency reserve    | (268,604)         | (241,120)         | (349,622)         | (505,662)         | (184,147)         |
| Earnings per share- Basic (kobo)   | 13                | (17)              | 10                | 53                | 6.95              |
| Earnings per share- Diluted (kobo) | 13                | (17)              | 10                | 53                | 6.95              |





|                                     | 31 Dec.           | 31 Dec            | 31 Dec.           | 31 Dec.           | 31 Dec.           |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                                     | 2017              | 2016              | 2015              | 2014              | 2013              |
|                                     |                   |                   | /                 | ,,                |                   |
| ACCETC                              | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 | <del>N</del> '000 |
| ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents    | 3,249,277         | 3,804,953         | 4,111,237         | 5,273,617         | 1,127,905         |
| Financial assets:                   | 5,215,277         | 3,001,555         | 1,111,237         | 3,273,017         | 1,127,505         |
| Available-for-sale investment secur | rities 21,553     | 21,553            | 1,000             | 10,000            | _                 |
| Fair value through profit or loss   | 110,952           | 64,097            | 93,463            | 128,201           | 125,739           |
| Loans and receivables               | 633,143           | 770,941           | 759,843           | 519,328           | 4,658,929         |
| Held to maturity                    | 4,457,954         | 2,030,905         | -                 | -                 | -                 |
| Assets pledged as collateral        | 168,064           | 91,188            | 115,297           | 129,467           | 121,712           |
| Trade receivables                   | 278,159           | 102,994           | 64,769            | 23,443            | 247,225           |
| Reinsurance assets                  | 1,086,826         | 1,057,693         | 1,224,190         | 1,235,294         | 700,876           |
| Other receivables                   | 560,682           | 319,213           | 770,158           | 523,908           | 174,749           |
| Deferred acquisition costs          | 312,182           | 235,053           | 261,798           | 208,844           | 295,460           |
| Finance lease receivables           | 134,044           | 147,965           | 668,727           | 739,877           | 165,925           |
| Investment properties               | 56,000            | 56,000            | 56,000            | 47,000            | -                 |
| Investment in subsidiaries          | 4,000,000         | 4,000,000         | 2,000,000         | 2,000,000         | 2,655,138         |
| Intangible assets                   | 15,387            | 33,305            | 57,303            | 89,222            | 9,746             |
| Property, plant and equipment       | 2,925,601         | 3,152,644         | 3,037,357         | 3,204,920         | 2,910,553         |
| Statutory deposit                   | 300,000           | 300,000           | 300,000           | 300,000           | 300,000           |
| Deposit for shares                  | 410,588           | 390,588           | 2,277,587         | 55,479            | 954,255           |
| Total assets                        | 18,720,412        | 16,579,092        | 15,798,729        | 14,488,600        | 14,448,212        |
|                                     |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| LIABILITIES                         |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Insurance contract liabilities      | 4,352,606         | 3,822,730         | 3,971,168         | 3,364,254         | 3,768,829         |
| Trade payables                      | 1,028,272         | 452,495           | 277,749           | 383,215           | 44,074            |
| Other liabilities                   | 235,695           | 287,412           | 236,580           | 701,278           | 2,954,576         |
| Book overdraft                      | -                 | -                 | -                 | 6,605             | 7,670             |
| Borrowings                          | 6,509,170         | 6,258,070         | 4,073,095         | 3,562,515         | 3,731,443         |
| Current income tax liabilities      | 422,005           | 217,733           | 317,932           | 248,738           | 202,778           |
| Deferred tax liabilities            | 705,821           | 729,917           | 720,943           | 673,346           | 433,962           |
| Total liabilities                   | 13,253,569        | 11,768,357        | 9,597,467         | 8,939,951         | 11,143,332        |
| FOLUTY.                             |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| EQUITY                              | 4 000 000         | 4 000 000         | 4 000 000         | 4 000 000         | 4 000 000         |
| Share capital                       | 4,000,000         | 4,000,000         | 4,000,000         | 4,000,000         | 4,000,000         |
| Treasury shares                     | (250)             | (250)             | (250)             | (250)             | (250)             |
| Contingency reserve                 | 2,398,485         | 2,179,515         | 1,981,910         | 1,665,665         | 1,216,911         |
| Revaluation reserve                 | 1,339,395         | 1,288,563         | 1,288,563         | 1,288,563         | 1,288,563         |
| Accumulated losses                  | (2,270,787)       | (2,657,093)       | (1,068,961)       | (1,405,329)       | (3,200,344)       |
| Shareholders's fund                 | 5,466,843         | 4,810,735         | 6,201,262         | 5,548,649         | 3,304,880         |
| Total liabilities and equity        | 18,720,412        | 16,579,092        | 15,798,729        | 14,488,600        | 14,448,212        |





|   | 2017      | 2016              | 2015       | 2014              | 2013      |
|---|-----------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-----------|
|   | ₩'000     | <del>N</del> '000 | ₩'000      | <del>N</del> '000 | ₩'000     |
| Gross premium written                     | 7,298,974 | 6,586,846         | 10,541,503 | 11,354,526        | 5,326,871 |
| Premium earned                            | 6,986,273 | 6,660,747         | 10,230,490 | 11,347,162        | 5,246,029 |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax           | 849,091   | (1,248,946)       | 901,266    | 2,742,315         | 691,577   |
| Income tax expense                        | (243,815) | (141,581)         | (248,653)  | (498,547)         | (116,707) |
| Profit/(loss) after income tax            | 605,276   | (1,390,527)       | 652,613    | 2,243,768         | 574,870   |
| Transfer to contingency reserve           | (218,970) | (197,605)         | (316,245)  | (448,754)         | (159,806) |
| Earnings/(loss) per share- Basic (kobo)   | 8         | (17)              | 8          | 28                | 7         |
| Earnings/(loss) per share- Diluted (kobo) | 8         | (17)              | 8          | 28                | 7         |



|   | GR                       | OUP   |                         |       | CC                      | MPAI  | NΥ                       |       |
|---|--------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|
|   | 2017                     |       | 201                     | 6     | 201                     | 7     | 2016                     |       |
|   | <del>N</del> '000        | )     | <del>N</del> '00        | 0     | <del>N</del> '00        | 0     | <del>N</del> ′000        |       |
| Gross premium written Net benefits and claims | 14,037,879<br>(5,154,205 |       | 12,143,61<br>(3,348,883 |       | 7,298,974<br>(1,914,071 |       | 6,586,846<br>(1,004,168) |       |
| Premiums ceded to reinsurers                  | (1,885,655               |       | (3,346,663              |       | (1,914,071              |       | (1,515,476)              |       |
| Other charges and expenses                    | (5,255,290               |       | (7,418,194              |       | (3,416,805              |       | (5,068,104)              |       |
| Fees and commission                           | 309,646                  |       | 430,52                  |       | 142,24                  | •     | 312,481                  |       |
|   | 2,052,375                | 5     | 95,94                   | .5    | 1,064,060               | 0     | (688,421)                |       |
| Investment income                             | 1,597,262                | )     | 979,76                  | 5     | 896,16                  | 7     | 560,027                  |       |
| Value added/(consumed)                        | 3,649,637                | ' 10C | 1,075,71                | 0 100 | 1,960,22                | 7 100 | (128,394)                | 100   |
| Applied to pay:                               |                          |       |                         |       |                         |       |                          |       |
| Employee benefits                             | 1,939,809                | 53%   | 1,914,606               | 178%  | 846,284                 | 43%   | 931,921                  | -726% |
| Government as tax                             | 418,716                  | 11%   | 266,270                 | 25%   | 289,697                 | 15%   | 132,607                  | -103% |
| Retained in the business:                     |                          |       |                         |       |                         |       |                          |       |
| Contingency reserve                           | 268,604                  | 7%    | 241,120                 | 22%   | 218,970                 | 11%   | 197,605                  | -154% |
| Profit/(loss) for the year                    | 1,036,481                | 28%(  | 1,350,866)              | -126% | 605,276                 | 31% ( | 1,390,527)               | 1083% |
| Non-controlling interest                      | (13,973)                 | 0%    | 4,580                   | 0%    | _                       |       |                          | -     |
| Value added/(consumed)                        | 3,649,637                | 100%  | 1,075,710               | 100%  | 1,960,227               | 100%  | (128,394)                | 100%  |

Value added/(consumed) statement represents the wealth created/(consumed) by the efforts of the Group and its employees' efforts based on ordinary activities and the allocation of that wealth being created/(utilised) between employees, shareholders, government and that retained for the future creation of more wealth.





Strategic ReportGovernanceFinancial StatementsAppendices

|      | AUTHORISI     | ED (N)        | ISSUED & FULLY PA | AID-UP (N)    |   |
|------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------|---|
| DATE | INCREASE      | CUMULATIVE    | INCREASE          | CUMULATIVE    | CONSIDERATION                               |
| 1995 | -             | 5,000,000     | ē                 | 5,000,000     | CASH  |
| 1995 | 15,000,000    | 20,000,000    | 15,000,000        | 20,000,000    | CASH  |
| 1996 | 10,000,000    | 30,000,000    | 10,000,000        | 30,000,000    | CASH  |
| 1999 | 40,000,000    | 70,000,000    | 40,000,000        | 70,000,000    | CASH  |
| 2001 | 150,000,000   | 220,000,000   | -                 | 70,000,000    | CASH  |
| 2002 | 280,000,000   | 500,000,000   | 150,000,000       | 220,000,000   | CASH (IPO)                                  |
| 2003 | -             | 500,000,000   | 73,483,333        | 293,483,333   | BONUS(1:3)                                  |
| 2004 | -             | 500,000,000   | 206,516,667       | 500,000,000   | CASH (RIGHTS)                               |
| 2006 | 2,500,000,000 | 3,000,000,000 | 450,000,000       | 950,000,000   | BONUS(9:10)                                 |
| 2007 | 2,000,000,000 | 5,000,000,000 | 2,394,370,000     | 2,844,370,000 | CASH(PUBLIC OFFER)                          |
| 2009 |               | 5,000,000     | 1,155,639,000     | 4,000,000,000 | CASH (Capitalisation of deposit for shares) |

### **ADMISSION FORM**

| <br> |  |  |  |  | <br> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | <br> |  |   |     |    |    |    |    |    |     | 3 |   |
|------|--|--|--|--|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|------|--|---|-----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|---|---|
|      |  |  |  |  |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |      |  | Ī | Ρle | as | se | te | ar | he | ere |   | 1 |

Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc. RC 269837

The 21st Annual General Meeting of Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc will be held at PREMIER HOTEL, IBADAN on Wednesday, 27th June, 2018 at 11:00 am

| Name of Shareholder* |  |  |
|----------------------|--|--|

# IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO ATTEND THE MEETING

A member (shareholder) who is unable to attend an Annual General meeting is allowed by law to vote by proxy and the above Proxy Form has been prepared to enable you to exercise your right to vote in case you can not personally attend the meeting.

- A. This admission form must be produced by his proxy in order to obtain entrance to the Annual General Meeting.
- B. Shareholder or their proxies are requested to sign the admission form before attending the meeting:

| Name of Person attending | ; |
|--------------------------|---|
|                          |   |

Signature of Person attending:





# Get Your Dividend the Instant You Need It with

e-DIVIDEND PAYMENT

To: The Registrar, Meristem Registrars Limited, 21 3, Herbert Macaulay Way, Adekunle -Yaba, Lagos.



213, Herbert Macaulay Way,
Adekunle -Yaba,
P.O. Box 51585,
Falomo-Ikoyi, Lagos.
Phone: 01-8920492, 8920492
Fax: 01 -2702361
e-Mail: info@meristemregistrars.com
Website: www.meristemregistrars.com

| ticked at the right hand column be pa | id to my/our Bank named below. |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Bank Name:                            |                                |
| Bank Address:                         |                                |
| NUBANAccount Number:                  |                                |
| Shareholder's Full Name:              | (Surname First)                |
|                                       |                                |
|                                       |                                |
| Mobile Phone:                         |                                |
| CSCS CHN:                             | CSCS A/C No:                   |
| Stockbroker:                          |                                |
| Single Shareholder's Signature:       |                                |
| Joint Shareholder's Signature         | 1)                             |
|                                       | 2)                             |
| If company,<br>Authorized Signatories | 1)                             |
|                                       | 2)                             |
| Company Seal:                         |                                |
| Authorized Signature & Stamp O        | f Bankers:                     |
| Sort Code:                            | e-DIVIDEND PAYMENT One         |





| <b>&gt;&gt;&gt;</b> | Strategio | Report   | <b>&gt;&gt;&gt;</b> | Go                  | vernance   |
|---------------------|-----------|----------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|
| >>>                 | Financial | Statemen | ts                  | <b>&gt;&gt;&gt;</b> | Appendices |

# Get Your Dividend the Instant You Need It with e-DIVIDEND PAYMENT

To: The Registrar, Meristem Registrars Limited, 21 3, Herbert Macaulay Way, Adekunle-Yaba, Lagos.

I/We hereby request that from now on, all my/our dividend warrant(s) due to me/us from my/our holding(s) in all the companies ticked at the right hand column be paid to my/our Bank named below.

| Bank Name:                               |
|--|
| Bank Address:                            |
|  |
| NUBANAccount Number:                     |
| Shareholder's Full Name:                 |
| (Surname First)                          |
| Shareholder's<br>Address:                |
| E-mail:                                  |
| Mobile:                                  |
| CSCS CHNCSCS A/C No                      |
| Stockbroker:                             |
| Single Shareholder's<br>Signature:       |
| Signature                                |
| 2)                                       |
| If company, Authorized Signatories 1)    |
| 2)                                       |
| Company Seal:                            |
| Authorized Signature & Stamp Of Bankers: |
| Sort Code:                               |



213, Herbert Macaulay Way,
Adekunle-Yaba,
P.O. Box 51585,
Falomo-Ikoyi, Lagos.
Phone: 01-8920492, 8920492
Fax: 01-2702361
e-Mail: info@meristemregistrars.com
Website: www.meristemregistrars.com

### Please tick as applicable

| AFRINVEST EQUITY FUND                   |  |
|---|--|
| AIRLINE SERVICE & LOGISTICS PLC         |  |
| BERGER PAINTS NIG PLC                   |  |
| CAVERTON OFFSHORE LIMITED               |  |
| CHELLARAMS BOND                         |  |
| CONSOLIDATED HALLMARK INSURANCE PLC     |  |
| CUSTODIAN & ALLIED INSURANCE PLC        |  |
| ENCON NIGERIA LIMITED                   |  |
| eTRANZACT                               |  |
| FIDSON HEALTHCARE LIMITED               |  |
| FOOD CONCEPTS & ENTERTAINMENT PLC       |  |
| FTN COCOA PROCESSORS PLC                |  |
| GEO-FLUIDS PLC                          |  |
| JUBILEE LIFE SAVINGS & LOANS LTD        |  |
| MAMA CASS RESTAURANTS LIMITED           |  |
| MUTUAL BENEFITS ASSURANCE PLC           |  |
| NASCON PLC                              |  |
| NEIMETH INT'L PHARMS PLC                |  |
| NIGER STATE BOND                        |  |
| PAINTS & COATINGS MANUFACTURERS NIG PLC |  |
| R.T. BRISCOE NIGERIA PLC                |  |
| REGENCY ALLIANCE INSURANCE PLC          |  |
| SMART PRODUCTS NIGERIA LIMITED          |  |
| SOVEREIGN TRUST INSURANCE PLC           |  |
| TANTALIZERS PLC                         |  |
| THE BGL NUBIAN FUND                     |  |
| THE BGL SAPPHIRE FUND                   |  |
| THOMAS WYATT PLC                        |  |
| ZENITH ETHICAL FUND                     |  |
| ZENITH EQUITY FUND                      |  |
| ZENITH INCOME FUND                      |  |
|   |  |

Stop Solution to Unclaimed

Dividend – Take Advantage of It!

















Property Insurance

- Fire and Special Perils
- Burglary/ House Breaking
- Householders, House-owners Comprehensive
- Marine Cargo
- Marine Hull П
- Motor
- Goods- in-Transit
- All Risks
- Engineering
- Industrial All Risks

Liability/Bond Insurance

- Money
- Professional Indemnity
- Fidelity Guarantee
- Public Liability/Product Liability
- Employers' Liability
- Director's Liability
- Bond and Suretyship
- Workmen's Compensation
- Special Risks
- Aviation & Related Risks
- Oil & Gas

### LIFE PRODUCTS

Insurances of the Person

- Personal Accident
- H Group Personal Accident
- Individual Savings & Pension Plan
- Personal Pension & Investment Plan
- Mutual Education Guarantee Plan
- Keyman Assurance
- Mortgage Protection И
- И Group Life Assurance
- И Term Assurance
- Endowment Assurance

### RETAIL MARKETING PRODUCTS

- Insurvisa -Travel Insurance
- Greenshield 24 hr. Accident Cover
- Greenshield Life
- Mutual Group Investment Protection Plan
- Micro Personal Investment Plan

# SPECIAL PRODUCTS

- Automedics Car Insurance
- Micro Insurance
- Hygea Assistance Overseas Health

ExpatriatesNigerians Insurance for Expatriates and Nigerians.









- Event Centre Insurance
- Advertising Agency Insurance
- Corporate Office Insurance
- Sales Office Insurance
- Hair Salon Insurance
- Law Firm Insurance
- Accounting Firm Insurance
- Hotel Insurance
- School Insurance
- Hospital Insurance
- Fast Food Restaurant Insurance
- Nollywood Insurance
- Church Insurance
- Mosque Insurance
- Estate Managers Insurance
- Landlord and Tenant Insurance
- Travel and Tour Agency Insurance
- Market and Shopping
- Complex Insurance
- Saleshop and Supermarket Insurance

- Laundry And Cleaning
- Services Insurance
- Microfinance Bank Insurance
- SME Comprehensive Insurance
- Mega Comprehensive
- Motor Insurance
- Motor Dealers Complimentary
- Motor Insurance
- Politician And Political
- Risk Insurance
- Juvenile Life Assurance
- Lady Life Assurance
- Senior Life Assurance
- Mortgage Endowment Assurance
- Pilgrims Welfare Insurance
- Celebrity Life Assurance



















| ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Mutual Benefits Assurance | e Plc. to be held on Wednesday, 27th June, 2018 at PREMIER H | OTEL, |
|---|--|-------|
| IBADAN at 11:00 am                                  |  |       |

| I/We of   |
|---|
| being a member of MUTUAL BENEFITS ASSURANCE PLC,  |
| hereby appoint ** Mr./Mrs   |
|   |
| as my/our proxy to vote for me/us or on my/our behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the company to be held on Wednesday, 27th June, 2018 and at any adjournment thereof. |
| Dated this  |
| Shareholder's signature   |

### PROXY FORM

| RESOLUTION   | FOR | AGAINST |
|--|-----|---------|
| To lay before the members, the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31st December 2017 together with the Reports of Directors, Auditors and Audit Committee thereon. |     |         |
| 2. To declare a Dividend.  |     |         |
| 3. To re-elect the following Directors:  |     |         |
| a. Admiral Festus Porbeni  |     |         |
| b. Prof. Pat Utomi   |     |         |
| c. Mr. Soye Olatunji   |     |         |
| 4. To authorize the Directors to fix the remuneration of the External Auditors.  |     |         |
| 5. To elect members of the Audit Committee.  |     |         |

## SPECIAL BUSINESS

### Ordinary Resolution

6. To approve the remuneration of the Directors.

### IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO ATTEND THE MEETING \*\*

A member of the company entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of him. A proxy need not be a member of the company. A proxy form is enclosed. Executed proxy forms should be returned to the office of the Registrar not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.

Following the normal practice, the names of two Directors of the company have been entered on the form to ensure that someone will be at the meeting to act as your proxy, but if you wish you may insert in the blank space on the form (marked) \*\*the name of any person, whether of the company or not, who will attend the meeting and vote on your behalf instead of one of the Directors.

Please sign the proxy form and send it so as to reach: MERISTEM REGISTRARS LIMITED 213, HERBERT MACAULAY WAY, ADEKUNLE YABA LAGOS not less than 24 hours before the time for holding the meeting. If executed by a corporation, the proxy form should be sealed with the common seal.

The proxy must produce the Admission Card sent with the Report and Accounts to obtain entrance to the meeting.

For company's use only No of shares







# Mutual Benefits Assurance Plc. Mutual Benefits Life Assurance Ltd.

Aret Adams House,

233, Ikorodu Road, Ilupeju, Lagos. P. O. Box 70986, Victoria Island, Lagos. Tel: +234 (0) 9054744444; MUTUAL CARE:+234 (0) 9054644444 E-mail: info@mbaplc.com; Website: www.mbaplc.com

Aret Adams House, 233, Ikorodu Road, Ilupeju, Lagos. P. O. Box 3187, Mushin, Lagos. Tel: +234 (0) 9054744444; MUTUAL CARE:+234 (0) 9054644444 E-mail: infombl@mutuallifeng.com; Website: www.mutuallifeng.com otecting wealth

**Abeokuta Office** 

Ikija House 1, Quarry Road Panseke, Abeokuta Tel: 08035692773

Abuja Office

Plot 78, Yakubu Gowon Crescent, Asokoro, Abuja. Tel: 08038166222, 07034619661 08036091447, 08037151301

Ado Ekiti Office

MUTUAL HOUSE, Fajuyi Road, Ado-Ekiti. Tel: 08129021043, 08058007040 08037283445

Akure Office

Akure Office 74A, Hospital Road, Continental Junction, Akure, Ondo State Tel: 08039517268, 08079668663, 07018401846

**Asaba Office** 

308, Nnebisi Road, Asaba, Delta State Tel: 08035497454, 09094620352

ASPAMDA Office

Favour Plaza Beside GTB By Main Gate, ASPAMDA Tél: 08060580703

**Benin Office** 

34, Akpakpava Rd, Benin City, Edo State Tel: 07060691806

Calabar Office 67, Ndidem, Usang Iso Road, (Marian Road), Calabar. Tel: 09033400308, 08033573864, 08055197458

Ibadan Regional Office

Hoadan Keglonal Omice KFC Outlet, Olori Ibipo House, Plot 6, Block 1, MKO Abiola Way, Ring Road, Ibadan Tel: 08035032022, 08127879900

**Ikeja Office** ASSBIFI House, 4 Assibifi Road. Alausa Ikeja Tel: 08067952147

Ikorodu Office

75, Lagos Road, By Haruna Bus-Stop, Ikorodu, Lagos. Tel: 08052849074, 07063760468,

Ikovi Office

6 Norman Willams Street S/W Ikoyi, Lagos Tel: 07025251505, 08055197451

Ilorin Office 163, Ajase Ipo Rd, Gaa Junction, Ilorin, Kwara State Tel: 08033518582, 08150836957

**Kaduna Office** Nm 20, Constitution Road, Kaduna. Tel: 07030422134, 08097566945

**Kano Office** 43, Ibrahim Taiwo Road, Kano. Tel: 08032079537

**Lekki Office**Oando Service Station,
Ikota Second Gate,
Lekki-Epe Expressway, Ajah, Lagos. Tel: 08034101413

Oio Office

Christ In Me Plaza, 446, Old Ojo Road, Lagos. 08034381617

Onireke Office MUTUAL HOUSE, Plot 47/49, Kudeti Avenue, Onireke, G.R.A, Ibadan. Tel: 07033687947, 08058010001

**Osogbo Office** Opp Customary Court, Court Of Appeal, Oke Ifa Tel: 08061256173

**Ota Office 1**Rainbow Tower, Kilometer 127, Idiroko Rd. Near NNPC Filling Station Tel: 08034318658

Ota Office 2
Tantolorun Building, Km 1,
Idi-iroko Road, Iyana-ota Roundabout,
Sango Ota, Ogun State.
Tel: 08058011105, 08028277522

Owerri Office

46 Wetheral Road, Owerri Tel: 08038726462

Port Harcourt Office

Wordway Plaza, 129, Aba Road Waterlines, Port Harcourt, Tel: 08032703220, 08032700725

**Surulere Office** 148, Bode Thomas Street Surulere Tel: 08033961056

**Town Planning Office** 

9/21, Town Planning Way Ilupeju, Lagos. Tel: 08037137762

Warri Office

80, Airport Road Opp. Old Airport Road Effurun, Warri Tel: 08033474557, 08052220201 08052046585

**Uyo Office** 64, Aka Road, Uyo, Akwa-ibom State Tel: 08188553018

Yenagoa Office 420, Melford Okilo Expressway Yenezue-Gene, Opposite Globacom Office By Zenith Bank, Yenagoa, Bayelsa Tel: 08022344364

### **INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS**

Mutual Benefits Assurance Niger SA (MBA Niger)

2765, Boulevard del Independance, Yantala YN-2 Rond Point Gadafawa, BP: 11.92, Niamey, Niger Republic.

Tel: +227-20752033, Fax: +227-20350332

site web: www.mbaniger.com

**MUTUAL Liberia** 

Mutual Benefits Assurance Company, MBA HOUSE, 17th Street, Sinkor, Tubman Boulevard, Monrovia, Republic of Liberia.

Tel: +(231) 777812257, +(231) 0886769420

E-mail: mbaliberia@yahoo.com www.mutualbenefitsassurance.com

### **MUTUAL RETAIL BRANCHES**

### **Retail Mainland Office**

14/15, Olusoji Idowu Street, Off Town Planning, Behind Aret Adams House. Ilupeiu, Lagos, 08150836968

### Abuia Garki

Plot 289, 2nd Floor. MTN/Vitafoam Building, Lagos Crescent, Garki 2, FCT Abuia 08150837013, 08035975922

### **Akwa Ibom** Uvo

No 64 Aka Road, Uyo, Akwa Ibom State. 07052346995

### Asaba

Plot 284 Nnebisi Road, Asaba. 08150836998, 08037398217

### Badagry

Plot 9, Market Road, Badagry, Lagos 08183100786

### **Cross River State** Calabar

67, Ndidem Usang Iso Road, (Marian Road), Calabar 08150837009, 08033573864

### Edo State Benin City

No 22, Akpapava Road, Benin City, Edo State 08150837015, 08037152937

### **Enugu State** Enugu

1st Floor, 58, Ogui Road, Enugu State 08032717031

### **Festac Town**

32 Road, DSTV Building, 1st Floor, Off 3rd Avenue. Festac Lagos 08150837011, 07088918571

### Gbagada

38, Diya Street, Gbagada, Lagos 08150837019, 08131325499

### Gbagi

Shop 51/52, Mobus Shopping Complex, Opp.Gbagi 2nd Gate, New Ife Road,Ibadan 08150837008, 07031169139

### liebu Ode

1st Floor, 100, Ibadan Road, Near Amao Tyres, Ijebu- Ode, 08034051790

### Ikorodu Town

Ayangbure Road, Ikorodu, Lagos 08021057708, 08023512643

### Ikotun Egbe

Tayese Towers, Egbe-Isolo Road, Ikotun Lagos 08150837006, 08036962779

**Ilesha** A98, Orinkinran Street, Beside Mt4 Office, Osogbo Road Ilesha 08150837017, 08035658964

### Ile-Ife

35, Ibadan Road, PET Building, Mayfair, Ile-ife. 08150837003, 08032065290

Km 4, Iwo-Ibadan Road,, Ileko Oba. 08150837007, 08081063289

### Kwara State

llorin

199 Ibrahim Taiwo Road Ilorin, Kwara State. 08150837014, 08030634220

### Ogbomosho

LAUTECH Teaching Hospital, Ilorin Road, Ogbomosho, Oyo State 08150836999, 08032200333

### Ogudu

41A, LSDPC Housing Estate, Ogudu Road, 08150837000, 08023591109

### **Ogun State** Abeokuta

Old Savanah Building, Quarry Road, Abeokuta, Ogun State 08150837016, 0803543827

### **Ondo State**

Akure 2nd Floor, Iyeoma Plaza, Alagbaka, Akure. 08038239940

### Osun State

Osogbo

Obafemi Awolowo Way, Opp. Govt. Annex, Okefia, Osogbo 08033682909

### Oyo State

Ring Road, Ibadan No. 1A, Akinyemi Street, By GTBank, Ring Road, Ibadan, Ovo State. 08150837012, 08034430794

### **Oyo Town**

No 50, Ogbomosho Road, Opposite General Hospital, Oyo State 08150837001,07062248974

### Sango Otta

Joju Junction, Sango Otta 08150837004, 08150836997, 08055764905

### Shagamu

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194, Herbert Macaulay Way, Yaba, Lagos 08150837010

Acknowledgments

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